Intelligence
Thematic Bibliography no. 3/16

Le renseignement
Bibliographie thématique no. 3/16
How to borrow items from the list below:

As a member of the NATO HQ staff you can borrow books (Media: Book) for one month, journals (Media: Article) and reference works (Collection Type: Reference Collection) for one week. Individuals not belonging to NATO staff can borrow books through their local library via the interlibrary loan system.

How to obtain the Multimedia Library publications:

All Library publications are available on the NATO Internet website at http://www.nato.int/library.

Disclaimer:

NATO is not responsible for the content of the publications cited in this Bibliography. Furthermore, the views and opinions of the authors expressed in these documents do not necessarily state or reflect those of NATO.

Comment emprunter les documents cités ci-dessous:

En tant que membre du personnel de l’OTAN vous pouvez emprunter les livres (Media : Book) pour un mois, les revues (Media : Article) et les ouvrages de référence (Collection Type : Reference Collection) pour une semaine. Les personnes n’appartenant pas au personnel de l’OTAN peuvent s’adresser à leur bibliothèque locale et emprunter les livres via le système de prêt interbibliothèques.

Comment obtenir les publications de la Bibliothèque multimédia:

Toutes les publications de la Bibliothèque sont disponibles sur le site Internet de l’OTAN, à http://www.nato.int/library.

Clause de non-responsabilité:

Le contenu des publications mentionnées dans cette bibliographie n’engage pas la responsabilité de l’OTAN. De plus, les points de vue et opinions des auteurs, tels qu’exprimés dans ces documents ne reflètent pas nécessairement ceux de l’OTAN.
2016

Title: EU Counter-Terrorism and Intelligence: A Critical Assessment
Additional Author: Argomaniz, Javier, ed.
Additional Author: Bures, Oldrich, ed.
Additional Author: Kaunert, Christian, ed.
Published: Abingdon, UK: Routledge, 2016
Physical Description: x, 237 pages; 26 cm.
Notes: Includes index.
Notes: The Treaty on the European Union stipulates that one of the key objectives of the Union is to provide citizens with a high level of safety within an Area of Freedom, Security and Justice. Given that the fight against terrorism is a prominent aspect of this general objective, it is remarkable that, in spite of its political relevance and decade-long history, it has only relatively recently received due attention in the academic community. Yet an analysis of the successes and failures of the EU’s involvement in this field is imperative and this is a particularly pertinent moment to take stock of progress. The goal of this book is therefore to look back at the post-9/11 period and answer the question of whether, when it comes to the measures taken to combat terrorism following these attacks, the EU has lived up to the promise made in its founding treaties. In pursuing this goal, this volume presents the views of leading experts casting a critical eye over the EU’s performance, recognizing achievements but also being suitably critical when the realities did not match the European rhetoric. In doing this, the book makes a significant contribution not only to the scholarly investigation of European Union policies, but also to the study of counter-terrorism in general.

Subject: TERRORISM--PREVENTION--GOVERNMENT POLICY--EU
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EU
ISBN: 9781138940185
Call Number: 323 /01452
Item ID: 80026016
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

* This list contains material received as of June 8th, 2016.—Cette liste est arrêtée au 6 juin 2016.
Title: La desinformation : les armes du faux
Author: Huyghe, Francois-Bernard
Published: Paris : Armand Colin, 2016
Physical Description: 191 pages ; 24 cm.
Series: Comprendre le Monde
Notes: Bibliography: p. 165-179. Includes index.
Notes: Info, intox ? Complot, rumeur ? La desinformation serait partout, et la verite nulle part. Ces questions obsedent nos societes ou il semble qu'en ligne tous puissent s'exprimer et que rien ne doive rester cache. Pourtant, la desinformation a une histoire. Elle s'exprime pendant la guerre froide et accompagne la mondialisation, avant que le web et les reseaux sociaux ne lui ouvrent de nouveaux horizons. En explorant les mecanismes de ce qui nous abuse et que nous refusons parfois de croire, des systemes de pouvoir apparaissent et de nouvelles formes d'ideologies se manifestent. Quand la verite des faits devient l'objet central de nos luttes, la desinformation est plus qu'une question morale : elle est un enjeu strategique.
Subject: DISINFORMATION
Subject: MASS MEDIA--OBJECTIVITY
ISBN: 9782200601362
Call Number: 327.8 /00206
Item ID: 80026137
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Playing to the Edge : American Intelligence in the Age of Terror
Author: Hayden, Michael Vincent, 1945-
Physical Description: xiv, 448 pages : illustrations ; 25 cm.
Notes: Includes index.
Notes: For General Michael Hayden, playing to the edge means playing so close to the line that you get chalk dust on your cleats. Otherwise, by playing back, you may protect yourself, but you will be less successful in protecting America. 'Play to the edge' was Hayden's guiding principle when he ran the National Security Agency, and it remained so when he ran CIA. How did American intelligence respond to terrorism, a major war and the most sweeping technological revolution in the last 500 years ? What was NSA before 9/11 and how did it change in its aftermath ? Why did NSA begin the controversial terrorist surveillance program that included the acquisition of domestic phone records ? What else was set in motion during this period that formed the backdrop for the infamous Snowden revelations in 2013 ? As Director of the CIA in the last three years of the Bush administration, Hayden had to deal with the rendition, detention, and interrogation program as bequeathed to him by his predecessors. He also had to ramp up the agency to support its role in the targeted killing program that began to dramatically increase in July 2008. Hayden freely acknowledges that the CIA helped turn the American security establishment into the most effective killing machine in the history of armed conflict. General Hayden's goals are in writing this book are simple and unwaving : No apologies. No excuses. Just what happened. And why.
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY--OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: USA. NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY--OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001-2009
ISBN: 9781594206566
Call Number: 327.8 /00205
Item ID: 80026124
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
The Billion Dollar Spy: A True Story of Cold War Espionage and Betrayal

Title: The Billion Dollar Spy: A True Story of Cold War Espionage and Betrayal
Author: Hoffman, David Emanuel
Published: New York: Doubleday, 2015
Physical Description: 312 pages: illustrations; 25 cm.
Edition: First edition
Notes: While getting into his car on the evening of February 16, 1978, the chief of the CIA's Moscow station was handed an envelope by an unknown Russian. Its contents stunned the Americans: details of top-secret Soviet research and development in military technology that was totally unknown to the United States. From 1979 to 1985, Adolf Tolkachev, an engineer at a military research center, cracked open the secret Soviet military research establishment, using his access to hand over tens of thousands of pages of material about the latest advances in aviation technology, alerting the Americans to possible developments years in the future. He was one of the most productive and valuable spies ever to work for the United States in the four decades of global confrontation with the Soviet Union. Tolkachev took enormous personal risks, but so did his CIA handlers. Moscow station was a dangerous posting to the KGB's backyard. The CIA had long struggled to recruit and run agents in Moscow, and Tolkachev became a singular breakthrough. With hidden cameras and secret codes, and in face-to-face meetings with CIA case officers in parks and on street corners, Tolkachev and the CIA worked to elude the feared KGB. Drawing on previously secret documents obtained from the CIA, as well as interviews with participants, the author reveals how the depredations of the Soviet state motivated one man to master the craft of spying against his own nation until he was betrayed to the KGB by a disgruntled former CIA trainee.
Notes: Includes index.
Subject: TOLKACHEV, ADOLF, 1927-1986
Subject: SPIES--USA--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: SPIES--USSR--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: ESPIONAGE, AMERICAN--USSR--HISTORY
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
ISBN: 978038537605
Call Number: 327.8 /00204
Item ID: 80026054
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
The New Spymasters: Inside the Modern World of Espionage from the Cold War to Global Terror

Author: Grey, Stephen, 1968-

Published: New York : St. Martin's Press, 2015

Physical Description: xiv, 348 pages : illustrations ; 25 cm.

Edition: First U.S. edition


Notes: The old world of spying that emphasized the human factor - dead letter boxes, microfilm cameras, and an enemy reporting to the Moscow Center - is history. Or is it? In recent times, the spymaster's technique has changed with the enemy. He or she now frequently comes from a culture far removed from Western understanding and is part of a less well-organized group. The new enemy is constantly evolving and prepared to kill the innocent. In the face of this new threat, the spymasters of the world replaced human intelligence with an obsession that focuses on the technical methods of spying, ranging from the use of high-definition satellite photography to the global interception of communications. However, this obsession with technology has failed, most spectacularly, with the devastation of the 9/11 attacks. In this modern history of espionage, the author takes us from the CIA's Cold War legends, to the agents who betrayed the IRA, through to the spooks inside Al-Qaeda and ISIS. Techniques and technologies have evolved, but the old motivations for betrayal - patriotism, greed, revenge, compromise - endure. Based on years of research and interviews with hundreds of secret sources, this is an up-to-date expose that shows how spycraft's human factor is once again being used to combat the world's deadliest enemies.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--HISTORY
Subject: ESPIONAGE--HISTORY
ISBN: 9780312379223
Call Number: 327.8 /00203
Item ID: 80025921
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

The Great War of Our Time: The CIA's Fight Against Terrorism - from al Qa'ida to ISIS

Author: Morell, Michael J.

Additional Author: Harlow, Bill, 1950-

Published: New York : Twelve, 2015

Physical Description: xvi, 362 pages : illustrations ; 24 cm.

Edition: First edition

Notes: Includes index.

Notes: This book offers an unprecedented assessment of the CIA while at the forefront of our nation's war against al-Qa'ida and during the most remarkable period in the history of the Agency.

Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY--OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: MORELL, MICHAEL J.--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: QAIDA (ORGANIZATION)
Subject: TERRORISM--USA--PREVENTION
Subject: WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001-2009
ISBN: 9781455585663
Call Number: 323 /01424
Item ID: 80025817
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
This volume discusses the challenges the future holds for different aspects of the intelligence process and for organisations working in the field. Gone are the days when the main focus of Western intelligence services was on the intentions and capabilities of the Soviet Union and its allies. Instead, at present, there is a plethora of threats and problems that deserve attention. Some of these problems are short-term and potentially acute, such as terrorism. Others, such as the exhaustion of natural resources, are longer-term and by nature often more difficult to foresee in their implications. This book analyses the different activities that make up the intelligence process, or the 'intelligence cycle', with a focus on changes brought about by external developments in the international arena, such as technology and security threats. Drawing together a range of key thinkers in the field, the book examines possible scenarios for future developments, including estimations about their plausibility, and the possible consequences for the functioning of intelligence and security services.

Notes: Includes index.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
ISBN: 9780415663281
Call Number: 327.8 /00196
Item ID: 80025413
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Worthy Fights : A Memoir of Leadership in War and Peace
Author: Panetta, Leon E., 1938-
Additional Author: Newton, Jim, 1963-
Published: New York : Penguin Press, 2014
Physical Description: 498 pages : illustrations ; 25 cm.
Notes: Leon Panetta's first career, beginning as an army intelligence officer and including 16 years in the House of Representatives, lasted thirty-five years and culminated in his role as Clinton's budget czar and White House chief of staff. He then 'retired' to establish the Panetta Institute with his wife of fifty years, Sylvia; to serve on the Iraq Study Group; and to protect his beloved California coastline. But in 2009, he accepted what many said was a thankless task: returning to public office as the director of the CIA, taking it from a state of turmoil after the Bush-era torture debates and moving it back to the vital center of America's war against Al Qaeda, including the campaign that led to the killing of Osama bin Laden. And then, in the wake of bin Laden's death, Panetta became the U.S. Secretary of Defense, inheriting two troubled wars in a time of austerity and painful choices. This book is a reflection of Panetta's values. It is imbued with the frank, grounded, and often quite funny spirit of a man who never lost touch with where he came from: his family's walnut farm in beautiful Carmel Valley, California. It is also a testament to a lost kind of political leadership, which favors progress and duty to country over partisanship. Panetta is a Democrat who pushed for balanced budgets while also expanding care for the elderly and sick; a devout Catholic who opposes the death penalty but had to weigh every drone strike from 2009 through 2011. Throughout his career, Panetta's polar star has been his belief that a public servant's real choice is between leadership or crisis. Troubles always come about through no fault of one's own, but most can be prevented with courage and foresight.

Title: The Rise and Fall of Intelligence : An International Security History
Author: Warner, Michael
Published: Washington : Georgetown University Press, 2014
Physical Description: xviii, 406 pages : illustrations ; 23 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 341-380. Includes index.
Notes: A century ago, almost any state could be competitive at espionage. Fifty years ago, only the Cold War alliances clustered around the two superpowers could. Today, however, many states can do so once again, and private entities and even individuals can gather secrets and manipulate events around the globe. The skills and technology needed to 'do' intelligence have diffused around the world and across societies; they can literally be purchased on-line. The problems caused by this spread of intelligence now reach beyond the security services to corporate offices and private homes. This book is a sweeping history of the development of professional, institutionalized intelligence as well as a look at the implications of fall of the state monopoly going forward. The book is oriented toward U.S. intelligence, but the early chapters address the birth of professional intelligence in Europe at the beginning of the twentieth century. Throughout, there is an emphasis on technological advancement as a driver of intelligence, both in terms of creating a need for intelligence and counterintelligence and in terms of improving its techniques.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--HISTORY
ISBN: 9781626161030
Call Number: 327.8 /00199
Item ID: 800255607
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The End of Intelligence : Espionage and State Power in the Information Age
Author: Tucker, David, 1951-
Physical Description: 241 pages ; 24 cm.
Notes: Using espionage as a test case, this book criticizes claims that the recent information revolution has weakened the state, revolutionized warfare, and changed the balance of power between states and non-state actors - and it assesses the potential for realizing any hopes we might have for reforming intelligence and espionage. Examining espionage, counter-intelligence, and covert action, the book argues that, contrary to prevailing views, the information revolution is increasing the power of states relative to non-state actors and threatening privacy more than secrecy. Arguing that intelligence organizations may be taken as the paradigmatic organizations of the information age, the author shows the limits of information gathering and analysis even in these organizations, where failures at self-knowledge point to broader limits on human knowledge - even in our supposed age of transparency. He argues that, in this complex context, both intuitive judgement and morality remain as important as ever and undervalued by those arguing for the transformative effects of information.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: ESPIONAGE
Subject: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY--POLITICAL ASPECTS
ISBN: 9780804790420
Call Number: 327.8 /00200
Item ID: 80025657
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Atlas du renseignement : geopolitique du pouvoir
Author: Laurent, Sebastien-Yves, 1971-
Published: Paris : Presses de Sciences Po, 2014
Physical Description: 191 pages : illustrations ; 19 x 25 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 188-191.
Notes: Le renseignement, dans sa double dimension interieure et internationale, a longtemps releve de la competence exclusive de l'Etat. Mais a l'age de la globalisation et de la souverainete partagee, de nombreux facteurs - le developpement des cooperations internationales, les changements geopolitiques lies a la fin de la guerre froide, la demande de transparence des societes post-democratiques, le developpement exponentiel des reseaux ainsi que la generalisation de l'accès a l'Internet - ont profondement bouleverse les conditions dans lesquelles s'exerce cette activite. En abordant les problematiques les plus contemporaines du renseignement dans leurs dimensions historiques, politiques, juridiques et ethiques, ce premier atlas du renseignement tente d'apporter un vision complete sur un sujet secret.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: ESPIONAGE
ISBN: 9782724615555
Call Number: 327.8 /00201
Item ID: 80025700
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Propaganda and Intelligence in the Cold War: The NATO Information Service
Author: Risso, Linda
Published: Abingdon, UK: Routledge, 2014
Physical Description: xvii, 296 pages; 24 cm.
In: Studies in Intelligence Series
Notes: Bibliography: p. 266-281. Includes index.
Notes: ‘This book offers the first account of the foundation, organisation and activities of the NATO Information Service (NATIS) during the Cold War. During the Cold War, NATIS was pivotal in bringing national delegations together to discuss their security, information and intelligence concerns and, when appropriate or possible, to devise a common response to the ‘Communist threat’. At the same time, NATIS liaised with bodies like the Atlantic Institute and the Bilderberg group in the attempt to promote a coordinated western response. The NATO archive material also shows that NATIS carried out its own information and intelligence activities. This book provides the first sustained study of the history of NATIS throughout the Cold War. Examining the role of NATIS as a forum for the exchange of ideas and techniques about how to develop and run propaganda programmes, this book presents a sophisticated understanding of the extent to which national information agencies collaborated. By focusing on the degree of cooperation on cultural and information activities, this analysis of NATIS also contributes to the history of NATO as a political alliance and reminds us that NATO was - and still is - primarily a political organisation.’
Subject: NATO -- INFORMATION SERVICES
Subject: PROPAGANDA -- NATO
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE -- NATO
ISBN: 9780415570329
Call Number: 496 /00073
Item ID: 80025267
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2013

Title: Disinformation: Former Spy Chief Reveals Secret Strategies for Undermining Freedom, Attacking Religion, and Promoting Terrorism
Author: Pacepa, Ion Mihai, 1928-
Additional Author: Rychlak, Ronald J.
Published: Washington: WND Books, 2013
Physical Description: viii, 428 pages; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 405-413. Includes index. ‘Readers will discover answers to many crucial questions of the modern era: Why, during the last two generations, has so much of the Western world turned against its founding faith, Christianity? Why have radical Islam, jihad and terrorism burst aflame after a long period of apparent quiescence? Why is naked Marxism increasingly manifesting in America and its NATO allies? What really happened to Russia after the Berlin Wall came down? Like the solution to a giant jigsaw puzzle lacking one crucial piece, this book authoritatively provides the missing dimension that makes the chaos of the modern world finally understandable. By its very nature, a disinformation campaign can work only if the seemingly independent Western press accepts intentionally fabricated lies and presents them to the public as truth. Thus, the authors also document how the U.S. ‘mainstream media’s’ enduring sympathy for all things liberal-left has made it vulnerable to - indeed, the prime carrier of - civilization-transforming campaigns of lying, defamation and historical revisionism that turn reality on its head.’
Subject: DISINFORMATION
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--COMMUNIST COUNTRIES
Subject: COLD WAR
ISBN: 9781936488605
Call Number: 327.8 /00193
Item ID: 80024983
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The Way of the Knife : The CIA, a Secret Army, and a War at the Ends of the Earth
Author: Mazzetti, Mark
Published: Brunswick : Scribe Publications, 2013
Physical Description: xii, 379 pages ; 25 cm.
Notes: The most momentous change in American warfare over the past decade has taken place away from the battlefields of Afghanistan and Iraq, in the corners of the world where large armies can't go. This book tells the previously untold story of that shadow war: a campaign that has blurred the lines between soldiers and spies and lowered the bar for waging war across the globe. America has pursued its enemies with killer drones and special operations troops; trained privateers for assassination missions and used them to set up clandestine spying networks; and relied on mercurial dictators, untrustworthy foreign intelligence services, and proxy armies. The author tracks an astonishing cast of characters on the ground in the 'shadow' war, from the chain-smoking Pentagon official running an off-the-books spy operation to the CIA contractor imprisoned in Lahore after going off the leash. At the heart of the book is the story of two proud rival entities, the CIA and the American military, elbowing each other for supremacy. Sometimes, as with the raid that killed Osama bin Laden, their efforts have been perfectly coordinated. Other times, including the failed operations disclosed here for the first time, they have not. For better or worse, their struggles will define American national security in the years to come.
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Subject: USA. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
Subject: USA--NATIONAL SECURITY--DECISION MAKING
Subject: INTERAGENCY COORDINATION--USA
Subject: USA--MILITARY POLICY--DECISION MAKING
ISBN: 9781922247063
Call Number: 327.8 /00197
Item ID: 80025463
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: The Brothers : John Foster Dulles, Allen Dulles, and Their Secret World War
Author: Kinzer, Stephen
Physical Description: 402 pages : illustrations ; 25 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 368-382. Includes index.
Notes: During the 1950s, when the Cold War was at its peak, two immensely powerful brothers led the United States into a series of foreign adventures whose effects are still shaking the world. John Foster Dulles was secretary of state while his brother, Allen Dulles, was director of the Central Intelligence Agency. In this book, the author uses the framework of biography to ask: Why does the United States behave as it does in the world? The book explores hidden forces that shape the national psyche, from religious piety to Western movies about noble gunmen who clean up lawless towns by killing bad guys. This is how the Dulles brothers saw themselves, and how many Americans still see their country's role in the world. The Dulles brothers launched violent campaigns against foreign leaders they saw as threats to the United States. These campaigns helped push countries from Guatemala to the Congo into long spirals of violence, led the United States into the Vietnam War, and laid the foundation for decades of hostility between the United States and countries from Cuba to Iran.
Subject: DULLES, JOHN FOSTER, 1888-1959--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: DULLES, ALLEN, 1893-1969--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Subject: STATESMEN--USA--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: CABINET OFFICERS--USA--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA--HISTORY
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
ISBN: 9780805094978
Call Number: 92 DULL/00001
Item ID: 80025856
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
This book examines the philosophical foundations of information ethics and their potential for application to contemporary problems in US foreign intelligence surveillance. Questions concerning the limits of government intrusion on protected Fourth Amendment rights are examined against the backdrop of the post-9/11 period. Changes to US foreign intelligence surveillance law and policy are analyzed by applying the traditional ethical theories commonly used to support or discount these changes, namely utilitarian and contractarian ethical theories. The resulting research combines both theoretical elements, through its use of analytical philosophy, qualitative research methods, and through its use of legislation, court cases, news media, and scholarship surrounding US foreign intelligence surveillance. Using the USA PATRIOT Act, the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA), and the Terrorist Surveillance Program as case examples, the author develops and applies a normative ethical framework based on a legal proportionality test that can be applied to future cases involving US foreign intelligence surveillance. The proportionality test developed in this research, which is based on a modified version of the Canadian Oakes Test, seeks to balance legitimate concerns about collective security against the rights of the individual. As a new synthesis of utilitarian and contractarian ethical principles, the proportionality test laid out in this book has the potential for application beyond US foreign intelligence surveillance. It could act as a guide to future research in other applied areas in information policy research where there is a clear tension between individual civil liberties and the collective good of society. Problems such as passenger screening, racial and ethnic profiling, data mining, and access to information could be examined using the framework developed in this study.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--MORAL AND ETHICAL ASPECTS--USA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--LAW AND LEGISLATION--USA
ISBN: 9781442219090
Call Number: 327.8 /00198
Item ID: 80025081
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2012

This book examines the philosophical foundations of information ethics and their potential for application to contemporary problems in US foreign intelligence surveillance. Questions concerning the limits of government intrusion on protected Fourth Amendment rights are examined against the backdrop of the post-9/11 period. Changes to US foreign intelligence surveillance law and policy are analyzed by applying the traditional ethical theories commonly used to support or discount these changes, namely utilitarian and contractarian ethical theories. The resulting research combines both theoretical elements, through its use of analytical philosophy, qualitative research methods, and through its use of legislation, court cases, news media, and scholarship surrounding US foreign intelligence surveillance. Using the USA PATRIOT Act, the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA), and the Terrorist Surveillance Program as case examples, the author develops and applies a normative ethical framework based on a legal proportionality test that can be applied to future cases involving US foreign intelligence surveillance. The proportionality test developed in this research, which is based on a modified version of the Canadian Oakes Test, seeks to balance legitimate concerns about collective security against the rights of the individual. As a new synthesis of utilitarian and contractarian ethical principles, the proportionality test laid out in this book has the potential for application beyond US foreign intelligence surveillance. It could act as a guide to future research in other applied areas in information policy research where there is a clear tension between individual civil liberties and the collective good of society. Problems such as passenger screening, racial and ethnic profiling, data mining, and access to information could be examined using the framework developed in this study.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: ESPIONAGE
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--FRANCE
Subject: ESPIONAGE--FRANCE
ISBN: 9782738127532
Call Number: 327.8 /00187
Item ID: 80024614
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Spying in America : Espionage from the Revolutionary War to the Dawn of the Cold War
Author: Sulick, Michael J.
Published: Washington : Georgetown University Press, 2012
Physical Description: xiii, 320 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 293-302. Includes index. 'This book presents a history of more than thirty espionage cases inside the United States. These cases include Americans who spied against their country, spies from both the Union and Confederacy during the Civil War, and foreign agents who ran operations on American soil. From the American Revolution, through the Civil War and two World Wars, to the atomic age of the Manhattan Project, the author details the lives of those who have betrayed America's secrets. In each case he focuses on the motivations that drove these individuals to spy, their access and the secrets they betrayed, their tradecraft or techniques for concealing their espionage, their exposure and punishment, and the damage they ultimately inflicted on America's national security.'
Subject: ESPIONAGE--USA
ISBN: 9781589019263
Call Number: 327.8 /00189
Item ID: 80024752
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: L'espionnage dans le droit international
Author: Lafouasse, Fabien
Published: Paris : Nouveau Monde Editions, 2012
Physical Description: 492 p. : ill.; 23 cm.
In: Le Grand Jeu
Notes: Bibliography: p. 465-487. 'Paradoxe juridique a la limite de la schizophrenia, l'espionnage entre Etats n'en reste pas moins une activite universelle. L'activite de l'espion est illicite mais conduite a l'instigation des gouvernements : voila toute la complexite et l'ambiguite de l'espionnage. Devant ce dilemme, le droit international eprouve des difficultes a trancher. Il s'abstient d'interdire expressement le recueil clandestin de donnees confidentielles par les services de renseignements de ces memes gouvernements qui n'hésiteront pas a sanctionner tout agent capture. C'est donc bien a ses risques et perils que l'espion effectue sa mission. Pour tenter de mieux saisir ce phenomenon paradoxaux des relations interetatiques, le droit des conflits armes ouvre une premiere piste sous la forme d'un 'espionnage regle', unique en son genre. En temps de paix, la souverainete des Etats est la pierre angulaire de toute reflexion sur le renseignement : en apparence, ce dernier porte systematiquement atteinte a l'integrite territoriale de l'Etat espionne, sauf, pourtant, quand il est commis a partir des espaces internationaux. Enfin, le statut ambivalent de l'espionnage atteint peut-etre son paroxysme a l'aune du droit diplomatique, lequel nous en apprend beaucoup a l'occasion des expulsions recurrentes de diplomates s'etant livres a des activites non conformes a leur statut. Dans cet ouvrage qui fait le tour de la question, l'auteur parseme son etat des lieux d'exemples dont les echos ont pu nous parvenir dans les medias, et nous eclaire sur la relation complexe entre droit et espionnage.'
Subject: ESPIONAGE
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--LAW AND LEGISLATION
ISBN: 9782847366549
Call Number: 327.8 /00190
Item ID: 80024777
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Les services secrets francais sont-ils nuls ?

Denece, Eric

Published: Paris : Ellipses, 2012

Physical Description: 392 pages ; 24 cm.

Notes: Bibliography: p. 391-392. 'Les bouleversements geopolitiques majeurs survenus depuis la chute du mur de Berlin, puis les attentats du 11 septembre 2001 ont profondement accru le niveau d'incertitude de la vie internationale et les menaces qui pesent sur nos societes. Logiquement, le role du renseignement s'en est trouve renforce pour la securite des Etats. En consequence, dans la majorite des pays occidentaux, les moyens attribues aux services ont ete considerablement renforces, illustration du role de plus en plus determinant qu'ils jouent pour detecter les menaces. Comment la France se situe-t-elle dans cette evolution ? Quelle importance et quels moyens accorde-t-elle au renseignement ? Quelles sont la qualite et l'efficacite de ses services ? Joue-t-elle encore dans la cour des 'grands' ou n'est-elle qu'un acteur de second rang ? Cet ouvrage s'attache a une analyse approfondie du renseignement francais et n'hesite pas a mettre l'accent sur ses principales faiblesses. Il offre une vision sans concession de la place de nos services et du renseignement francais dans les institutions de la Ve Republique. Il dresse aussi un panorama unique de nos capacites, des efforts consentis et des progres realisees au cours des deux dernieres decennies. Enfin, il met en lumiere l'absence dommageable de consideration pour le renseignement parmi les elites qui nous gouvernent, lesquelles rejettent toujours cette discipline indispensable a notre strategie politique et economique.'

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--FRANCE
ISBN: 9782729876524
Call Number: 327.8 /00192
Item ID: 80024902
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

---

Iran's Ministry of Intelligence and Security : A Profile

Additional Author: Library of Congress (US)

Physical Description: iii, 63 p. : ill.; 30 cm.

Notes: Bibliography: p. 52-61. 'This report presents an overview of Iran's Ministry of Intelligence and Security and attempts to provide an inclusive assessment of the organization, including characteristics such as its history and development, organizational structure, and recruitment. The information in this report was collected mainly from Farsi and English journals, online news Web sites, and Iranian blogs.'

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--IRAN
Subject: IRAN--NATIONAL SECURITY
Call Number: 327.8 /00188
Item ID: 80024748
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

---

Deception : Spies, Lies and How Russia Dupes the West

Author: Lucas, Edward
Published: London : Bloomsbury, 2012

Physical Description: 372 p. : ill.; 25 cm.

Notes: Includes index. 'From the capture of Sidney Reilly (the 'Ace of Spies') by Lenin's Bolsheviks in 1925, to the deportation from the USA of Anna Chapman (the 'Redhead under the Bed') in 2010, Kremlin and Western spymasters have battled for nearly a century. The author uncovers here the real story of Chapman and her sleeper colleagues in Britain and America, unveiling their clandestine missions and the spy-hunt that led to their downfall. It reveals unknown triumphs and disasters of Western intelligence gathering. To tell the story of post-Soviet spy wars, the author draws on exclusive interviews with Russia's top mole in NATO, Herman Simm, and unveils the horrific treatment of Sergei Magnitsky, a Moscow lawyer who dared to challenge the ruling criminal syndicate there. Once the threat from Moscow was international communism; now it comes from the Siloviki, Russia's ruthless 'men of power'. This book is essential reading for anyone who wants to understand the threat they pose to the outside world - and their own people.'

Subject: ESPIONAGE, RUSSIAN
Subject: ESPIONAGE, SOVIET
ISBN: 9781408802847
Call Number: 327.8 /00186
Title: Intelligence and U.S. Foreign Policy: Iraq, 9/11, and Misguided Reform
Author: Pillar, Paul R., 1947-
Published: New York: Columbia University Press, 2011
Physical Description: xvi, 413 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'The author confronts here the intelligence myths Americans have come to rely on to explain national tragedies, including the belief that intelligence drives major national security decisions and can be fixed to avoid future failures. He believes these assumptions waste critical resources and create harmful policies, diverting attention away from smarter reform, and they keep Americans from recognizing the limits of obtainable knowledge. The author revisits the US foreign policy during the Cold War and highlights the small role intelligence played in those decisions, and he demonstrates the negligible effect that America’s most notorious intelligence failures had on U.S. policy and interests. He then reviews in detail the events of 9/11 and the 2003 invasion of Iraq, condemning the 9/11 Commission and the George W. Bush administration for their portrayals of the role of intelligence. He offers an original approach to better informing U.S. policy, which involves insulating intelligence management from politicization and reducing the politically appointed layer in the executive branch, to combat slanted perceptions of foreign threats. The author concludes with principles for adapting foreign policy to inevitable uncertainties.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011
Subject: SEPTEMBER 11 TERRORIST ATTACKS, 2001
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
ISBN: 9780231157926
Call Number: 327.8 /00185
Item ID: 80024316
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Guerre froide et espionnage naval
Author: Huchthausen, Peter A.
Additional Author: Sheldon-Duplaix, Alexandre
Published: Paris: Nouveau Monde Editions, 2011
Physical Description: 537 p. : ill.; 23 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'Ignore par les ouvrages traitant de la guerre froide, l'espionnage naval permit aux deux blocs d'utiliser les oceans et les ports pour surveiller et penetrer le camp adverse. Nourri par des entretiens avec des protagonistes soviétiques et occidentaux, et par l'exploitation d'archives américaines, britanniques et de publications russes, ce recit fourmille d'anecdotes inédites, parfois terrifiantes.'
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--HISTORY--20TH CENTURY
Subject: NAVAL HISTORY, MODERN--20TH CENTURY
ISBN: 9782847365740
Call Number: 327.8 /00191
Item ID: 80024783
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
This book examines how international intelligence cooperation has come to prominence post-9/11 and introduces the main accountability, legal and human rights challenges that it poses. Since the end of the Cold War, the threats that intelligence services are tasked with confronting have become increasingly transnational in nature - organized crime, the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and terrorism. The growth of these threats has impelled intelligence services to cooperate with contemporaries in other states to meet these challenges. While cooperation between certain Western states in some areas of intelligence operations (such as signals intelligence) is longstanding, since 9/11 there has been an exponential increase in both their scope and scale. This edited volume explores not only the challenges to accountability presented by international intelligence cooperation but also possible solutions for strengthening accountability for activities that are likely to remain fundamental to the work of intelligence services.'

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION
Subject: GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY
ISBN: 9780415580021
Call Number: 327.8 /00181
Item ID: 80023671
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

For more than a quarter of a century, while the Central Intelligence Agency turned a dismissive eye, a globe-straddling network run by Pakistani scientist A. Q. Khan sold the equipment and expertise to make nuclear weapons to a rogues’ gallery of nations. Among its known customers were Iran, Libya, and North Korea. When the United States finally took action to stop the network in late 2003, President George W. Bush declared the end of the global enterprise to be a major intelligence victory that had made the world safer. This book takes readers inside the CIA’s covert operation to penetrate the Khan network and exposes the agency’s desperate and ultimately flawed plans to sabotage the nuclear programs of Iran and Libya.'

Subject: NUCLEAR MATERIAL DIVERSION--PAKISTAN
Subject: ILLEGAL ARMS TRANSFERS--PAKISTAN
Subject: USA, CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
ISBN: 9781439183069
Call Number: 623 /01135
Item ID: 80023980
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
The events of 9/11 and subsequent acts of jihadist terrorism, together with the failures of intelligence agencies over Iraq's weapons of mass destruction, have arguably heralded a new age of intelligence. For some this takes the form of a crisis of legitimacy. For others the threat of cataclysmic terrorism involving chemical, biological, radiological or nuclear attack gives added poignancy to the academic contention that intelligence failure is inevitable. Many of the challenges facing intelligence appear to be both new and deeply worrying. In response, intelligence has clearly taken on new forms and new agendas. How these various developments are viewed depends upon the historical, normative and political frameworks in which they are analysed. This book addresses fundamental questions arising in this new age.
Title: Why Intelligence Fails: Lessons from the Iranian Revolution and the Iraq War
Author: Jervis, Robert, 1940-
Published: Ithaca, NY : Cornell University Press, 2010
Physical Description: ix, 238 p.; 25 cm.
In: Cornell Studies in Security Affairs
Notes: Includes index. 'The US government spends enormous resources each year on the gathering and analysis of intelligence, yet the history of American foreign policy is littered with missteps and misunderstandings that have resulted from intelligence failures. In this book the author examines the politics and psychology of two of the more spectacular intelligence failures in recent memory: the mistaken belief that the regime of the Shah in Iran was secure and stable in 1978, and the claim that Iraq had active WMD programs in 2002. Evaluating the inherent tensions between the methods and aims of intelligence personnel and policymakers from a unique insider’s perspective, the author forcefully criticizes proposals for improving the performance of the intelligence community and discusses ways in which future analysis can be improved.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: IRAN--HISTORY--REVOLUTION, 1979
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011--MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--USA
Subject: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION--IRAQ
ISBN: 9780801447853
Call Number: 327.8 /00173
Item ID: 80023198
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: GCHQ: The Uncensored Story of Britain's Most Secret Intelligence Agency
Author: Aldrich, Richard J.
Published: London : HarperPress, 2010
Physical Description: 666 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 613-634. Includes index. 'GCHQ is the largest and most secret intelligence organisation in the country. In the first history of the organisation ever published, the author traces the development of GCHQ from a wartime code-breaking operation in the Buckinghamshire countryside, staffed by eccentric crossword puzzlers, into one of the world's leading espionage agencies.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GREAT BRITAIN--HISTORY
Subject: ESPIONAGE, BRITISH--HISTORY
ISBN: 9780007278473
Call Number: 327.8 /00177
Item ID: 80023432
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Democratic Oversight of Intelligence Services
Additional Author: Baldino, Daniel, ed.
Published: Annandale, NSW : Federation Press, 2010
Physical Description: xvii, 222 p.; 21 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'This book reflects upon democratic principles applicable to the intelligence sector and the proper oversight mechanisms to install accountability for organisations that operate under a cloak of secrecy. Academic and policy experts address the development of, and the challenges and impediments to, democratic oversight and review of the intelligence community in Australia, Japan, Canada, New Zealand, the United States and United Kingdom.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GOVERNMENT POLICY
ISBN: 9781862877412
Call Number: 327.8 /00174
Item ID: 80023233
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The New Nobility : The Restoration of Russia's Security State and the Enduring Legacy of the KGB
Author: Soldatov, Andrei
Additional Author: Borogan, Irina
Published: New York : PublicAffairs, 2010
Physical Description: ix, 301 p.; 25 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'With the collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991, and the dissolution of the KGB, a new security service rose from the ashes - the FSB, or Federal Security Service. Its role? To protect the Russian state. In this book two journalists penetrate the secret world of the FSB to illustrate how the security services have become, in the words of former FSB director Nikolai Patrushev, Russia's 'new nobility'. '
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: INTERNAL SECURITY--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
ISBN: 9781586488024
Call Number: 327.8 /00182
Item ID: 80023711
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Le renseignement high-tech : espionnage et guerre electronique
Author: Desmaretz, Gerard
Published: Magny-les-Hameaux : Chiron, 2010
Physical Description: 223 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: 'Satellites, GPS, reseau Navstar ... La guerre electronique, forme d'espionnage, d'attaque ou de defense trouve de plus en plus d'applications dans la vie de tout le monde. D'abord reservee a l'armee et aux espions, le citoyen lambda peut en patir en se faisant tracer par sa carte de transport, sa carte bleue, son telephone portable dans les conversations peuvent etre entendues tres facilement. L'auteur, apres un bref rappel historique (tout commence vraiment avec la Seconde Guerre mondiale), presente dans le detail toutes les formes High-Tech d'espionnage (dejouer les actions electromagnetiques de l'ennemi, brouillage). Dorenant, c'est un empire reposant sur la surveillance par satellites (air, terre, mer), avec des applications surprenantes comme la pluviogenie (production artificielle de pluie, utilisee en Chine tout a fait recemment), l'espionnage numerique, les 'men in black', la nocivite des ondes sur le monde ... et les inquietants drones qui sont deja a l'action (engin sans pilote qui agit a distance). Tout cela demonstre une course technologique qui s'emballe et qui ne s'arrete plus ...'
Subject: ELECTRONIC INTELLIGENCE
Subject: ELECTRONICS IN MILITARY ENGINEERING
ISBN: 9782702712979
Call Number: 623 /01113
Item ID: 80023791
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2009

Title: Spinning Intelligence : Why Intelligence Needs the Media, Why the Media Needs Intelligence
Additional Author: Dover, Robert, 1977-, ed.
Additional Author: Goodman, Michael S., ed.
Published: New York : Columbia University Press, 2009
Physical Description: vii, 263 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'Contributors heralding from government, journalism, and academia confront here the complementary yet often tense relationship between intelligence-gathering organizations and the media. Addressing high-level strategic issues all the way down to the operation of individual committees and departments, this anthology is not just for students of government and politics, but for anyone interested in the relationship between reporting and espionage.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: MASS MEDIA
ISBN: 9780231701143
Call Number: 327.8 /00179
Item ID: 80023548
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Berlin-Stasi
Author: Picaper, Jean-Paul, 1938-
Published: Paris : Editions des Syrtes, 2009
Physical Description: 505 p.: ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 493-502. 'Berlin, 9 novembre 1989 ... Le mur est ouvert. La Republique democratique allemande ferme boutique. Son existence ne tenait qu’a un mur. Un mur qui n'etait que la partie visible de l'iceberg. Dessous se cachait la Stasi, ce monstre tentaculaire de la guerre froide, cette police secrete a qui rien n'echappait. C'est dans son antre que nous emmene l'auteur. Pendant pres de trente ans, il a affronte a Berlin-Ouest et en RFA les agitateurs et desinformateurs stipendies de la Stasi, dejuant ses traquenards a Berlin-Est et en RDA. Il a vecu aussi l'infiltration du mouvement etudiant des annees 1960 et de divers organismes d'Allemagne de l'Ouest; il a contacte a maintes reprises des dissidents est-allemands et collabore avec eux, menant sa petite guerre personnelle contre cette dangereuse organisation tout au long de la guerre froide. A partir de son experience, de temoignages poignants, d'entretiens avec des espons et leurs victimes, il nous entraine dans les arcanes du 'meilleur service d'espionnage de l'histoire', et nous fait vivre le quotidien d'une dictature, melant a la fois l'analyse rigoureuse du politologue et la narration du journaliste.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GERMANY (EAST)--PERSONAL NARRATIVES
Subject: GERMANY (EAST)--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
ISBN: 9782845451506
Call Number: 327.8 /00172
Item ID: 80023026
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Mind-Sets and Missiles : A First Hand Account of the Cuban Missile Crisis
Author: Absher, Kenneth Michael
Institution: US Army War College. Strategic Studies Institute (US)
Published: Carlisle, PA : US Army War College, 2009
Physical Description: x, 110 p.; 23 cm.
In: Letort Papers
Notes: Bibliography: p. 100-102. 'This chronology provides details and analysis of the intelligence failures and successes of the Cuban Missile Crisis, and suggests the applicability of lessons learned to the collection, analysis, and use of intelligence in strategic decisionmaking. The author describes how the crisis unfolded using the author's personal recollection, declassified documents, and many memoirs written by senior CIA officers and others who were participants. Lessons learned include the need to avoid having our political, analytical and intelligence collection mind-sets prevent us from acquiring and accurately analyzing intelligence about our adversaries true plans and intentions.'
Subject: CUBAN MISSILE CRISIS, 1962
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--USA
ISBN: 9781584874007
Call Number: 327.8 /00170
Item ID: 80022828
Link: http://www.strategicstudiesinstitute.army.mil/pubs/display.cfm?pubID=935
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
The objective of this study was to provide an analytic framework for intelligence analysis of irregular warfare environments that could be used as the basis for a subsequent IW intelligence analysis curriculum development effort. The authors conducted a review of recent policy, strategy, doctrinal, and other materials pertaining to IW, concluding that although the term irregular warfare remains somewhat nebulous, situations considered within the realm of IW generally can be thought of in terms of two main stylized types: (1) population-centric IW situations, which include such missions as counterinsurgency, foreign internal defense, and support to insurgency, where the indigenous population is the center of gravity; and (2) counterterrorism operations, whether conducted as one element of a theater commander’s campaign or as part of the US Special Operations Command-led global war on terrorism, where a cellular network is being targeted. The authors identify the intelligence and analytic requirements associated with each of these two stylized forms of IW and describe a top-down framework, or analytic procedure, that can be used for assessing IW environments. Also included is a list of references to IW-relevant doctrinal publications.

Subject: LOW-INTENSITY CONFLICTS (MILITARY SCIENCE)--USA
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--USA
Subject: ASYMMETRIC WARFARE--USA
ISBN: 9780833043221
Call Number: 355.4 /01593
Item ID: 80022498
Link: http://www.rand.org/content/dam/rand/pubs/monographs/2008/RAND_MG668.pdf
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
'Over recent years, security and intelligence issues have been pushed to the forefront of global political debate to an unprecedented degree. Books on all aspects of intelligence have been released, but significant gaps remain. One important gap lies in the absence of an authoritative and comparative look at national approaches to security and intelligence and the resulting impact on international cooperation. This two-volume work provides chapters on national cultures of security and intelligence, which address common questions and themes. The countries chosen for coverage are representative or significant to given regions, with authors covering strategic environment, regime type, accountability, impact of 9/11, international cooperation, and national cultures of intelligence. While concerned with national approaches, the volumes also recognize and analyze developments in international intelligence cooperation. The authors address the extent of cooperation with other national security and intelligence agencies and consider special relationships where they exist. Each volume contains a separate chapter on developments in the internationalization of intelligence.'

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: SECURITY, INTERNATIONAL
ISBN: 9780275992071
Call Number: 327.8 /00169
Item ID: 80022256
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

The 9/11 attacks and the war in Iraq sprang in no small part from massive intelligence failures, that much is well understood. How the CIA got to a point where it could fail so catastrophically is not. According to the author, this slippage results from the tendency to overlook the links between seemingly unrelated intelligence failures and to underestimate the impact of political pressure on the CIA : factors we need to examine to understand both the origin and magnitude of the 9/11 and Iraq intelligence failures. To bring these links to light, the author analyzes the CIA's role in key events from the end of the Cold War (when the Soviet Union - and thus the CIA's main mission - came to an end) to the war in Iraq. His account explores both CIA successes and failures in the Soviet break-up, the Gulf War, the Ames spy case, the response to al-Qaeda's initial attacks, and the US/UN effort to contain and disarm Iraq. By putting into historical perspective the intelligence failures - both real and perceived - surrounding these events, the author illuminates the links between lower-profile intelligence controversies in the early post-Cold War period and the high-profile failures that continue to define the War on Terrorism.'

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
ISBN: 9780804756013
Call Number: 327.8 /00166
Item ID: 80022122
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: PSI Handbook of Global Security and Intelligence : National Approaches. Volume 2 : Europe, the Middle East, and South Africa
Physical Description: viii, 355 p. : ill.; 25 cm.
In: Intelligence and the Quest for Security
Notes: Includes index.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: SECURITY, INTERNATIONAL
ISBN: 9780275992088
Call Number: 327.8 /00169
Item ID: 80022286
Media: Book
Title: The Quest for Absolute Security : The Failed Relations Among U.S. Intelligence Agencies  
Author: Theoharis, Athan G.  
Published: Chicago : Ivan R. Dee, 2007  
Physical Description: viii, 309 p.; 23 cm.  
Notes: 'Investigators who studied the tragic events of 9/11 faulted US intelligence for not discovering the terrorists' plans, pointing to the intelligence agencies' lack of coordination as a key ingredient in this failure. In its 2004 report, the Kean Commission criticized both the FBI and the CIA for their inadequate sharing of information, urging greater mutual assistance to achieve absolute security. But, says the author, absolute security is an illusory quest. It is certain to nurture disappointment - and worse. His compelling analysis traces the troubled nature of relations among American intelligence agencies and identifies the historical myopia that characterizes the official view of the problem. Surprisingly, coordination has been promoted since the 1930s by US presidents who have publicly and secretly acted to ensure greater cooperation among the agencies. And the nation's intelligence services have in fact been determined of the need to anticipate internal security threats - espionage and subversion during World War II and the cold war, espionage and terrorism since the 1990s. Despite these measures, the nation has not enjoyed greater security. Both the CIA and the FBI have turned this quest into abuses of power and violations of individual liberties.'  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA--HISTORY  
ISBN: 9781566636971  
Call Number: 327.8 /00168  
Item ID: 80022287  
Media: Book  
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Spying on the Bomb : American Nuclear Intelligence from Nazi Germany to Iran and North Korea  
Author: Richelson, Jeffrey T.  
Published: New York : Norton, 2007  
Physical Description: 734 p. : ill.; 24 cm.  
Edition: Updated ed.  
Notes: Includes index. 'This is a global history of the American-led effort to spy on every nation with nuclear ambitions from the Cold War to today, including North Korea and Iran.'  
Subject: NUCLEAR WEAPONS  
Subject: ESPIONAGE, AMERICAN  
Subject: NUCLEAR ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT--USA  
ISBN: 9780393329827  
Call Number: 623 /01052  
Item ID: 80021593  
Media: Book  
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Spying Blind: The CIA, the FBI, and the Origins of 9/11  
Author: Zegart, Amy B., 1967-  
Physical Description: xvi, 317 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.  
Notes: Bibliography: p. 273-307. Includes index. "This book provides the first scholarly examination of the intelligence failures that preceded September 11. Until now, those failures have been attributed largely to individual mistakes. But the author shows how and why the intelligence system itself left us vulnerable. He argues that after the Cold War ended, the CIA and FBI failed to adapt to the rise of terrorism. She makes the case by conducting painstaking analysis of more than three hundred intelligence reform recommendations and tracing the history of CIA and FBI counterterrorism efforts from 1991 to 2001, drawing extensively from declassified government documents and interviews with more than seventy high-ranking government officials. She finds that political leaders were well aware of the emerging terrorist danger and the urgent need for intelligence reform, but failed to achieve the changes they sought. The same forces that have stymied intelligence reform for decades are to blame: resistance inside US intelligence agencies, the rational interests of politicians and career bureaucrats, and core aspects of our democracy such as the fragmented structure of the federal government. Ultimately failures of adaptation led to failures of performance. The author reveals how longstanding organizational weaknesses left unaddressed during the 1990s prevented the CIA and FBI from capitalizing on twenty-three opportunities to disrupt the September 11 plot. This book is a sobering account of why two of America's most important intelligence agencies failed to adjust to new threats after the Cold War, and why they are unlikely to adapt in the future."

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY  
Subject: USA. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Subject: SEPTEMBER 11 TERRORIST ATTACKS, 2001  
ISBN: 9780691120218  
Call Number: 327.8 /00162  
Item ID: 80021704  
Media: Book  
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: At the Center of the Storm: My Years at the CIA  
Author: Tenet, George  
Physical Description: xxii, 549 p. : ill. ; 25 cm.  
Notes: Includes index. "This book recounts George Tenet's time at the Central Intelligence Agency, a revealing look at the inner workings of the most important intelligence organization in the world during the most challenging times in recent history. With unparalleled access to both the highest echelons of government and raw intelligence from the field, the author illuminates the CIA's painstaking attempts to prepare the country against new and deadly threats, disentangles the interlocking events that led to 9/11, and offers explosive new information on the deliberations and strategies that culminated in the US invasion of Iraq."

Subject: TENET, GEORGE  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS--USA  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY  
ISBN: 9780007257416  
Call Number: 327.8 /00161  
Item ID: 80021567  
Media: Book  
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Sharpening Strategic Intelligence : Why the CIA Gets It Wrong, and What Needs To Be Done to Get It Right
Author: Russell, Richard L., 1961-
Published: Cambridge, UK : Cambridge University Press, 2007
Physical Description: xii, 214 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 193-205. Includes index. 'This book critically examines the weaknesses of US intelligence led by the Central Intelligence Agency in informing presidential decision making on issues of war and peace. It evaluates the CIA's strategic intelligence performance during the Cold War and post-Cold War periods as a foundation for examining the root causes of intelligence failures surrounding the 11 September 2001 attacks and assessments of Iraq's weapons of mass destruction programs in the run-up to the Iraq War. The book probes the root causes of these intelligence failures, which lie in the CIA's poor human intelligence collection and analysis practices. The book argues that none of the post-9/11 intelligence reforms have squarely addressed these root causes of strategic intelligence failure, and it recommends measures for redressing these dangerous vulnerabilities in American security.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 978521702379
Call Number: 327.8 /00158
Item ID: 80021365
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2006

Title: Intelligence in an Insecure World
Author: Gill, Peter
Additional Author: Phythian, Mark
Published: Cambridge, UK : Polity, 2006
Physical Description: xvi, 228 p. : ill.; 26 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 204-222. Includes index. 'The role of intelligence in the contemporary world is ubiquitous: individuals, groups and organizations as well as states seek information in order to increase their sense of security. The events of 9/11 and subsequent 'war on terror' have made intelligence more central to the study of government and international affairs than at any time previously, reviving old debates and generating new ones. But what exactly is intelligence? Who seeks to develop it and how? What happens to the intelligence that is produced? This book explores these and other key questions. Concentrating on the role of states and organizations, and using the post-9/11 security agenda as its key focus, it offers an authoritative and accessible guide to the relationship between intelligence and processes of public and private governance. Drawing on a range of contemporary examples, the book examines the limits of intelligence and asks whether the 9/11 attacks, the bombings in London and the failure to find weapons of mass destruction in Iraq may be seen as intelligence 'failures'? It concludes by discussing the need for democratic control of intelligence to prevent its future abuse by unaccountable states or corporate agencies.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
ISBN: 0745632440
Call Number: 327.8 /00156
Item ID: 80020829
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The Central Intelligence Agency: Security under Scrutiny
Additional Author: Theoaris, Athan G., ed.
Published: Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 2006
Physical Description: xx, 375 p.: ill.; 26 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 337-356. Includes index. 'Created in 1947, the Central Intelligence Agency plays an important part in the intelligence activities of the United States, and is currently playing a vital role in the 'war on terrorism'. While the agency is often in the news and portrayed in television shows and films, it remains one of the most secretive and misunderstood organizations in the United States. This work provides an in-depth look into the Central Intelligence Agency and how its responsibilities affect American life. After a brief history of the agency, individual chapters describe its organization, intelligence/counterintelligence, covert operations, controversies, key events, and notable people.'
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
ISBN: 0313332827
Call Number: 327.8 /00150
Item ID: 80020550
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Historical Dictionary of Russian and Soviet Intelligence
Author: Pringle, Robert W.
Published: Lanham, MD: Scarecrow Press, 2006
Physical Description: xxxv, 365 p.: 23 cm.
In: Historical Dictionaries of Intelligence and Counterintelligence ; 5
Notes: Bibliography: p. 329-364. 'The KGB and GRU are just two of the many Russian and Soviet intelligence agencies covered in this book. Through a list of acronyms and abbreviations, a chronology, an introductory essay, a bibliography, and hundreds of cross-referenced dictionary entries, a clear picture of this subject is presented. Entries also cover Russian and Soviet leaders, leading intelligence and security officers, the Lenin and Stalin purges, the gulag, and noted espionage cases.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--SOVIET UNION
ISBN: 9780810849426
Call Number: 327.8 /00164 REF
Item ID: 80021829
Media: Book
Collection Type: Reference Collection

Title: Dealing with Dictators: Dilemmas of U.S. Diplomacy and Intelligence Analysis, 1945-1990
Additional Author: May, Ernest R., ed.
Additional Author: Zelikow, Philip, 1954-. ed.
Published: Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 2006
Physical Description: xiv, 227 p.: ill.; 25 cm.
In: BCSIA Studies in International Security
Notes: Includes index. 'The United States continues to proclaim its support for democracy and its opposition to tyranny, but American presidents often have supported dictators who have allied themselves with the United States. This book illustrates the chronic dilemmas inherent in US dealings with dictators under conditions of uncertainty and moral ambiguity. This book offers in-depth analysis of six cases: the United States and China, 1945-1948; UN intervention in the Congo, 1960-1965; the overthrow of the Shah of Iran; US relations with the Somoza regime in Nicaragua; the fall of Marcos in the Philippines; and US policy toward Iraq, 1988-1990. The authors' fascinating and revealing accounts shed new light on critical episodes in US foreign policy and provide a basis for understanding the dilemmas that US decision-makers confronted. The chapters do not focus on whether US leaders made the 'right' or 'wrong' decisions, but instead seek to deepen our understanding of how uncertainty permeated the process and whether decision-makers and their aides asked the right questions.'
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Subject: DICTATORS
Title: State of War: The Secret History of the CIA and the Bush Administration
Author: Risen, James
Published: New York: Free Press, 2006
Physical Description: 240 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'With relentless media coverage, it is hard to believe that we still might not know some of the most significant facts about the presidency of George W. Bush. Yet beneath the surface events of the Bush presidency lies a secret history that involves domestic spying, abuses of power, and outrageous operations. It includes a CIA that became caught in a political crossfire that it could not withstand, and what it did to respond. It includes a Defense Department that made its own foreign policy, even against the wishes of the commander-in-chief. It features a president who created a sphere of deniability in which his top aides were briefed on matters of the utmost sensitivity—but the president was carefully kept in ignorance. Based on extraordinary sources in Washington and around the world, this book exposes an explosive chain of events and a series of troubling patterns.'
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
ISBN: 0743270665
Call Number: 327.8 /00153
Item ID: 80020687
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Peacekeeping Intelligence: New Players, Extended Boundaries
Additional Author: Carment, David, ed.
Additional Author: Rudner, Martin, ed.
Published: Abingdon, UK: Routledge, 2006
Physical Description: xxx, 214 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'This book offers a new evaluation of the role, dynamics, and challenges of intelligence in peacekeeping activities and places it in a wider social, economic, and political context. This work assesses the role of coalition forces, law enforcement agencies, development institutions, and non-governmental organizations that have become partners in peace-support activities. Peacekeeping intelligence (PKI) is a new form of intelligence that brings together predominantly open sources of information, or open-source intelligence (OSINT), and synthesizes it with human and technical sources to create a holistic perspective at the strategic, tactical, and operational levels, while emphasizing a wide sharing of information. Unlike national intelligence, which emphasizes spies, satellites, and secrecy, PKI brings together many aspects of intelligence gathering including the media and non-governmental organizations. It seeks to establish standards in open-source collection, analysis, security, and counter-intelligence and training, and produces unclassified intelligence useful to the public. The challenges facing PKI are increasingly intertwined with questions of arms control, commercial interests, international crime, and ethnic conflict.'
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE
Subject: PEACEKEEPING FORCES
ISBN: 0415374898
Call Number: 355.4 /01486
Item ID: 80020707
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Inside the Jihad: My Life with Al Qaeda: A Spy's Story
Author: Nasiri, Omar
Published: New York: Basic Books, 2006
Physical Description: xxii, 337 p.: ill.; 25 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'Between 1994 and 2000, Omar Nasiri worked as a secret agent for Europe's top foreign intelligence services. From the netherworld of Islamist cells in Belgium, to the training camps of Afghanistan, to the radical mosques of London, he risked his life to defeat the emerging global network that the West would come to know as Al Qaeda. Now, for the first time, Nasiri shares the story of his life. As an Arab and a Muslim, he was able to infiltrate the rigidly controlled Afghan training camps, where he encountered men who would later be known as the most-wanted terrorists on earth. Sent back to Europe with instructions to form a sleeper cell, Nasiri became a conduit for messages going back and forth between Al Qaeda's top recruiter in Pakistan and London's radical cleric Abu Qatada.'
Subject: QAIDA (ORGANIZATION)
Subject: TERRORISM--RELIGIOUS ASPECTS--ISLAM
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
ISBN: 0465023886
Call Number: 323 /01013
Item ID: 80021273
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Uncertain Shield: The US Intelligence System in the Throes of Reform
Author: Posner, Richard A.
Published: Lanham, MD: Rowman & Littlefield, 2006
Physical Description: xxi, 228 p.: ill.; 24 cm.
In: Hoover Studies in Politics, Economics, and Society
Notes: Includes index. 'Ever since the 2004 publication of the 9/11 Commission Report, the US intelligence community has been in the throes of a convulsive movement for reform, leading to the enactment of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004. The author argues here that the decisions about structure the administration has made in implementation of the act are creating a too-top-heavy, too-centralized intelligence system. This book exposes fallacies in criticisms of the performance of the US intelligence services; analyzes structures and priorities for directing and coordinating US intelligence in the era of global terrorism; presents new evidence for the need to create a domestic intelligence agency separate from the FBI, and a detailed blueprint for such an agency; incorporates a wealth of material, including the report of the presidential commission on weapons of mass destruction and the botched response to Hurricane Katrina; exposes the inadequacy of the national security computer networks; critically examines Congress's performance in the intelligence field, and raises constitutional issues concerning the respective powers of Congress and the President; and lastly, emphasizes the importance of reforms that do not require questionable organizational changes.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 9780742551275
Call Number: 327.8 /00159
Item ID: 80021525
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Jawbreaker : The Attack on Bin Laden and Al Qaeda : A Personal Account by the CIA's Key Field Commander
Author: Berntsen, Gary
Additional Author: Pezzullo, Ralph
Published: New York : Three Rivers Press, 2005
Physical Description: xxi, 328 p. : ill.; 21 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'The author, the CIA's key commander coordinating the fight against the Taliban forces around Kabul, comes out from under cover for the first time to describe his no-holds-barred pursuit - and cornering - of Osama bin Laden, and the reason the terrorist leader escaped American retribution. As disturbingly eye-opening as it is adrenaline-charged, this book races from CIA war rooms to diplomatic offices to mountaintop redoubts to paint a vivid portrait of a new kind of warfare, showing what can and should be done to deal a death blow to freedom's enemies.'
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: BIN LADEN, OSAMA, 1957-2011
Subject: WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001-2009
Subject: COVERT OPERATIONS (MILITARY SCIENCE)--USA
ISBN: 9780307351067
Call Number: 327.8 /001
Item ID: 80022200
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Preventing Surprise Attacks : Intelligence Reform in the Wake of 9/11
Author: Posner, Richard A.
Institution: Stanford University. Hoover Institution on War, Revolution and Peace (US)
Published: Lanham, MD : Rowman & Littlefield, 2005
Physical Description: ix, 214 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'The Commission to investigate the September 11 terrorist attacks recommended a dramatic overhaul of the nation's intelligence system. Congress responded hastily. The author argues that the 9/11 Commission's analysis, on which Congress relied, was superficial and its proposals unsound. The Commission exaggerated the benefits of centralizing control over intelligence; neglected the relevant scholarship and the experience of foreign nations, some of which have a longer history of fighting terrorism than the United States; and as a result ignored the psychological, economic, historical, sociological, and comparative dimensions of intelligence reform. The author explains, however, that a ray of hope remains : the reorganization provisions of the new Act are so vague that the actual shape of the reorganized system will depend critically on decisions made by the President in implementing the Act; he suggests directions for real reform.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 074254947X
Call Number: 327.8 /00154
Item ID: 80020696
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Why Secret Intelligence Fails

Author: Turner, Michael A.
PUBLISHED: Dulles, VA : Potomac Books, 2005
Physical Description: xviii, 217 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 195-208. Includes index. 'This book provides a frank discussion of the problems of the American intelligence community. While examining the causes of intelligence failures, it also explores how the intelligence community functions, making it an excellent primer on secret intelligence. Rather than focusing on case studies, the book takes a holistic approach, beginning with structural issues and all the dysfunctions that emanate from them. The author explores each step of the intelligence cycle - priority setting, intelligence collection, analysis, production, and dissemination - to identify the 'inflection points' within each stage that contribute to intelligence failures. Finally, he examines a variety of plans that, if implemented, would improve American intelligence.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 1574888900
Call Number: 327.8 /00151
Item ID: 80022781
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Transforming U.S. Intelligence

Additional Author: Sims, Jennifer E., ed.
Additional Author: Gerber, Burton L., ed.
PUBLISHED: Washington : Georgetown University Press, 2005
Physical Description: xvi, 285 p.; 26 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'Beyond identifying fixes to the problems exposed by September 11, 2001, the authors have sought to discern those challenges other than terrorism that US intelligence will face in the coming decades. They propose changes in national intelligence practices that might allow flexible response to the full panoply of threats and opportunities these challenges might entail. Given the expansiveness of US interests and yet the limited resources likely to be available, this volume focuses on identifying 'transformative solutions' that combine technology with creative tactics and strategies such that exponential growth in capabilities might be possible.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 1589010698
Call Number: 327.8 /00152
Item ID: 80020560
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Le KGB et les pays baltes, 1939-1991

Additional Author: Moullec, Gael
PUBLISHED: Paris : Belin, 2005
Physical Description: 236 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: 'Comprendre les debats actuels entre la Russie et les Pays baltes (Estonie, Lettonie, Lituanie) necessite de revisiter l'Histoire du XXe siecle. Tour a tour poste avance de l'Occident dans sa lutte contre la Russie communiste ou forteresse sovietique face a l'Europe, les trois Etats baltes font aujourd'hui partie de l'Union europeenne. La lutte contre le systeme sovietique et son bras arme, le KGB, a fait naitre dans ces societes des sentiments ambigus : peur de l'autre, enfermement dans un nationalisme exigeant, perte de l'esprit de compromis. Ce livre, fonde sur des documents confidentiels ou ultraconfidentiels du KGB, met en lumiere les mesures et les contre-mesures utilisees pour separer ces pays de l'Europe et les inclure dans le bloc sovietique. Au travers de la souffrance des peuples, des jeux d'appareil, des techniques d'infiltration et de subversion, ce livre retrace l'aspiration des Baltes a devenir les maistres de leur Histoire, envers et contre tout.'
Subject: ESPIONAGE, SOVIET--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USSR
Subject: USSR--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 2701135532
Call Number: 327.8 /00149
Item ID: 80020300
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The Guy Liddell Diaries : MIS's Director of Counter-Espionage in World War II. Volume I : 1939-1942
Author: Liddell, Guy Maynard, 1892-1958
Additional Author: West, Nigel, ed.
Published: London : Routledge, 2005
Physical Description: xvii, 329 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'Codenamed Wallflowers, this is one of the Security Service's most treasured possessions, the daily journal dictated from August 1939 to June 1945 by MIS's Director of Counter-Espionage, Guy Liddell.'
Subject: LIDDELL, GUY MAYNARD, 1892-1958--DIARIES
Subject: WORLD WAR, 1939-1945--SECRET SERVICE--GREAT BRITAIN
ISBN: 0415352134
Call Number: 940 /00222
Item ID: 80019876
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: NATO's Secret Armies : Operation Gladio and Terrorism in Western Europe
Author: Ganser, Daniele
Published: London : Frank Cass, 2005
Physical Description: xx, 315 p.; 24 cm.
In: Contemporary Security Studies
Notes: Bibliography: p. 301-302. Includes index. 'This book tells the story of NATO's secret anti-Communist stay-behind armies that were set up by the CIA and MI6 after the Second World War in all countries of Western Europe and that in some countries became tragically linked to right-wing terrorism.'
Subject: NATO--ARMED FORCES
Subject: PARAMILITARY FORCES--EUROPE
Subject: GLADIO (ORGANIZATION)
Subject: TERRORISM--EUROPE
Subject: RIGHT-WING EXTREMISTS--EUROPE
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
ISBN: 0714685003
Call Number: 323 /00880
Item ID: 80022605
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Encyclopedia of Intelligence and Counterintelligence. Volume One
Additional Author: Carlisle, Rodney P., ed.
Published: Armonk, NY : Sharpe, 2005
Physical Description: xxxii, 383 p. : ill.; 29 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'From references to secret agents in The Art of War in 400 B.C.E. to the Bush administration's ongoing War on Terrorism, espionage has always been an essential part of state security policies. This illustrated encyclopedia traces the fascinating stories of spies, intelligence and counterintelligence throughout history, both internationally and in the United States.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--ENCYCLOPEDIAS
Subject: ESPIONAGE--ENCYCLOPEDIAS
ISBN: 0765680688
Call Number: 327.8 /00147 REF
Item ID: 80019956
Media: Book
Collection Type: Reference Collection
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Encyclopedia of Intelligence and Counterintelligence. Volume Two</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Additional Author</td>
<td>Carlisle, Rodney P., ed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Published</td>
<td>Armonk, NY : Sharpe, 2005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Description</td>
<td>365 p. : ill.; 29 cm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes</td>
<td>Bibliography: p. 737-739. Includes index.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--ENCYCLOPEDIAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>ESPIONAGE--ENCYCLOPEDIAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISBN</td>
<td>0765680688</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Number</td>
<td>327.8 /00147 REF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item ID</td>
<td>80019961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Media</td>
<td>Book</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collection Type</td>
<td>Reference Collection</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Title                                                | The World Was Going Our Way : The KGB and the Battle for the Third World |
| Author                                               | Andrew, Christopher M.                                            |
| Additional Author                                   | Mitrokhin, Vasili                                                |
| Published                                            | New York : Basic Books, 2005                                      |
| Physical Description                                | xxxiii, 676 p. : ill.; 25 cm.                                    |
| Notes                                                | Bibliography: p. 595-621. Includes index.                         |
| Notes                                                | 'In 1992 the British Secret Intelligence Service exfiltrated from Russia a defector whose presence in the West remained a secret until the publication in 1999 of 'The Sword and the Shield'. That man was Vasili Mitrokhin, who in 1972 was made responsible for moving the KGB’s foreign intelligence archives to a new headquarters just outside Moscow. Unknown to his superiors, however, Mitrokhin spent over a decade making notes and transcripts of these highly classified files which he smuggled daily out of the archives. In this book, the author, who has had exclusive access to both Mitrokhin and his archive, has written the first comprehensive assessment of the KGB’s initiatives on the world stage.' |
| Subject                                             | USSR. KGB                                                        |
| Subject                                             | INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR                                       |
| Subject                                             | DEVELOPING COUNTRIES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USSR                     |
| ISBN                                                 | 0465003117                                                      |
| Call Number                                          | 327.8 /00155                                                     |
| Item ID                                              | 80020705                                                        |
| Media                                                | Book                                                            |
| Collection Type                                     | General Collection                                              |

2004

| Title                                                | Ghost Wars : The Secret History of the CIA, Afghanistan, and bin Laden, from the Soviet Invasion to September 10, 2001 |
| Author                                               | Coll, Steve                                                      |
| Published                                            | New York : Penguin Press, 2004                                   |
| Physical Description                                | xvii, 695 p. : ill.; 25 cm.                                     |
| Notes                                                | Bibliography: p. 653-664. Includes index. 'For nearly the past quarter century, while most Americans were unaware, Afghanistan has been the playing field for intense covert operations by US and foreign intelligence agencies - invisible wars that sowed the seeds of the September 11 attacks and that provide its context. From the Soviet invasion in 1979 through the summer of 2001, the CIA, KGB, Pakistan's ISI, and Saudi Arabia's General Intelligence Department all operated directly and secretly in Afghanistan. They primed Afghan factions with cash and weapons, secretly trained guerrilla forces, funded propaganda, and manipulated politics. In the midst of these struggles bin Laden conceived and then built his global organization. The author tells the secret history of the CIA’s role in Afghanistan, including its covert program against Soviet troops from 1979 to 1989, and examines the rise of the Taliban, the emergence of bin Laden, and the secret efforts by CIA officers and their agents to capture or kill bin Laden in Afghanistan after 1998. The book answers the questions so many have asked since the horrors of September 11 : to what extent did America's best intelligence analysts grasp the rising threat of Islamist radicalism ? Who tried to stop bin Laden and why did they fail ?' |
| Subject                                             | INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA                                        |
| Subject                                             | COVERT OPERATIONS (MILITARY SCIENCE)--USA                       |
| Subject                                             | BIN LADEN, OSAE-MA, 1957-2011                                    |
| Subject                                             | USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--AFGHANIAN                                 |
| Subject                                             | AFGHANISTAN--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA                             |
Title: The 9/11 Commission Report : Final Report of the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States
Additional Author: National Commission on Terrorist Attacks upon the United States (US)
Published: New York : Norton, 2004 ?
Physical Description: xviii, 567 p. : ill.; 21 cm.
Notes: 'Nearly three thousand people died in the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001. In Lower Manhattan, on a field in Pennsylvania, and along the banks of the Potomak, the United States suffered the single largest loss of life from an enemy attack on its soil. In November 2002 the United States Congress and President George W. Bush established by law the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States, also known as the 9/11 Commission. This independent, bipartisan panel was directed to examine the facts and circumstances surrounding the September 11 attacks, identify lessons learned, and provide recommendations to safeguard against future acts of terrorism. This volume is the authorized edition of the Commission's final report.'
Subject: SEPTEMBER 11 TERRORIST ATTACKS, 2001
Subject: TERRORISM--GOVERNMENT POLICY--USA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: QAIDA (ORGANIZATION)
Subject: WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001-2009
ISBN: 0393326713
Call Number: 323 /00844
Item ID: 80019441
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Understanding Intelligence in the Twenty-First Century : Journeys in Shadows
Additional Author: Scott, L. V., ed.
Additional Author: Jackson, Peter D., 1964- , ed.
Published: London : Routledge, 2004
Physical Description: xix, 231 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'Intelligence has never been more important to world politics than it is now at the opening of the twenty-first century. The terrorist attacks on the United States on September 11, 2001, along with the politics and diplomacy of the second Gulf War, have brought intelligence issues to the forefront of both official, academic and popular discourse on security and international affairs. The emerging challenges posed by new forms of terrorism, together with the issues raised by the war on Iraq, have shown the value and limits of secret intelligence and generated fresh controversies for its proponents and for its critics. The need for better understanding of both the nature of the intelligence process and its importance to national and international security has never been more apparent. The aim of this collection is to enhance our understanding of this subject by drawing on a range of perspectives, from academic experts and journalists to former members of the British and American intelligence communities.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
ISBN: 0714655333
Call Number: 327.8 /00148
Item ID: 80020187
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Intelligence for Peace: The Role of Intelligence in Times of Peace

Carmel, Hesi, ed.

London: RoutledgeCurzon, 2004

xi, 264 p.; 24 cm.

Includes index. The fall of the Berlin Wall, the collapse of the Soviet Union, attempts to solve military confrontations by peaceful means and the Middle East peace process have given rise to much discussion about the role of intelligence in times of peace. This book comprises 16 articles written by leading figures in the field who are convinced that intelligence has an important part to play in times of peace and diplomacy as well as in times of war and conflict. The articles in this collection contain analyses and descriptions of events - some here made public for the first time - concerning attempts to make use of the advantages of intelligence communications and contacts to further diplomatic efforts in the Middle East. The lessons of these experiences are clearly of paramount importance today. Some chapters also undertake deep analyses of the role of intelligence and secret diplomacy in times of peace and compromise in both the Middle East and the international community at large. The book sheds light on an issue that is of major importance to governments, policy-makers, intelligence organisations and the public.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--ISRAEL
Subject: ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT
ISBN: 0714680095
Call Number: 327.8 /00146
Item ID: 80019546
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

For Our Eyes Only?: Shaping an Intelligence Community within the EU

Muller-Wille, Bjorn

European Union Institute for Security Studies (FR)


51 p.; 30 cm.

In: Occasional Papers; 50

Developing international and cross-agency intelligence cooperation has become imperative in today's security environment. If the so-called 'new threats' are to be tackled collectively, it is not only desirable but also necessary to make collective threat assessments. In contrast to other organisations, the EU applies and has to coordinate a broad range of security policy tools. Therefore, it also needs support from different kinds of intelligence agencies to a larger extent than other organisations. To this end, it has already begun to develop its own structure for the production and exchange of various types of intelligence. At present four EU 'intelligence agencies' can be identified: the fledgling Joint Situation Centre (SITCEN), the Intelligence Division of the European Military Staff (INTDIV), the European Union Satellite Centre (EUSC) and Europol. This paper argues that the EU does not need any new 'agencies'. Instead it advocates some modification of existing EU 'intelligence agencies' in order to allow them to provide the intelligence support needed for various EU policies. Whereas the present organisation of the INTDIV and the EUSC are regarded as adequate, reforms are proposed for the SITCEN and Europol. The paper emphasises the necessity to strengthen and enlarge the SITCEN, which provides the Union and its member states with external intelligence. Furthermore, Europol should cooperate closer with the agencies of the second pillar (CFSP), and its responsibilities be extended. Apart from adapting existing agencies, the Union should concentrate on facilitating direct cooperation among national agencies in areas that fall under the responsibility of member states. To this end, a European Intelligence Communication Network should be established. One must not be put off by the large technical and political challenges involved in the designing and setting up of such a network, which is necessary because it would allow various European and national intelligence producers to communicate and improve their ability to assess threats. It is also a prerequisite for common assessments, since the Union has only limited intelligence capabilities, in particular collection capabilities, and depends on the support of national agencies. As a result, national and European decision-makers could obtain the support needed for the efficient and coherent national and collective production of security. If the technical standards and the methods, format and content of communications are developed in cooperation with third parties, most notably the United States, candidate countries and NATO, additional points of contact could be established and exchange and cooperation with them enhanced.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EUROPE
Call Number: 327.8 /00143
Item ID: 80019128
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: You're Stepping on my Cloak and Dagger
Author: Hall, Roger
Published: Annapolis, MD : Naval Institute Press, 2004
Physical Description: 219 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Originally Published: New York : Norton, 1957. 'With a sharp eye and wry wit, Roger Hall recounts here his experiences as an American Army officer assigned to the Office of Strategic Services (OSS) during World War II. First published in 1957 to critical and popular acclaim, his memoir has become a cult favorite in intelligence circles. He chronicles his experiences from his time as a junior officer fleeing a tedious training assignment in Louisiana to his rigorous OSS training rituals in the United States, England, and Scotland for its Special Operations unit. Quick to pick up on the skills necessary for behind-the-lines intelligence work, Hall became an expert instructor, but was only reluctantly given operational duties because of his reputation as an iconoclast. In his droll storytelling style, Hall describes his first parachute jump in support of the French resistance as a comedy of errors that terminated prematurely. His last assignment in the war zone came when then Capt. William Colby, the future head of the CIA, handpicked him to lead the second section of a Norwegian special operations group into Norway via Sweden.'
Subject: HALL, ROGER
Subject: WORLD WAR, 1939-1945--MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--USA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS--USA
ISBN: 1591143535
Call Number: 940 /00220
Item ID: 80019755
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Executive Secrets : Covert Action and the Presidency
Author: Daugherty, William J., 1947-
Published: Lexington, KY : University Press of Kentucky, 2004
Physical Description: xxvii, 298 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 257-275. Includes index. 'This book combines perspectives with objectivity in judging the nature of CIA covert actions. The author cites congressional investigations, documents, and his own experiences in covert action policy and oversight to demonstrate how the CIA's covert programs have been conducted at the request of the president, since the agency was founded in 1947.
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: ESPIONAGE--USA
Subject: COVERT OPERATIONS (MILITARY SCIENCE)--USA
ISBN: 0813123348
Call Number: 327.8 /00157
Item ID: 80022782
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2004

Title: L'Union europeenne et le renseignement : perspectives de cooperation entre les Etats membres
Author: Coosemans, Thierry
Institution: Groupe de Recherche et d'Information sur la Paix et la Securite (BE)
Published: Bruxelles : GRIP, 2004
Physical Description: 52 p.; 30 cm.
In: Rapports du GRIP ; 3/2004
Notes: '11 septembre 2001 : New York-Washington. 11 mars 2004 : Madrid. La menace 'hyper-terroriste' s'affirme. Nul n'est a l'abri et deja d'aucuns plaident pour une 'CIA europeenne', sans mesurer sans doute pleinement la dimension et la complexite de ce projet. Car comme le note l'auteur, si l'Europe du renseignement' est restee au stade des declarations d'intention, c'est sans doute parce que le probleme est plus complexe que les responsables politiques ne l'imaginaient, mais aussi que les services de renseignement (SR) eux-memes temoignent d'une certaine frilosite a reconsidérer leurs methodes de travail. La presente etude s'inscrit dans la double perspective de la poursuite de l'integration europeenne, et de la volonte des dirigeants europeens, reaffirmee suite aux attentats de Madrid, d'approfondir la cooperation entre services de renseignements de l'UE. Le premier chapitre vise a rappeler au lecteur un certain nombre de definitions et de concepts necessaires a une bonne comprehension de la problematique du renseignement, apprehendee dans toute sa diversite. Le second chapitre etablit un etat des lieux de la cooperation
europeenne en matiere de renseignement depuis le 11 septembre 2001. Le troisieme chapitre developpe les conditions prealables a un approfondissement de la cooperation entre SR, sous forme d'une quintuple necessite : la necessite d'une volonte politique forte; d'etablir des structures de cooperation realistes et efficaces; de definir les besoins de l'EU en matiere de renseignement; d'assurer un controle democratique au niveau europeen; d'adopter une approche differentiée en fonction des differents moyens de collecte du renseignement. Enfin, les conclusions s'efforcent de replacer l'approfondissement de la cooperation entre SR de l'UE dans la perspective plus vaste du defi d'un nouvel environnement et d'une nouvelle finalite du renseignement. Cette etude ne pretend pas apporter de 'recette-miracle', mais vise davantage a presenter un certain nombre de pistes, de scenarios a debattre.'

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EUROPE
Call Number: 327.8 /00144
Item ID: 80019215
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2003

Title: Intelligence in War : Knowledge of the Enemy from Napoleon to Al-Qaeda
Author: Keegan, John, 1934-
Published: London : Hutchinson, 2003
Physical Description: xix, 443 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 413-421. Includes index. "No war can be conducted successfully without early and good intelligence", wrote Marlborough, and from the earliest times commanders have sought knowledge of the enemy, his strengths and weaknesses, his dispositions and intentions. But how much effect, in the 'real time' of a battle or a campaign, can this knowledge have? The author goes here to the heart of a series of important conflicts to develop a powerful argument about intelligence in war. From the Napoleonic Wars to the sophisticated electronic warfare of the twenty-first century, he finds linking themes which lead to a compelling conclusion. His narrative sweep is enthralling, whether portraying the dilemmas of Nelson seeking Napoleon's fleet, Stonewall Jackson in the American Civil War, Bletchley as it seeks to crack Ultra during the Battle of the Atlantic, the realities of the secret war in the Falklands or the polymorphous intelligence issues of the contemporary fight against terrorism.'
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--HISTORY
ISBN: 0091802296
Call Number: 355.4 /01436
Item ID: 80019881
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2002

Title: The New Craft of Intelligence : Achieving Asymmetric Advantage in the Face of Nontraditional Threats
Author: Steele, Robert D.
Institution: US Army War College. Strategic Studies Institute (US)
Published: Carlisle Barracks, PA : US Army War College, 2002
Physical Description: vi, 53 p. : ill.; 30 cm.
Notes: 'Since the mid-1990s, the concept of strategic asymmetry has been receiving serious attention from the US Department of Defense. This monograph examines two paradigm shifts - one in relation to the threat and a second in relation to intelligence methods. The author offers new models for threat analysis and for intelligence operations in support of policy, acquisition, and command of forces engaged in non-traditional asymmetric warfare. He concludes with an examination of the Revolution in Military Affairs and the need for a Revolution in Intelligence Affairs.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: ASYMMETRIC WARFARE
ISBN: 1584870834
Call Number: 327.8 /00138
Item ID: 80023061
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: See No Evil: The True Story of a Ground Soldier in the CIA's War on Terrorism
Published: New York: Crown Publishers, 2002
Physical Description: xix, 284 p.: ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'In this book, one of the CIA's top field officers of the past quarter century recounts his career running agents in the back alleys of the Middle East. In the process, Robert Baer paints a chilling picture of how terrorism works on the inside and provides compelling evidence about how Washington politics sabotaged the CIA's efforts to root out the world's deadliest terrorists. Baer observed firsthand how an increasingly bureaucratic CIA lost its way in the post-cold war world and refused to adequately acknowledge and neutralize the growing threat of Islamic fundamentalist terror in the Middle East and elsewhere. A throwback to the days when CIA operatives got results by getting their hands dirty and running covert operations, Baer spent his career chasing down leads on suspected terrorists in the world's most volatile hot spots. As he and his agents risked their lives gathering intelligence, he watched as the CIA reduced drastically its operations overseas, failed to put in place people who knew local languages and customs, and rewarded workers who knew how to play the political games of the agency's suburban Washington headquarters but not how to recruit agents on the ground. This book is not only a candid memoir of the education and disillusionment of an intelligence operative but also an unprecedented look at the roots of modern terrorism.'
Subject: BAER, ROBERT
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: TERRORISM--USA
Subject: TERRORISM--MIDDLE EAST
ISBN: 0609810278
Call Number: 327.8 /00139
Item ID: 80019590
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Vladimir Putin & Russia's Special Services
Author: Bennett, Gordon
Additional Author: Conflict Studies Research Centre (GB)
Published: Camberley, UK: Conflict Studies Research Centre, 2002
Physical Description: 48 p.; 30 cm.
Notes: 'This paper looks at Putin's relationship with Russia's special services. It describes his personnel policies, security and intelligence officials promoted in recent years to important and influential positions and outlines the challenges facing them and their subordinates. It explains the immediate tasks of the Russian special services, providing specific examples of their activities in and outside Russia, including their role in Chechnya. It examines the need for quality control of the Russian special services and analyses their reforms and related financial issues. The paper suggests that in the post 9/11 world the Russian special services could become partners in their bilateral and multilateral contacts with old and new enemies and part-time allies in combat against international terrorism and transnational criminal organizations. It will be a process fraught with many difficulties, and whatever are the successes and failures of this partnership, it will run independently from business-as-usual-intelligence operations conducted by individual states.'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
ISBN: 1904423027
Call Number: 327.8 /00140
Item ID: 80018309
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
One of the most controversial issues in the democratization of Eastern Europe since 1989 has been the reform of the security intelligence services. Still at the centre of moral panics and conspiracy theories, they are nevertheless expected to protect the people and enlighten policymakers in a time of new threats and uncertainty. Relating directly to issues of executive capacity, legislative-executive relations, and democratic control, the behaviour of such institutions is a litmus test of both the functioning and accountability of the post-communist state. The first account of the secret police in Eastern Europe before and after 1989, this book uses a wide range of sources, including archives, to identify what has and has not changed since the end of communism. After explaining the structure and workings of two of the area's most feared services, Czechoslovakia's StB and Romania's Securitate, the authors detail the creation of new institutions, the development of contacts with the West, and forms of oversight.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--CZECH REPUBLIC
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--SLOVAKIA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--ROMANIA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ISBN: 0333713729
Call Number: 327.8 /00142
Item ID: 80019068
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: From the Shadows: The Ultimate Insider's Story of Five Presidents and How They Won the Cold War
Author: Gates, Robert M.
Published: New York: Simon & Schuster, 1996
Physical Description: 604 p.: ill.; 25 cm.
Notes: Includes index. "Drawing on his personal experiences in the CIA and on the National Security Council staff in the White House, as well as on intimate knowledge of CIA documents and activities never before revealed, Gates tells how the Cold War was really fought. From Nixon's detente policy to Reagan's arming of the Mujahedin in their war against the Soviets in Afghanistan, he tells the true story of American policy toward the Soviet Union, placing special emphasis on the White House and the CIA. Gates shows that, contrary to conventional wisdom, there was extraordinary continuity of policy from one President to the next, most strikingly from Carter to Reagan. Woven throughout this story are vivid descriptions of the atmosphere, culture and politics of the CIA and the White House. In addition, Gates provides candid appraisals of Presidents from Nixon to Bush, and of the key officials who advised them or toiled in the shadows.'
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USSR
Subject: USSR--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 0684810816
Call Number: 327 /00946
Item ID: 80013741
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Intelligence Services for a Democratic South Africa: Ensuring Parliamentary Control
Author: MacCarthy, Shaun
Institution: Research Institute for the Study of Conflict and Terrorism (GB)
Published: London: RISCT, 1996
Physical Description: 27 p.; 25 cm.
In: Conflict studies, 0069-8792; 286
Notes: "South Africa's new Constitution makes specific provision for the intelligence services. This unusual step is intended to ensure parliamentary control and avoid the kind of abuses of power that happened in the apartheid area. Chapter 13 of the Constitution and a commentary on it are included as appendices in this thought-provoking study by Shaun MacCarthy, himself a former member of one of South Africa's intelligence services. On the basis of his first hand knowledge and other related experience the author reviews the recent history in particular of the National Intelligence Service (NIS) and Military Intelligence (MI). He then proceeds to consider the problems of their adaptation and reform to meet the needs of a democratic society under the Government of National Unity and at the same time integration with the ANC's own intelligence structures."'
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--SOUTH AFRICA
Call Number: 327.8 /00133
Item ID: 80012674
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Economie et securite : de l'industrie de defense a l'intelligence economique

Additional Author: Chaix, Nicole, ed.

Published: Paris : Fondation pour les Etudes de Defense, 1996

Physical Description: 222 p. : ill.; 23 cm.

Notes: Bibliography: p. 219-220. 'Comment comprendre et anticiper l'evolution rapide des enjeux strategiques, des besoins des armees europeennes et des contraintes de la securite ? Des industriels, des militaires, des chercheurs et des economistes ont reflechi au pourquoi et au comment de ces changements. Ils ont remis en question les habitudes de pensee et nous offrent une analyse des enjeux, des moyens et des methodes economiques et financieres de la Defense en France, en Europe et dans le monde. Que ce soient le management des entreprises, la reduction des couts ou l'intelligence economique, plus rien ne se fait seul et comme par le passe. Il faut inventer notre avenir industriel et c'est l'objet des propositions de ce livre. Ouvrage tres documente, destine aux acteurs du monde economique ainsi qu'aux chercheurs et etudiants.'

Subject: WEAPONS INDUSTRY--EUROPE

Subject: BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE

Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE

ISBN: 2911101081

Call Number: 623 /00812

Item ID: 80013830

Media: Book

Collection Type: General Collection

1995

Dominant Battlespace Knowledge : The Winning Edge

Additional Author: Libicki, Martin C., ed.

Additional Author: Johnson, Stuart E., 1944-, ed.


Physical Description: ix, 149 p. : ill.; 21 cm.

Notes: 'The papers collected here address the most critical aspects of the following problem : if the United States develops the means to acquire dominant battlespace knowledge (DBK), how might that affect the way it goes to war, the circumstances under which force can and will be used, the purposes for its employment, and the resulting alterations of the global geomilitary environment ? Of particular interest is how the authors view the influence of DBK in light of the shift from global to regional stability issues that marks the post-Cold War world. While no definitive answer has yet emerged, it is clear that the implications of so profound a change in military technology are critical to the structure and function of the US Armed Forces.'

Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--USA

Subject: COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS--USA

Subject: PRECISION GUIDED MUNITIONS--USA

Subject: REVOLUTION IN MILITARY AFFAIRS--USA

Subject: MILITARY ART AND SCIENCE--TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATIONS--USA

Call Number: 623 /00803

Item ID: 80012941

Media: Book

Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Sellout : Aldrich Ames : The Spy Who Broke the CIA  
Author: Adams, James, 1951-  
Published: London : Joseph, 1995  
Physical Description: ix, 322 p. : ill.; 25 cm.  
Notes: Bibliography: p. 309-312. Includes index. 'Just how high a price will eventually be paid as a result of Aldrich Ames's treachery is unclear. Every covert officer compromised, every piece of tradecraft handed over to the Russians, every code at risk, every source betrayed. Those are the immediate consequences. But there are other problems still to be resolved : the future of the CIA itself, the rebuilding of shattered morale and the restoration of confidence among America's allies that intelligence shared with Washington is not also shared with Moscow.'  
Subject: AMES, ALDRICH, 1941-  
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY  
Subject: ESPIONAGE, SOVIET--USA  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
ISBN: 0718138899  
Call Number: 327.8 /00131  
Item ID: 80012343  
Media: Book  
Collection Type: General Collection  

1994  

Title: La fin de l'innocence : les intellectuels d'Occident et la tentation stalinienne : trente ans de guerre secrète  
Author: Koch, Stephen  
Published: Paris : Grasset, 1994  
Physical Description: 450 p. : ill.; 24 cm.  
Notes: Bibliography: p. 419-429. Includes index. 'Le communisme stalinien, au temps de sa toute-puissance, savait que, pour parfaire sa domination mondiale, il lui fallait recruter une armée clandestine et capable de mener le combat sur le front de la propagande. A cette fin, et des le debut des annees 30, ses dirigeants confierent a un homme de l'ombre, Willi Munzenberg, le soin d'orchestrer - de Londre a Paris, de Hollywood a Berlin - cette campagne de manipulation sans precedent. C'est ce chapitre obscur de l'histoire contemporaine que Stephen Koch explore dans ce livre ou les intellectuels deviennent des espions, et les espions, des agitateurs d'idées.'  
Subject: PROPAGANDA, RUSSIAN  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR  
Subject: MUNZENBERG, WILLI  
ISBN: 2246498414  
Call Number: 327.8 /00132  
Item ID: 80012584  
Media: Book  
Collection Type: General Collection  

Title: Kings and Desperate Men : The United States Office of Strategic Services in London and the Anglo-American Relationship, 1941-1946  
Author: MacPherson, B. Nelson  
Published: [s.l.] : [s.n.], 1994  
Physical Description: iii, 288 p.; 30 cm.  
Notes: Bibliography: p. 265-288. 'The first purpose of this study is to examine more closely the trend in western intelligence communities towards slow and uneven professionalization. The second purpose involves judging the relevance and professionalization of the OSS intelligence effort within the Anglo-American alliance. The third major research goal is to illuminate this alliance intelligence relationship within the larger framework of Anglo-American 'competitive cooperation'.  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GREAT BRITAIN  
Subject: USA--MILITARY RELATIONS--GREAT BRITAIN  
Subject: GREAT BRITAIN--MILITARY RELATIONS--USA  
Call Number: 327.8 /00129  
Item ID: 80010476  
Media: Book  
Collection Type: General Collection
1993

Title: Intelligence and the Mirror : On Creating an Enemy
Author: Bathurst, Robert B., 1927-
Additional Author: International Peace Research Institute (NO)
Published: Oslo : International Peace Research Institute, 1993
Physical Description: ix, 131 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: 'This book fills an immense need to explain why, despite the enormous resources in capital and intelligence devoted to the problems of war and peace, most military conflicts in the twentieth century have been unpredicted; why political scientists failed to foresee the collapse of empires; and why economists forecast growth when there was obvious decay. The book describes how the Soviet Union and the United States nearly put an end to world civilization. Each side, acting out its own interpretation of 'the other' according to its ethnocentric vision, came close to unleashing a catastrophe in the name of 'reason'. This book develops and tests a new theory about the role of cultures in controlling perception and lays the foundation for a method of analysis of enormous value in intelligence prediction.'
Subject: USSR--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USSR
Subject: POLITICAL CULTURE--USA
Subject: POLITICAL CULTURE--USSR
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE
ISBN: 0803989482
Call Number: 327.8 /00130
Item ID: 80011386
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1992

Title: Intelligence and the New World Order : Former Cold War Adversaries Look Toward the 21st Century
Additional Author: Runde, Carl Peter, ed.
Additional Author: Voss, Greg, ed.
Additional Author: International Freedom Foundation (DE)
Published: Buxtehude : International Freedom Foundation, 1992
Physical Description: xvi, 177 p. : ill.; 21 cm.
Notes: Includes index.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
ISBN: 0923128069
Call Number: 327.8 /00124
Item ID: 80008037
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Soviet Security and Intelligence Organizations : 1917-1990 : A Biographical Dictionary and Review of Literature in English
Author: Parrish, Michael
Published: New York : Greenwood Press, 1992
Physical Description: xxv, 669 p.; 24 cm.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR--BIBLIOGRAPHY
ISBN: 0313283052
Call Number: 327.8 /00123
Item ID: 80007673
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Still Serving Secretly: Soviet Bloc Spies Under New Masters
Author: Almond, Mark
Additional Author: Institute for European Defence & Strategic Studies (GB)
Published: London: Alliance, 1992
Physical Description: 45 p.; 21 cm.
In: Occasional Paper; 57
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--COMMUNIST COUNTRIES
ISBN: 0907967442
Call Number: 327.8 /00125
Item ID: 80008101
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: U.S. Intelligence: Evolution and Anatomy
Author: Lowenthal, Mark M.
Institution: Center for Strategic and International Studies (US)
Published: Westport, CT: Praeger, 1992
Physical Description: xvii, 178 p.; 25 cm.
Edition: 2nd ed.
In: The Washington papers, 0278-937X; 157
Notes: Includes index.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 0275944352
Call Number: 327.8 /00126
Item ID: 80008600
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1991

Title: The Intelligence Game: The Illusions and Delusions of International Espionage
Author: Rusbridger, James
Published: London: I. B. Tauris, 1991
Physical Description: 290 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 275-278. Includes index.
Subject: ESPIONAGE
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GREAT BRITAIN
ISBN: 1850433380
Call Number: 327.8 /00122
Item ID: 80006965
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1989

Title: Soviet military deception in the second world war
Author: Glantz, David M.
Published: London: Frank Cass, 1989
Physical Description: xl, 644 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Subject: WORLD WAR 1939-1945--MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--USSR
ISBN: 071463347X
Call Number: 355.4 /00872
Item ID: 80003943
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The Unknown CIA: my three decades with the Agency
Author: Smith, Russell Jack
Published: Washington: Pergamon-Brassey's, 1989
Physical Description: x, 221 p.; 24 cm.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 0080367437
Call Number: 327.8 /00119
Item ID: 80002817
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1988

Title: Foreign intelligence organizations
Author: Richelson, Jeffrey T.
Published: Cambridge, MA: Ballinger, 1988
Physical Description: xvii, 330 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes bibliographies and index.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
ISBN: 0887301215
Call Number: 327.8 /00114
Item ID: 70001797
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: The New image-makers: Soviet propaganda & disinformation today
Additional Author: Bittman, Ladislav, 1931-, ed.
Published: Washington: Pergamon-Brassey's, 1988
Physical Description: vii, 262 p. ; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes bibliographies and index. The New image-maker / Ladislav Bittman -- Glasnost and Soviet journalism / Jiri Hochman -- Worlds apart / Bernard Rubin -- Radio Moscow's North American service / Igor Lukes -- Under the label of social science / Timothy C. Morgan -- Reaching for the rural audiences / G.S. Kohli -- Sakharov, the KGB, and the mass media / Jeremy Murray-
Subject: PROPAGANDA, RUSSIAN
Subject: DISINFORMATION--USSR
ISBN: 0080349390
Call Number: 327.8 /00113
Item ID: 70001796
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Soviet active measure in the era of Glasnost
Additional Author: Information Agency (US)
Published: Washington: US Information Agency, 1988
Physical Description: 103 p.; 28 cm.
Subject: DISINFORMATION--USSR
Call Number: 327.8 /00112
Item ID: 80000880
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Comparing foreign intelligence: the U.S., the USSR, the U.K. & the Third World
Additional Author: Godson, Roy, 1942-, ed.
Published: Washington: Pergamon-Brassey's, 1988
Physical Description: 157 p.; 24 cm.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
ISBN: 0080347029
Call Number: 327.8 /00118
Item ID: 80002835
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: On the wrong side: my life in the KGB
Author: Levchenko, Stan
Published: Washington: Pergamon-Brassey's, 1988
Physical Description: xi, 244 p.; 24 cm.
Subject: ESPIONAGE, RUSSIAN
Subject: SPIES--USSR--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: DEFECTORS--USSR--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: LEVCHENKO, STAN
Subject: USSR. KGB
ISBN: 008034478X
Call Number: 327.8 /00111
Item ID: 70001795
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1987

Title: USSR foreign policies after detente
Author: Staar, Richard Felix, 1923-
Published: Stanford, CA: Hoover Institution Press, 1987
Physical Description: xxvii, 308 p.: ill.: 23 cm.
Edition: Rev. ed.
In: Hoover Press publication; 359
Notes: Bibliography: p. [275]–295. Includes index.
Subject: USSR. MINISTERSTVO INOSTRANNYKH DEL
Subject: DT8SK KPSS. POLITBDI8URO
Subject: PROPAGANDA, RUSSIAN
Subject: ESPIONAGE, RUSSIAN
Subject: USSR--MILITARY POLICY
Subject: USSR--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS
Subject: USSR--FOREIGN RELATIONS
ISBN: 0817985921
Call Number: 327 /00628
Item ID: 70001504
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The KGB and Soviet disinformation : an insider's view
Author: Bittman, Ladislav, 1931-
Published: Washington : Pergamon-Brassey's, 1985
Physical Description: x, 227 p. ; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes bibliographical references and index.
Subject: DISINFORMATION--USSR
Subject: BITTMAN, LADISLAV, 1931-
Subject: USSR. KGB
ISBN: 0080315720
Call Number: 327.8 /00105
Item ID: 70001790
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Rupture avec Moscou
Author: Shevchenko, Arkady N., 1930-
Published: Paris : Payot, 1985
Physical Description: 463 p. ; 23 cm.
Notes: Traduction de: Breaking with Moscow.
Subject: SHEVCHENKO, ARKADY N., 1930—BIOGRAPHY
Subject: USSR--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Subject: ESPIONAGE, RUSSIAN--USA
Subject: DEFECTORS--USSR--BIOGRAPHY
ISBN: 2228850608
Call Number: 92 CHEV/00001
Item ID: 70004863
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1984

Title: Enquête sur le KGB
Author: Barron, John, 1930-
Published: Paris : Fayard, 1984
Physical Description: 438 p.; 24 cm.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR
Subject: USSR. KGB
ISBN: 2213013993
Call Number: 327.8 /0096B
Item ID: 80000160
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Terror and Communist Politics : The Role of the Secret Police in Communist States
Additional Author: Adelman, Jonathan R., ed.
Published: Boulder, CO : Westview, 1984
Physical Description: xi, 292 p.; 24 cm.
In: Westview special study
Notes: Includes bibliographies and index.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--COMMUNIST COUNTRIES
Subject: TERRORISM--COMMUNIST COUNTRIES
ISBN: 0865312931
Call Number: 351 /00023
Item ID: 70002663
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: False science : underestimating the Soviet arms buildup : an appraisal of the CIA's direct costing effort, 1960-80
Author: Rosefielde, Steven
Physical Description: xii, 321 p. ; 23 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 302-316. Includes index.
Subject: USSR--ARMED FORCES--DEFENSE SPENDING
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
ISBN: 0878558683
Call Number: 355.2 /00106
Item ID: 70002784
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: The intelligence war : penetrating the secret world of today's advanced technology conflict
Author: Kennedy, William V.
Published: London : Salamander Books, 1983
Physical Description: 208 p. : ill. (some col.) ; 31
Notes: Published in New York under Title: Intelligence warfare.
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE
Subject: ESPIONAGE
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
ISBN: 0861011473
Call Number: 327.8 /00093
Item ID: 70001806
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Mole
Author: Hood, William, 1920-
Published: New York : Norton, 1982
Physical Description: 317 p. ; 22 cm.
Notes: Includes bibliographical references.
Subject: ESPIONAGE, RUSSIAN
Subject: USSR. KGB
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Subject: SPIES--USSR--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: POPOV, PYOTR
ISBN: 039301388X
Call Number: 327.8 /00090
Item ID: 70001805
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Shadrin, the spy who never came back
Author: Hurt, Henry
Published: New York : Reader's Digest Press, 1981
Physical Description: xii, 301 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes index.
Subject: ESPIONAGE, RUSSIAN
Subject: SPIES--USA--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: DEFECTORS--USSR--BIOGRAPHY
Subject: SHADRIN, NICHOLAS
ISBN: 0070314780
Call Number: 327.8 /00089
Item ID: 70001804
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Intelligence Requirements for the 1980's : Covert Action
Additional Author: Godson, Roy, 1942- , ed.
Additional Author: National Strategy Information Center (US)
Published: Washington : National Strategic Information Center, 1981
Physical Description: ix, 243 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Papers and discussion summaries from a colloquium held in December, 1980, organized by the Consortium for the Study of Intelligence.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 0878558306
Call Number: 327.8 /00099
Item ID: 70001810
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1980

Title: Intelligence Requirements for the 1980's : Analysis and Estimates
Additional Author: Godson, Roy, 1942- , ed.
Additional Author: National Strategy Information Center (US)
Published: Washington : National Strategic Information Center, 1980
Physical Description: ix, 223 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Papers and discussion summaries from a colloquium held in Washington on November 30 and December 1, 1979, organized by the Consortium for the Study of Intelligence.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
ISBN: 0878558276
Call Number: 327.8 /00079
Item ID: 80006094
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
2016

Title: The KGB and Its Enduring Legacy
Author: Bateman, Aaron
Notes: The creation of the Federal'naia Sluzhba Bezopasnosti in 1995 represented the eighth time that the Russian secret police underwent an organizational transformation since the contemporary service was created in the form of the Cheka in 1917. The post-Soviet Russian security services have been shaped by the early Soviet secret police’s identity as a domestic security service protecting the Bolshevik Party. After the USSR collapsed, the KGB did not die; its power increased to a level not seen since the Andropov era. The FSB is the most direct successor to the KGB’s domestic apparatus and functions as both an intelligence agency and the extrajudicial political police of the Russian Government. The FSB has become the dominant security institution in Russia, which is emblematic of the Russian state’s continuing and historical obsession with domestic security and the use of extrajudicial force to maintain political stability.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR
Item ID: JA031754
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/13518046.2016.1129863
Media: Article

2015

Title: Spider Web : Al-Qaeda's Link to the Intelligence Agencies of the Major Powers
Author: Sanchez, Sergio E.
Subject: QAIDA (ORGANIZATION)
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA031173
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/08850607.2015.992753
Media: Article

Title: Intelligence and U.S. National Security Policy
Author: Best, Richard A.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: USA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA031174
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/08850607.2015.1022460
Media: Article

* This list contains material received as of June 8th, 2016.— Cette liste est arrêtée au 8 juin 2016.
Title: Intelligence Sharing Practices within NATO: An English School Perspective  
Author: Seagle, Adriana N.  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--NATO  
Item ID: JA031175  
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/08850607.2015.1022468  
Media: Article

Title: Finding the Right Answer: Adapting Military Intelligence to the Information Age  
Author: Ryan, Sean  
Notes: Rapid changes in technology and the democratisation of information capabilities have sparked the concept of 'War in the Information Age'. Intelligence branches within NATO militaries have been slow to adapt and risk being outpaced. The author, a former British military intelligence officer, argues that while some structural changes have occurred, lessons from the Afghanistan and Iraq campaigns about the nature of modern intelligence have not yet been learned, and fundamental changes to the doctrine, training and culture of military intelligence are required.  
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--NATO  
Item ID: JA031304  
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/03071847.2015.1079053  
Media: Article

Title: Beyond Information Sharing: NATO and the Foreign Fighter Threat  
Author: Deni, John R.  
Notes: Despite disagreement among experts and policymakers over its significance, the foreign fighter threat to Europe is very real. Intergovernmental organizations (IGOs), such as NATO, have an important role to play in countering this threat, including through information sharing. Even though the North Atlantic alliance has its hands full at the moment, member states can further leverage NATO's unique advantages.  
Subject: FOREIGN FIGHTERS  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--NATO  
Item ID: JA031393  
Media: Article

Title: Socio-Cultural Intelligence and National Security  
Author: Tomes, Robert R.  
In: PARAMETERS, vol. 45, no. 2, Summer 2015, p. 61-76.  
Notes: This article reviews, assesses, and makes recommendations relating to the provision and use of socio-cultural intelligence in support of national security policy. It details responses to gaps in social-cultural intelligence during the 2000s, and reinforces the importance of socio-cultural intelligence in addressing challenges in the emerging operational environment.  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
Subject: USA--NATIONAL SECURITY  
Item ID: JA031394  
Media: Article
Disrupting the Intelligence Community: America's Spy Agencies Need an Upgrade

Author: Harman, Jane


Notes: The article discusses the methodologies used by the U.S. government's intelligence services in espionage from 2001 through the mid 2010s, including the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) and the government's policies on the intelligence services. Topics, including the U.S. National Security Agency's (NSA's) conducting of electronic surveillance, open source intelligence, human intelligence, the leaking of classified information of the NSA contractor Edward Snowden, the U.S.'s policy of data mining, the civil liberties and privacy of Americans and the relationship between U.S. Internet industry and the NSA, are discussed.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: ESPIONAGE, AMERICAN

Item ID: JA030844
Link: http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=a9h&AN=100961108&site=ehost-live&scope=site
Media: Article

A Decade of EU Counter-Terrorism and Intelligence: A Critical Assessment


Subject: TERRORISM--PREVENTION--EU
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EU

Item ID: JA030899
Link: http://atoz.ebsco.com/Titles/SearchResults/7806?isFromAdvancedSearch=True&Find=intelligence+and+national&GetResourcesBy=TitleNameSearch&resourceTypeName=allTitles&resourceType=&SearchType=Contains
Media: Article

How U.S. Intelligence Got Iran Wrong

Author: Porter, Gareth

In: MIDDLE EAST POLICY, vol. 21, no. 3, Fall 2014, p. 95-103.

Subject: NUCLEAR WEAPONS--GOVERNMENT POLICY--IRAN
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA

Item ID: JA030973
Media: Article

The Revolution in Intelligence Affairs: 1989-2003

Author: Denece, Eric


Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE

Item ID: JA030075
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/08850607.2014.842796
Media: Article

Reforming the NSA: How to Spy After Snowden

Author: Byman, Daniel
Additional Author: Wittes, Benjamin


Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA

Item ID: JA030163
Link: http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=a9h&AN=95603436&site=ehost-live&scope=site
Media: Article
Title: Intelligence and Nuclear Proliferation
In: INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY, vol. 29, no. 3, June 2014, Special Issue.
Subject: NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE
Item ID: JA030264
Link: http://atoz.ebsco.com/Titles/SearchResults/7806?SearchType=1&Find=intelligence+and+national+security&GetResourcesBy=QuickSearch&resourceTypeName=allTitles&resourceType=&radioButtonChanged=
Media: Article

Title: Democratisation of Intelligence
In: INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY, vol. 29, no. 4, August 2014, Special Issue.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: DEMOCRATIZATION
Item ID: JA030406
Link: http://atoz.ebsco.com/Titles/SearchResults/7806?SearchType=1&Find=intelligence+and+national&GetResourcesBy=QuickSearch&resourceTypeName=allTitles&resourceType=&radioButtonChanged=
Media: Article

Title: Spying on Allies
Author: Easley, Leif-Eric
In: SURVIVAL, vol. 56, no. 4, August - September 2014, p. 141-156.
Notes: Although some programmes crossed lines of propriety, US surveillance of partners did not constitute a breach of trust.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: USA. NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY
Item ID: JA030408
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00396338.2014.941545
Media: Article

Title: The World's Second Oldest Profession: The Transatlantic Spying Scandal and Its Aftermath
Author: Dover, Robert
Notes: The revelations from the former National Security Agency contractor, Edward Snowden, in July 2013 will have an enduring impact on the modern business of intelligence and the communication strategies of governments and non-state based adversaries alike. Snowden's revelations do not mark a fundamental divergence from the general understanding of intelligence. In making these implied understandings public, however, Snowden has changed the political dynamic around mass surveillance. The revelations amplify a tension within several layers of social contract from interactions between governments to those between governments and citizens. Long-term, diplomatic relations between the US and European governments should remain largely unaffected.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: USA. NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY
Item ID: JA030420
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/03932729.2014.904989
Media: Article
Title: The Intelligence War on Terrorism  
Author: Byman, Daniel  
Notes: What is the role of intelligence for counterterrorism? Most studies of counterterrorism ignore the vital role of intelligence, focus only on its most controversial aspects, or fail to recognize how counterterrorism intelligence differs from traditional intelligence issues. This article argues that many of the common criticisms of the CIA and other agencies misunderstand counterterrorism intelligence and what is realistic for gaining information on terrorist groups. In particular, the important role of signals intelligence, liaison relationships, document exploitation, and interrogation are overlooked. In addition, intelligence analysis and the relationship with the policymaker differ fundamentally for counterterrorism. This article emphasizes the need to recognize these differences when evaluating counterterrorism and calls for being cautious with intelligence reform. In addition, it argues for changing US detention policy and making the public more aware of the inevitable gaps related to counterterrorism intelligence.  
Subject: TERRORISM--PREVENTION  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE  
Item ID: JA030518  
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/02684527.2013.851876  
Media: Article

Title: Russia's Failed Transformation: The Power of the KGB/FSB from Gorbachev to Putin  
Author: Walther, Ulf  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)  
Subject: USSR. KGB  
Item ID: JA030535  
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/08850607.2014.924808  
Media: Article

Title: Le renseignement d'intérêt militaire: indépendance nationale et perspectives européennes  
Author: Fayolle, Pauline  
Notes: Partager le renseignement militaire entre Europeens, c'est une necessite aeree mais aussi un casse-tete politique et technique. Mieux que d'autres, la France peut y contribuer, comme l'auteur l'expose, en faisant le tour de cette question sensible.  
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--EUROPE  
Item ID: JA029992  
Media: Article

2013

Title: Ce que l'affaire 'Prism' dit de l'Amerique  
Author: Bujon, Anne-Lorraine  
Notes: Edward Snowden's revelations about the extent of the National Security Agency's (NSA) surveillance programs have unleashed a torrent of emotions around the world but comparatively little outcry in the United States. What accounts for this subdued reaction from a nation that often leaps to the defense of civil liberties? The recent past holds much of the answer: the U.S. is still deeply traumatized by the attacks of September 11, 2001 and its intelligence services' inability to prevent them. The laws passed by George W. Bush in the aftermath of 9/11 allowed the NSA to vastly augment its eavesdropping resources, while blurring the borders between the private and public spheres. Except for a few cosmetic changes, Barack Obama is following in the footsteps of his predecessor. Nor is there any change in sight, as long as America continues to wage its 'war on terror'.  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
Item ID: JA030033  
Link: http://www.politiqueinternationale.com/revue/article.php?id_revue=142&id=1246&content=synopsis  
Media: Article
Title: Chinese Intelligence in the Cyber Age
Author: Inkster, Nigel
Notes: Foreign intelligence collection was not a major feature of China's intelligence culture until fairly recently. Now cyber-espionage has led to a step-change in capabilities.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--CHINA
Subject: CYBER INTELLIGENCE (COMPUTER SECURITY)--CHINA
Item ID: JA029162
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00396338.2013.767405
Media: Article

Title: Evaluating CIA's Analytic Performance: Reflections of a Former Analyst
Author: Marrin, Stephen
Notes: Many people point to high profile failures like 9/11 and Iraq as indicators that CIA's analytic performance is inadequate or flawed. Flawed by design. A legacy of ashes. A culture of failure. Or so goes the conventional wisdom. Fortunately this conventional wisdom is wrong. These so-called failures more accurately represent the perennial dilemmas and tradeoffs associated with the analytic function and, most importantly, the inappropriate expectation that these observers hold of CIA's ability to prevent surprises. As a matter of fact, there is much that people do not fully understand about the CIA.
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Item ID: JA029361
Media: Article

Title: Escaping from American Intelligence: Culture, Ethnocentrism and the Anglophone
Author: Aldrich, Richard J.
Additional Author: Kasuku, John
Notes: The United States and its closest allies now spend over $100 billion a year on intelligence. Ten years after 9/11, the intelligence machine is certainly bigger - but not necessarily better. American intelligence continues to privilege old-fashioned strategic analysis for policy-makers and exhibits a technocratic approach to asymmetric security threats, epitomized by the accelerated use of drone strikes and data-mining. Distinguished commentators have focused on the panacea of top-down reform, while politicians and practitioners have created entirely new agencies. However, these prescriptions for change remain conceptually limited because of underlying Anglo-Saxon presumptions about what intelligence is. Although intelligence is a global business, when we talk about intelligence we tend to use a vocabulary that is narrowly derived from the experiences of America and its English-speaking nebula. This article deploys the notion of strategic culture to explain why this is. It then explores the cases of China and South Africa to suggest how we might begin to rethink our intelligence communities and their tasks. It argues that the road to success is about individuals, attitudes and cultures rather than organizations. Future improvements will depend on our ability to recognize the changing nature of the security environment and to practise the art of 'intelligence among the people'. While the United States remains the world's most significant military power, its strategic culture is unsuited to this new terrain and arguably other countries have adapted to it better.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA028869
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1468-2346.2012.01116.x
Media: Article
Quelles leçons tirer de la privatisation du renseignement aux États-Unis ?

Puyvelde, Damien Van

REVUE INTERNATIONALE ET STRATEGIQUE, no. 87, automne 2012, p. 43-52.

Un aperçu des raisons, des modalités et des conséquences de la privatisation du renseignement aux États-Unis depuis 2001, met en lumière une série de leçons qui pourrait s’avérer utile aux décideurs français. Au XXIe siècle, l’intensification des relations public-prive dans le secteur du renseignement paraît inévitable pour qui veut maintenir des services de renseignement compétitifs. Cependant, ces relations sont appelées à se développer dans un marché caractérisé par une concurrence imparfaite. Il est donc nécessaire que l’État attache une attention particulière au contrôle de ce marché afin de pallier les aspects les plus négatifs de son externalisation et de maintenir une hiérarchie entre autorité publique et secteur privé.

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE -- USA
INTELLIGENCE SERVICE -- FRANCE
CONTRACTING OUT -- USA
CONTRACTING OUT -- FRANCE

Du renseignement

REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 755, décembre 2012, p. 11-85 (plusieurs articles).

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE

Intelligence Reform : Adapting to the Changing Security Environment

Lonsdale, David J.


In recent years the intelligence communities of the United States and the United Kingdom have faced a rapidly changing security environment. In that time, a number of high-profile failures have exposed weaknesses within these communities and how they perform their tasks. This article analyses these failures, identifying the key problems, and examines the various reforms designed to overcome the identified weaknesses. These reforms are discussed in three categories : structural change, budget increases, and increased oversight procedures. The article concludes with an assessment of whether said reforms have produced intelligence communities ready for the new security environment.

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE

A Decade of Intelligence beyond 9/11 : Security, Diplomacy and Human Rights

INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY, vol. 27, no. 5, October 2012, Special Issue.

SEPTEMBER 11 TERRORIST ATTACKS, 2001
Title: Intelligence and Grand Strategy
Author: Fingar, Thomas
Notes: Elegant strategies can be constructed without reference to intelligence but persuading policymakers to implement them without knowing what intelligence might have to say about their likely efficacy and unintended consequences would be exceedingly difficult. Intelligence-derived information and insights should not dictate the goals of grand strategy, but they should inform decisions about what to do, how to do it, and what to look for in order to assess how well or badly the strategy is working.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: STRATEGY
Subject: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
Item ID: JA028243
Media: Article

2011

Title: Agents for Stability or Chaos: Conceptualizing Intelligence 'Relevance' in Counterinsurgency.
Author: Michaels, Jeffrey H.
Notes: Recent discussions among US officials about how the intelligence community can demonstrate its 'relevance' to counterinsurgency have been dominated by an ideology that presupposes large-scale military intervention, and in which the role of intelligence is limited to improving analysis in support of current military activities, with little debate of future requirements. This article highlights a number of alternative conceptions of intelligence 'relevance' to counterinsurgency, based on a study of several historical and contemporary US and non-US cases, and by applying a wider definition of counterinsurgency that includes cases where the military plays a subordinate role relative to the intelligence services.
Subject: COUNTERINSURGENCY
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA027587
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/1057610X.2011.545936
Media: Article

Title: British Intelligence Failures in Iraq
Author: Morrison, John N. L.
In: INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY, vol. 26, no. 4, August 2011, p. 509-520.
Notes: This article looks at specific instances of how the United Kingdom's strategic culture dealt with two specific perceived security challenges - Afghanistan as the home of terrorism and Iraq as the supposed possessor of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) - and how the UK's cultural background both determined and misled those involved in the intelligence cycle. These were not new problems - the UK intelligence community had been aware of the potential for cultural bias for decades but repeatedly failed to learn the appropriate lessons. In the case of Iraq these endemic problems led to failures at all four stages of the traditional intelligence cycle - requirement setting, collection, assessment and dissemination. The overall result was a loss of public confidence in intelligence which may have lessened its overall influence in the wider strategic culture for many years. However, the main blame attaches to the politicians who misused and abused intelligence to justify their purely political decisions to undertake aggression against a sovereign state.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GREAT BRITAIN
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011--GREAT BRITAIN
Item ID: JA027910
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/02684527.2011.580604
Media: Article
Comprehensive intelligence support has become a key requirement in contemporary peace operations. To deal with complex security challenges, international organizations are required not only to develop relevant intelligence structures but also to integrate civilian and military information and actors within them. There is an inherent risk, however, that too much integration will water down intelligence as a concept, in so far as it becomes more difficult to protect sensitive information, sources and methods. Both the UN and the EU have sought to establish integrated intelligence structures, but with mixed results. In tracing the evolution of UN and EU intelligence, this article sheds light on the trend in international peacekeeping towards intelligence-driven operations, in bringing together new empirical knowledge about the two organizations, the article also identifies key determining factors behind the development of intelligence structures within international organizations - a capacity normally seen as belonging to the national domain.
Title: Russia's Very Secret Services
Author: Soldatov, Andrei
Additional Author: Borogan, Irina
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA027621
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1177/0740277511402800
Media: Article

Title: Exploring the Maze: Counter-Proliferation Intelligence
Author: Crawford, Michael
Notes: Constrained by increasingly tight resources, Western intelligence agencies will have to take their relationships with one another to a new level of trust.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION
Item ID: JA027627
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00396338.2011.571017
Media: Article

Title: Intelligence in the Cold War: What Difference Did It Make?
In: INTELLIGENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY, vol. 26, no. 6, December 2011, Special Issue.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: COLD WAR
Item ID: JA028252
Link: http://atoz.ebsco.com/Titles/SearchResults/7806?IsFromAdvancedSearch=True&Find=intelligence+and+national+security&GetResourcesBy=TitleNameSearch&resourceTypeName=allTitles&resourceType=&SearchType=Contains
Media: Article

Title: Intelligence Reform in New Democracies: Factors Supporting or Arresting Progress
Author: Matei, Florina Cristiana
Additional Author: Bruneau, Thomas
Notes: This article examines an important (and most problematic) component of the democratic civil-military relations (CMR) concept (understood in terms of democratic control, effectiveness, and efficiency of the armed forces, police forces, and intelligence agencies). It focuses (1) on the democratization of intelligence, that is finding a proper balance between intelligence effectiveness and transparency, and (2) on what particular factors support or arrest progress in the democratization of intelligence. The article provides supporting examples from Brazil and Romania, two developing democracies that have been undergoing major reforms of their intelligence systems for almost 20 years, in terms of both transparency and effectiveness.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: DEMOCRATIZATION
Subject: CIVIL-MILITARY RELATIONS
Item ID: JA027835
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/13510347.2011.586257
Media: Article
2011

Title: Unintelligent Design
Author: Pillar, Paul R.
In: NATIONAL INTEREST, no. 109, September - October 2010, p. 43-50.
Notes: In the wake of the worst terrorist attack on US soil, Americans cried out for catharsis. The 9/11 Commission delivered. What we are left with is an ill-conceived bureaucracy in the guise of reform. And sitting atop this restructuring extravaganza was the greatest error of all: the director of national intelligence. No amount of organization-chart fixes will crack the tough nuts, eliminate the signal-to-noise problem or avoid the oversights that are all too human.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE -- USA
Item ID: JA027094
Link: http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=a9h&AN=53373729&site=ehost-live&scope=site
Media: Article

2010

Title: Putting a Human and Historical Face on Intelligence Contracting
Author: Cohen, Raphael S.
Notes: This history of intelligence contracting in the United States is in many ways the story of American intelligence itself. For all the current criticism of this 'new post-9/11 industry,' intelligence contracting pre-existed the creation of formal intelligence bureaucracies and gradually developed from alliance-based intelligence sharing and ad-hoc individual agreements into the increasingly private and corporate companies of today. Most of the criticisms of the field are similarly rooted in history: over the ages, some have been legitimate and others less so. Ultimately, when viewed in context, however, intelligence contracting is not nearly as dark or nefarious as is typically portrayed, but rather has been and continues to be a pillar of American intelligence production.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE -- USA
Subject: CONTRACTING OUT -- USA
Item ID: JA026708
Media: Article

Title: A Wilderness of Shifting Mirrors: Western Counter-Intelligence in the Next Decade
Author: Mahadevan, Prem
Notes: Western counter-intelligence suffered a massive reputational loss on 9/11. Although many of the risks remain the same, the next decade is likely to see the increasing incidence of 'grey area phenomena': the convergence of subversive threats in ungoverned spaces. Better counter-espionage will be required to tackle cyber-attacks and information asymmetry, whilst some threats - such as the crime-terror nexus and proxy warfare - will require enhanced investment across the whole range of counter-intelligence capabilities.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: ESPIONAGE
Item ID: JA027560
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/03071847.2010.530502
Media: Article

Title: The World's Hardest Target: United States Intelligence on Iran
Author: Giraldi, Philip
In: MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 21, no. 3, Summer 2010, p. 16-25.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE -- USA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE -- IRAN
Item ID: JA027173
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1215/10474552-2010-013
Media: Article
Title: Russia’s New Nobility: The Rise of the Security Services in Putin’s Kremlin
Author: Soldatov, Andrei
Additional Author: Borogan, Irina
Notes: Over the last decade, Vladimir Putin has presided over the resurrection of Russia’s security state. Officers in the country’s security agencies—especially the FSB—wield great influence over Russia’s domestic political life, foreign policy, and economic interests. If Russian President Dmitry Medvedev is serious about modernizing the country, he will have to rein in the virtually untrammeled power of the security services.
Subject: INTERNAL SECURITY--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA027066
Media: Article

Title: New Intelligence Blunders?
Author: Wilson, John Hughes
Notes: Good intelligence relies on accuracy, probity and independence. In the current time of global terrorist threats, intelligence is more vital—and visible—than ever in protecting the public and national interest. But collection and analysis of information is fraught with difficulty. Even modern technology throws up as many problems as it solves by inundating operatives with a tsunami of information. Yet examination of the two main blunders of the last decade show that it is the human element that, as ever, is the weakest link in the intelligence chain.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA026625
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/03071841003683484
Media: Article

Title: ‘Renseignement’: The New French Intelligence Policy
Author: Hayez, Philippe
Notes: Why did the French government embark in 2008, under President Nicolas Sarkozy’s authority, on a reform of intelligence that was not mandated by some organizational dysfunction or citizens’ demand?
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--FRANCE
Item ID: JA026967
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/08850600903565928
Media: Article

Title: US Intelligence at the Crossroads
Author: Ellis, William W.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA026868
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1215/10474552-2010-001
Media: Article
Title: Evaluating 'Humint': The Role of Foreign Agents in U.S. Security
Author: Johnson, Loch
Notes: Intelligence is considered the first line of defense in US security against foreign threats. Relying on archival research, rare survey data, and interviews with policymakers and intelligence professionals, this research explores the contribution to America's security made by humint - spies - over the years. Humint has its downsides, especially the unreliability of agents, but it has proved to be a useful tool for gathering information about world affairs. Survey data from inside the intelligence community indicates a high level of reliance on humint by Washington decision makers. The prudent policymaker will continue to seek information from all collection sources, with human intelligence having a valuable role to play.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: ESPIONAGE, AMERICAN
Item ID: JA027229
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/01495933.2010.509635
Media: Article

2009

Title: Intelligence Aspects of the 2008 Conflict Between Russia and Georgia
Author: Lefebvre, Stephane
Additional Author: MacDermott, Roger N.
Notes: This article discusses the status and recent evolution of Georgian intelligence agencies, and in particular how well they have performed with respect to the Russian challenge since President Saakashvili assumed power in 2004. The article also discusses Georgian intelligence with respect to its international engagement, and recommends options for NATO that would assist Georgia in reforming and professionalizing its intelligence agencies along the lines of advanced or more mature democracies.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GEORGIA (REPUBLIC)
Subject: SOUTH OSSETIA WAR, 2008
Item ID: JA025736
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/13518040802695225
Media: Article

Title: Change, Crisis and Transformation: Challenges for Western Intelligence in the Twenty-First Century
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA025859
Link: http://atoz.ebsco.com/Titles/SearchResults/7806?SearchType=1&Find=intelligence+and+national+security&GetResourcesBy=QuickSearch&resourceTypeName=allTitles&resourceType=&radioButtonChanged=
Media: Article

Title: The Viability of a Canadian Foreign Intelligence Service
Author: Robinson, Paul
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--CANADA
Item ID: JA026269
Link: http://dx.doi.org/10.1177/002070200906400307
Media: Article
Title: Pakistan's Inter-Services Intelligence Directorate: A State within a State?
Author: Roberts, Mark J.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--PAKISTAN
Item ID: JA024417
Media: Article

Title: The Iraq Survey Group: From Weapons of Mass Destruction to Counterinsurgency
Author: Shuster, Richard J.
Notes: The discovery and elimination of Iraq's alleged weapons of mass destruction (WMD) was a focal point of the Coalition's strategy and operations in the aftermath of Operation 'Iraqi Freedom'. Despite the failure of the WMD mission to meet expectations after almost four years of intensive operations, the Iraq Survey Group (ISG) was able to integrate multinational and multi-agency forces to provide detailed intelligence regarding the history of Iraq's WMD programs and to assist in the battle against insurgents. The ISG experience raises the question of whether a standing intelligence force could become a key component in future counterproliferation and counterterrorism efforts around the world.
Subject: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION--IRAQ
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA024772
Media: Article

Title: Intelligence Sharing for Counter-Insurgency
Author: Walsh, James Igoe
Notes: This article analyzes how and why governments co-operating against an insurgency can effectively share intelligence. Host countries facing armed opposition on their territory often secure military and intelligence assistance from allied states.
Subject: COUNTERINSURGENCY
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA025176
Media: Article

Title: JO : la medaille d'or de l'espionnage
Author: Faligot, Roger
In: POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE, no. 120, ete 2008, p. 137-151.
Notes: Regardless of the sporting achievements and political consequences of the Beijing Olympic Games, the Chinese security and intelligence community will be viewing the event as an unprecedented test of its abilities, paving the way to spectacular progress. The Games provide an opportunity to make a quantum leap in its population surveillance capabilities and development of global observation resources. A constellation of organizations reporting directly to the Communist Party, the all-seeing Ministry of Public Safety and even the army has been deployed. These bodies have all been charged with information-gathering, surveillance of participants and visitors, and the maintenance of order. Chinese strategists are counting on the Games, as well as the 2010 Shanghai World Expo, to prove their competence and show the world how effective they are in China's accession to the rank of superpower.
Subject: OLYMPIC GAMES (2008)
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--CHINA
Item ID: JA024997
Media: Article
Title: The Cultural Revolution in Intelligence: Interim Report
Author: Tucker, Nancy Bernkopf
Notes: A recent intelligence official argues that the National Intelligence Estimate (NIE) on Iran reflects initial intelligence reform, but warns that a fundamental and thorough transformation of the intelligence community culture, with seven steps to achieve it, is still needed and time is running out.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA024721
Media: Article

2007

Title: The ISI and the War on Terrorism
Author: Gregory, Shaun
Notes: Pakistan's Directorate of Inter-Service Intelligence (ISI) plays an ambiguous role in the War on Terrorism. An important ally for Western intelligence with whom it has very close links, the ISI also has a long history of involvement in supporting and promoting terrorism in the name of Pakistan's geostrategic interests. This article explores the nature of the ISI and its aims and objectives in the post-9/11 era. It argues that the focus of the ISI's actions are to shore up Pakistan's ruling elite and to destabilize Pakistan's enemies by the promotion of Sunni Islamism at home and of pan-Islamist jihad abroad. The ISI's strategy, however, deeply conflicts with that of the West, a point underlined by the resurgence of Al Qaeda and the Taliban almost six years after the War on Terrorism began. With grave new trends evident in Pakistan, reliance on the ISI is failing and a Western rethink of its intelligence strategy toward Pakistan is now imperative.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--PAKISTAN
Subject: TERRORISM--GOVERNMENT POLICY--PAKISTAN
Subject: WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001-2009
Item ID: JA024299
Media: Article

Title: The Right Stuff
Author: Pillar, Paul R.
In: NATIONAL INTEREST, no. 91, September - October 2007, p. 53-59.
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA024049
Media: Article

Title: Preparing for a Soviet Occupation: The Strategy of 'Stay-Behind'
Subject: GLADIO (ORGANIZATION)
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: PARAMILITARY FORCES--EUROPE
Item ID: JA024317
Media: Article

Title: George Tenet's Machiavellian Moment
Author: Giraldi, Philip
In: MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 18, no. 3, Summer 2007, p. 31-38.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Item ID: JA024030
Media: Article
Title: Overhauling Intelligence
Author: MacConnell, Mike
Notes: Sixty years ago, the National Security Act created a US intelligence infrastructure that would help win the Cold War. But on 9/11, the need to reform that system became painfully clear. The Office of the Director of National Intelligence is now spearheading efforts to enable the intelligence community to better shield the United States from the new threats it faces.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA023822
Media: Article

2006

Title: Does the UN Have Intelligence?
Author: Chesterman, Simon
Notes: Is collective security possible when evaluating and responding to threats depend on access to intelligence that, by its nature, cannot be shared openly? Debates over whether the United States should share intelligence with and through the United Nations have arisen in every administration and have been won each time by those who showed that it was in the US interest to do so. The question is no longer whether intelligence should be shared, but rather how and to what effect.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: UNITED NATIONS
Item ID: JA022698
Media: Article

Title: The Rise of Intelligence
Author: Kahn, David
Notes: Modern militaries’ obsession with intelligence gathering and evaluation would have bemused Caesar and Napoleon, since such behavior was rarely engaged in until recently. In the war on terrorism, intelligence is playing its greatest role yet, but even today, espionage and intelligence analysis will not be the decisive factors.
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE
Item ID: JA022823
Media: Article

Title: Military Persuasion, Intelligence and the War on Terror
Author: Cimbala, Stephen J.
Notes: In waging modern war or making peace, the mastery of military persuasion will be indispensable. Military persuasion is based on intelligence and the shrewd application of intelligence to the problem of formulating strategy. Intelligence supports military persuasion in a number of ways. Intelligence lets us see and know the battlespace and communicate what we know to shooters and commanders in a timely manner. But beyond this vital and immediate visual and electronic mapping of war in good time, intelligence provides anticipatory political and military information that may make possible the avoidance of war by means of successful diplomatic coercion or other means of non-belligerent conflict resolution. Intelligence is as valuable in this regard as it is vulnerable to the inevitable distortions of technical glitches and human nature. Intelligence evolves, along with military persuasion, in a world that refuses to stand still involving new technologies, more actors, adaptive threats and undoubtedly unforeseen systemic disturbances.
Subject: STRATEGY
Subject: PSYCHOLOGICAL WARFARE
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE
Subject: WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001-2009
Item ID: JA022276
Media: Article
Title: Reports, Politics, and Intelligence Failures: The Case of Iraq
Author: Jervis, Robert
Notes: The intelligence failure concerning Iraqi weapons of mass destruction (WMD) has been the center of political controversy and official investigation in three countries. This article reviews the 'Report on the US Intelligence Community's Prewar Intelligence Assessments on Iraq', Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, 7 July 2004, 'Review of Intelligence on Weapons of Mass Destruction', a Report of a Committee of Privy Councillors to the House of Commons, 14 July 2004 (the Butler Report), 'Report of the President of the United States', The Commission on the Intelligence Capabilities of the United States Regarding Weapons of Mass Destruction, 31 March 2005. It explores the reasons for their deficiencies and the failure itself. This case and the investigations of it are similar to many previous ones. The investigations are marred by political bias and excessive hindsight. Neither the investigations nor contemporary intelligence on Iraqi WMD followed good social science practices. The comparative method was not utilized, confirmation bias was rampant, alternative hypotheses were not tested, and negative evidence was ignored. Although the opportunities to do better are many, the prospects for adequate reform are dim.
Subject: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION--IRAQ
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA022468
Media: Article

Title: Old Allies, New Friends: Intelligence-Sharing in the War on Terror
Author: Reveron, Derek S.
Notes: The Bush administration's designation of its national strategy as a war on terror highlights the importance of combating terrorism on an international level. Fundamental to this effort is bilateral intelligence-sharing. Intelligence reform efforts to date have focused on improving intelligence-sharing within the US intelligence community. However, critical intelligence can be gained through America's international partners. This paper assesses the state of bilateral intelligence-sharing relationships and the challenges that need to be overcome.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA022590
Media: Article

Title: It's a Cultural Thing: Thoughts on a Troubled CIA
Author: Jones, Garrett
Notes: The CIA has recently been the subject of numerous presidential commissions and Congressional committees concerned either with the details of individual operations or with sweeping reforms in structure and organization. One of the repeated themes in these reports is that the Agency must change its 'culture'. This article identifies and offers possible remedies for cultural problems in the two directorates (the Directorate of Intelligence and the Directorate of Operations) and Agency-wide, and argues for enhanced accountability.
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA022390
Media: Article
The authors discuss the role of the intelligence and security services in the Russian political system since the demise of the Soviet Union in 1991. In the second half of 1991, the old KGB, having been a conglomerate of different services under a centralised leadership, was divided into roughly five new services. Following several reorganisations in the 1990s, the main internal security service in 1995 became the FSB, the Federal Security Service. Just as the KGB was called the 'shield and sword of the party' in the communist era, under Yeltsin and especially Putin the intelligence and security services still play an extremely important role in the defence of the regime and the state. Under Putin, many more FSB officers than had been the case previously have been awarded key positions in the Russian state apparatus and in society as a whole. There are, however, serious doubts about the efficiency of the services, in particular the FSB. Not only has it not been able to prevent many major terrorist attacks in Russia since 2000, especially by Chechen rebels, it has also largely operated as the strong arm of the Kremlin without even the semblance of independent oversight, neither by one of the chambers of parliament nor by any other body. There are strong indications that the FSB is guilty of serious and systematic human rights violations, in particular in Chechnya and other regions of the Northern Caucasus.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: SECRET SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA022505
Media: Article

Supplying accurate and actionable intelligence for the 'global war on terror' is threatened by a convergence of societal and governmental trends that make it extremely difficult to hire the right people, train them or allow them to collaborate effectively. None of the current efforts to reform the US intelligence community addresses these virtually intractable pedagogical, cultural and organisational challenges. However, there are some possible measures to remedy these weaknesses, at least partially. Emerging information technology, already being adopted by commercial and non-governmental enterprises, has the potential to address the key aspects of the structural problems plaguing the intelligence community.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA022278
Media: Article

During the run-up to the invasion of Iraq the Bush administration disregarded the community’s expertise, politicized the intelligence process, and selected unrepresentative raw intelligence to make its public case.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011
Item ID: JA022221
Media: Article

Cinco anos despues de los atentados a las Torres Gemelas, los servicios de inteligencia siguen envueltos en un proceso de modernizacion. Los nuevos riesgos exigen un uso mas eficaz de la informacion, cooperacion internacional y estrategias preventivas.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA022990
Media: Article
Defeating the Sixth Column: Intelligence and Strategy in the War on Islamist Terrorism

**Title:** Defeating the Sixth Column: Intelligence and Strategy in the War on Islamist Terrorism  
**Author:** Schindler, John R.  
**In:** ORBIS, vol. 49, no. 4, Fall 2005, p. 695-712.  
**Notes:** For the first time since the late 1940s, Washington is attempting a comprehensive analysis of the role and performance of the American intelligence system. In rethinking intelligence, it needs to address that the sixth column - Islamist terrorists residing in states that knowingly or unknowingly give them sanctuary - is the weak underbelly in the war on terror. To defeat this sixth column, important personnel, doctrinal, and cultural issues need to be addressed. The experience of other countries that have had success in fighting terrorism suggests that the United States must focus on offensive counterintelligence, penetrating terrorist groups, and creating mistrust among them.  
**Subject:** INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
**Subject:** TERRORISM--GOVERNMENT POLICY--USA  
**Item ID:** JA021805  
**Media:** Article

Re-Forming Intelligence

**Title:** Re-Forming Intelligence  
**Author:** Chambliss, Saxby  
**In:** NATIONAL INTEREST, no. 79, Spring 2005, p. 79-83.  
**Subject:** INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
**Item ID:** JA021419  
**Media:** Article

The British Secret State Old and New

**Title:** The British Secret State Old and New  
**Author:** Hennessy, Peter  
**In:** RUSI JOURNAL, vol. 150, no. 3, June 2005, p. 16-22.  
**Subject:** INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GREAT BRITAIN  
**Item ID:** JA021591  
**Media:** Article

Hacia una politica europea de inteligencia

**Title:** Hacia una politica europea de inteligencia  
**Notes:** La idea de establecer un servicio de inteligencia europeo no es nueva. El 11-M hizo perder la inocencia a la UE, y demostrar lo improrrogable de redefinir la seguridad y sus mecanismos.  
**Subject:** INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EU  
**Item ID:** JA021788  
**Media:** Article

Nachrichtendienstrefom in den USA

**Title:** Nachrichtendienstrefom in den USA  
**Author:** Dean, Sidney E.  
**In:** EUROPAISCHE SICHERHEIT, 54. Jg., Nr. 5, Mai 2005, S. 20-22.  
**Subject:** INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
**Item ID:** JA021464  
**Media:** Article
Refondre le renseignement

Mignot, Bruno

DEFENSE NATIONALE, 61e année, no. 12, décembre 2005, p. 87-96.


L'article a pour objet de montrer que la cohérence globale des moyens français de synthèse du renseignement passe par une refonte du dispositif national, selon une logique de performance adaptée aux exigences de la loi organique relative aux lois de finances (LoiF), et que le ministère de la Défense pourrait servir de laboratoire en la matière.

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--FRANCE

Limits of Intelligence Analysis

Heuer, Richards J.


Everyone agrees that good intelligence collection and analysis is essential for our security, but there is very little agreement about what this means in practice. The author diagnoses the limits and distortions that arise within an intelligence organization and offers thoughtful and practical advice on how to improve the analysis.

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE

We Have Not Correctly Framed the Debate on Intelligence Reform

Chambliss, Saxby


The author examines the current debate regarding America’s intelligence capabilities. The glaring intelligence failures leading up to 9/11, combined with inability to correctly assess Saddam’s weapons of mass destruction programs and his relationship with other Islamist terrorists, led the Administration and the Congress to attempt a rapid overhaul of the intelligence community and its accompanying capabilities. The author outlines his concern that, as with any reform of this nature, it is the manner in which the debate is framed that will determine the final success or failure of the process. The author examines several critical capabilities and relationships key to successful intelligence reform, chief among which is the role of the new Director of National Intelligence (DNI), and concludes there is a need to focus on four critical points: (1) The necessity to recognize current weaknesses in the field of human intelligence (HUMINT) and to take the appropriate corrective actions. (2) The need to improve congressional oversight of the intelligence process through the establishment of subcommittees within the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence. (3) A requirement to reorganize military intelligence to allow for unity of command and an efficient relationship with the new DNI. (4) Finally, the need to improve current capabilities related to the sharing of intelligence.

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Title: Turkey's Intelligence Community in Changing Times  
Author: Lefebvre, Stephane  
Notes: While the field of intelligence studies is vibrant and expanding in the wake of the terrorist attacks against the United States on 11 September 2001, very little is being written about the intelligence systems of countries like Turkey and its neighbours, and even less on a comparative basis. This article attempts to develop a base of knowledge on Turkey's intelligence community from the few publicly accessible sources that do exist, in the belief that the community plays a significant role in state affairs and will continue to do so in the foreseeable future. In doing so, it first discusses Turkey's intelligence system, then elaborates on that country's intelligence requirements, explores the nature and extent of Turkey's intelligence relationships, and, to conclude, offers some thoughts on where the community is headed.  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--TURKEY  
Item ID: JA022521  
Media: Article

Title: September 11 and the Adaptation Failure of US Intelligence Agencies  
Author: Zegart, Amy B.  
Notes: The author argues that the vulnerability of the United States to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, is explained by the failure of US intelligence agencies to address the rise of the terrorist challenge following the 1991 collapse of the Soviet Union and the end of the Cold War. The author presents evidence suggesting that although policymakers were well aware of the terrorist threat to the United States and realized the need for organizational change in the US intelligence community, they were unable to achieve the reforms that several blue-ribbon commissions and studies urgently recommended before the September 11 attacks. The author contends that three factors explain the intelligence community's failure to adapt: the nature of bureaucratic organizations; the self-interest of presidents, legislators, and government bureaucrats; and the fragmented structure of the federal government.  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
Subject: SEPTEMBER 11 TERRORIST ATTACKS, 2001  
Item ID: JA021752  
Media: Article

Title: La loi américaine sur le renseignement : reforme ou faux-semblant ?  
Author: Cogan, Charles  
In: DEFENSE NATIONALE, 61e annee, no. 4, avril 2005, p. 41-54.  
Notes: Pour prevenir une autre attaque massive contre le homeland des Etats-Unis, la Commission du 11 seomptre a recommande que l'on centralise la communauta du renseignement, en creant le poste du directeur national du renseignement, avec une autorite directe sur le budget et le personnel de toutes les agences qui font partie de la communauta. Le nouvel acte sur la reforme du renseignement est moins categorique sur ce point-clé, du en partie a la sourde resistance du Pentagone, qui jusqu'ici garde la haute main sur 80% du budget de la communauta. On restera donc dans le flou pour quelque temps, pendant que la situation se decante.  
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA  
Item ID: JA021446  
Media: Article
Title: Missing the Plot? Intelligence and Discourse Failure
Author: Neumann, Peter R.
Additional Author: Smith, M. L. R.
Notes: Recent Congressional inquiries have blamed the intelligence community for failing to anticipate the scale of the terrorist threat leading up to 9/11 and, thereafter, for failing to ascertain the scope of Iraqi WMD prior to the United States' invasion of that country. But mistakes in intelligence are only part of the story. Public perceptions tend to view intelligence agencies as independent research institutes charged with forecasting future political events and providing accurate advice to policy makers. In reality, intelligence organizations can never aspire to the ideal of an autonomous institution freely purveying objective information and assessment to politicians. Intelligence agencies reflect national priorities, and in democratic states, especially, they will invariably exhibit all the characteristics that mold a particular culture and civilization. In this respect, intelligence agencies often mirror their own societies.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: SEPTEMBER 11 TERRORIST ATTACKS, 2001
Item ID: JA021146
Media: Article

Title: The Limits of Intelligence Reform
Author: Fessenden, Helen
In: FOREIGN AFFAIRS, vol. 84, no. 6, November - December 2005, p. 106-120.
Notes: The shock of September 11 focused long-overdue attention on the failings of the US intelligence system. But less than a year after the passage of a landmark intelligence reform bill, the prospects for real change are increasingly remote. Bureaucratic self-protection and insider squabbling have thwarted sound policy yet again, and the consequences for national security could be dire.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA022002
Media: Article

Title: Les services de renseignement francais en quete d'une nouvelle identite
Author: Klen, Michel
Notes: Parfois discrédite par des affaires qui sont exploitées, voire altérées, par des médias en quête de sensationnel, le renseignement français traverse une crise d'identité. Ce trouble est du essentiellement aux relations complexes que les acteurs de cette activité controversée, mais indispensable dans tout État, entretiennent avec le pouvoir politique et les organismes d'information destinés au grand public. Le malaise est amplifié par les dysfonctionnements inhérents à une certaine pesanteur bureaucratique et aux luttes internes entre les différents services et réseaux. Le débat a pris une dimension particulière avec la place que le renseignement doit occuper dans une démocratie, un sujet brûlant qui s'efforce de concilier des notions apparemment contradictoires, comme le secret et la transparence, la raison d'État et la légalité.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--FRANCE
Item ID: JA021686
Media: Article

Title: Warning of Terror: Explaining the Failure of Intelligence Against Terrorism
Author: Dahl, Erik J.
Notes: Many scholars and analysts have studied intelligence failure and surprise and developed theories to explain disasters as the attack on Pearl Harbor. Others, especially since the 9/11 attacks, have examined the rising threat of terrorism and see it as posing a particularly difficult challenge for the intelligence community. But little work has been done to integrate the earlier literature on intelligence failure with the newer threat of terrorist attack. This article attempts such an integration, by examining the bombing of the US Marine Barracks in Beirut in 1983; it concludes that most studies of the Beirut bombing are mistaken in their assessment of the role played by intelligence in that disaster, and suggests that our understanding of intelligence failure against surprise attacks needs to be revised in the age of terrorism.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: TERRORISM
Item ID: JA021497
Media: Article
Title: The Robb-Silberman Report, Intelligence, and Nonproliferation
Author: Laipson, Ellen
Notes: The recent White House WMD Commission report moves in the right direction in pointing out some potential improvement in intelligence collection and analysis as well as the limits of intelligence information. But it could not resolve how publicly accountable policymakers use intelligence, particularly in circumstances where war is a choice, but not the only option.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION--IRAQ
Item ID: JA021759
Media: Article

2004

Title: The Secret Police
In: DEMOKRATIZATSIYA, vol. 12, no. 3, Summer 2004, p. 325-463 (several articles).
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EUROPE, EASTERN
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EUROPE, EASTERN
Item ID: JA020841
Media: Article

Title: Pre-War Intelligence and Iraq's WMD Threat: Intelligence Blundering or Intelligence Laundering?
Author: Hughes-Wilson, John
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GREAT BRITAIN
Subject: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION--IRAQ
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011
Item ID: JA020216
Media: Article

Title: War In Iraq: Selling the Threat.
Author: Freedman, Lawrence
Notes: It is now regularly asserted that the American and British invasion of Iraq was 'sold' using a intelligence case that was not only erroneous but skewed by political bias - if not manufactured outright. An examination of the interaction between the development of intelligence assessments and the key decisions on policy reveals that the key assessment was a possible but speculative link between terrorism and WMD, one that could not be supported by evidence of links between Al Qaeda and Iraq. While the assertion that such links existed had a major impact on American opinion, international opinion was more influenced by Iraqi pursuit of WMD in violation of UN resolutions. Although this was not controversial among the intelligence agencies, the reality was more complex and less dramatic. This did not become apparent until after the decision to go to war had been taken. The main problem with this decision may turn out to be less the exaggerated expectations of Iraqi WMD and more the benign expectations of the consequences of regime change.
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA020579
Media: Article
Title: Russia : Death and Resurrection of the KGB
Author: Waller, J. Michael
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR
Item ID: JA020840
Media: Article

Title: The Limits of Intelligence : Iraq's Lessons
Author: Gormley, Dennis M.
Notes: In allocating blame for the intelligence failure over Iraq, critics of the Bush administration focus on former CIA Director George Tenet's bending to White House pressure or the administration's mishandling of intelligence. Supporters of the president downplay White House responsibility and focus instead on the failings of the intelligence community and the possible need for structural reforms. Neither side has it completely wrong - or right. There is substantial evidence that the Bush administration - like many of its predecessors - oversold the threat to sell its preferred policy choice. But any quest to 'fix' intelligence merely through reorganisation will be futile insofar as it avoids the more prosaic but more critical matter of intelligence effectiveness. This depends far less on structural reform than on the quality of collected intelligence, the nature of the analytic process and, ultimately, the relationship between intelligence and policymaking officials.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION--IRAQ
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011
Item ID: JA020799
Media: Article

Title: Open Source Intelligence : An Intelligence Lifeline.
Author: Gibson, Steveyn
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GREAT BRITAIN
Subject: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION--IRAQ
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011
Item ID: JA020217
Media: Article

Title: Transatlantic Intelligence and Security Cooperation.
Author: Aldrich, Richard J.
In: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 80, no. 4, July 2004, p. 731-753.
Notes: Despite recent advances in transatlantic intelligence and security cooperation, significant problems remain. The bombings in Madrid in March 2004 have demonstrated how terrorists and criminals can continue to exploit the limits of hesitant or partial exchange to dangerous effect. Intelligence and security cooperation remain problematic because of the fundamental tension between an increasingly networked world, which is ideal terrain for the new religious terrorism, and highly compartmentalized national intelligence gathering. If cooperation is to improve, we require a better mutual understanding about the relationship between privacy and security to help us decide what sort of intelligence should be shared. This is a higher priority than building elaborate new structures. While most practical problems of intelligence exchange are ultimately resolvable, the challenge of agreeing what the intelligence means in broad terms is even more problematic. The last section of this article argues that shared NATO intelligence estimates would be difficult to achieve and of doubtful value.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA020693
Media: Article
Title: Russia's Security Services.
Author: Starr, Richard F.
Additional Author: Tacosa, Corliss A.
Notes: A strong belief prevails within the Russian security services that post-Soviet changes in Russia since the 1990s have made the country more vulnerable to foreign espionage. According to Nikolai P. Patrushev, current Federal Security Service (FSB) director, intelligence organizations of foreign governments have made significant efforts to expand their operations in Russia and their activities are more coordinated than ever. Despite the end of the Cold War and the alleged partnership between Russia and the United States, Moscow feels threatened. Whereas it basically has dismissed the possibility of an invasion of its territory, Russia still perceives that foreign intelligence services represent a threat to its security. As a result, emphasis on counterintelligence has increased.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA020343
Media: Article

Title: Intelligence and the Iraqi Threat: British Joint Intelligence after Butler.
Author: Herman, Michael
Notes: Having got many things right, British intelligence failed narrowly over this most important issue, perhaps by not being sufficiently determined in its uncertainty.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GREAT BRITAIN
Subject: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION--IRAQ
Subject: IRAQ WAR, 2003-2011--GREAT BRITAIN
Item ID: JA020769
Media: Article

Title: Irak : l'intelligence prise en defaut.
Author: Delpech, Therese, 1948-2012
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION--IRAQ
Item ID: JA020628
Media: Article

Title: El renacimiento de los servicios secretos
Author: Thies, Jochen
Notes: En esta epoca de amenazas del terrorismo mundial se pronostica que durante los proximos anos el trabajo de los servicios de inteligencia se transformara a gran velocidad, sobre todo en Europa, y volveran a tener la relevancia que tuvieron durante 200 anos en el Estado-nacion.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EUROPE
Subject: SECRET SERVICE--EUROPE
Item ID: JA020911
Media: Article

2003

Title: Der Foderale Sicherheitsdienst Russlands.
Author: Malek, Martin
In: EUROPAISCHE SICHERHEIT, 52. Jg., Nr. 4, April 2003, S. 47-49.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA018999
Media: Article
Title: Bricks and Mortar for a Theory of Intelligence.
Author: Johnson, Loch K.
Notes: Intelligence may be thought of as three kinds of activities carried out by secretive agencies: first, the gathering, interpreting, and distribution of information (collection and analysis, for short); second, clandestine attempts to manipulate events abroad (covert action); and third, the guarding against the hostile operations of foreign intelligence agencies (counterintelligence). This paper examines a core set of propositions about these activities that, taken together, point toward the outlines of a theoretical framework for understanding intelligence. The propositions and the evidence suggest that effective collection and analysis is, above all, a function of national wealth, but depends as well on focused targeting, all-source synergism, and good communication links ('liaison') between intelligence officers and policy officials. Successful, sustained covert action also relies on national wealth, and is a function in addition of modest objectives, weak targets, and the support of well-armed local allies. Successful counterintelligence requires national wealth and technical sophistication, along with an attitude of serious attention to security matters (which usually rises only after a major security breach).
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA019256
Media: Article

Title: L’information de securite, un element-cle de la construction europeenne.
Author: Lavoizard, Jean-Michel
Notes: L’information, la securite et l’Europe sont intimement liees. La maitrise de leurs enjeux - societe de l’information, securite collective, construction d’un pole europeen de stabilite - est au coeur des evolutions de nos societes. Au cote de la grande puissance americaine, les pays de l’Union europeenne ont l’opportunité de donner a l’actuel espace de libre-echange economique, la dimension d’une grande puissance politique, bienveillante, stable, fondee sur le droit et la democratie. L’information de securite est un des principaux facteurs structurants : elle peut permettre a l’Europe de neutraliser a l’avenir les nouvelles menaces, tant sur son sol qu’en participant activement a la stabilisation du monde. Le potentiel europeen est, dans ce domaine, a la hauteur des enjeux politiques et les bases d’une architecture solide et efficace sont deja poses. Il reste a l’integrer dans une strategie globale qui se developpera selon une double demarche pragmatique et politique.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EU
Item ID: JA018957
Media: Article

Title: Der irakische Geheimdienst : Saddams Ruckhalt.
Author: Eshel, David
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--IRAQ
Subject: SECRET SERVICE--IRAQ
Item ID: JA018735
Media: Article

Title: La planete renseignement.
Author: Debat, Alexis
Notes: Intelligence services play a pivotal part in the all-out war on Islamic terrorism being waged by nations around the world. The ultimate success of the US-led coalition will largely depend on how efficiently they cooperate with one another. The major US agencies - the CIA, FBI and NSA - figure at the center of a veritable web that spans the international intelligence community. This structure can be viewed as four concentric circles. That closest to Washington contains America’s unyielding allies, starting with the United Kingdom. Then come friendly nations that cannot be controlled, starting with France. This is followed by ambiguous partners like Pakistan. Lastly, one cannot forget countries such as Syria. Although termed ‘rogue states’ by the Bush administration, they very discreetly provide aid in the international battle against Al Qaida and its supporters.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA020175
Media: Article
Restructuring Security in Russia: Return of the KGB?

Title: Restructuring Security in Russia: Return of the KGB?
Author: Bacon, Edwin
Additional Author: Renz, Bettina
Notes: With world attention on Iraq, just days before war, Russia's President Vladimir Putin announced the most dramatic reorganization of Russian security forces since the KGB was broken up into separate agencies by his predecessor Boris Yeltsin in the early 1990s. Putin explained his move as streamlining and updating responses to security threats. Critics questioned the legality of the changes and expressed fears that more forces were coming under the wing of the KGB's main successor.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA019159
Media: Article

Intelligence: The Achilles Heel of the Bush Doctrine.

Title: Intelligence: The Achilles Heel of the Bush Doctrine.
Author: Treverton, Gregory F.
Notes: Focused on terrorism and weapons of mass destruction, the emerging Bush doctrine of national security is anticipatory, pre-emptive, and, if need be, unilateral. Yet the emerging doctrine is bedeviled at its core by legitimacy and capacity, including, critically, the capability of US intelligence. Although the United States has the military power to take out whatever miscreant state it chooses, it still lacks the ability to precisely locate and pre-emptively target WMD, despite all the technical wizardry of its intelligence. Indeed, even determining whether a potential adversary, such as Iraq, is developing and deploying nuclear, chemical, and biological weapons will continue to prove difficult.
Subject: PREEMPTIVE ATTACK (MILITARY SCIENCE)
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: USA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: USA--STRATEGIC ASPECTS
Item ID: JA019423
Media: Article

It's War! Fighting Post-11 September Global Terrorism through a Doctrine of Prevention.

Title: It's War! Fighting Post-11 September Global Terrorism through a Doctrine of Prevention.
Author: Shultz, Richard H.
Additional Author: Vogt, Andreas
Notes: Following the 11 September terrorist attack a number of media revelations asserted that it could have been prevented if only the intelligence community (IC) had acted on information in its possession regarding the impending attack. This article explains why and how the intelligence agencies failed on 11 September, and assesses the need for and viability of preemptive military options for striking first to combat terrorism. First, it describes how the IC doggedly refused to regard terrorism as war through the 1990s. Second, the authors explain that an alternative perspective challenged this orthodoxy in the early 1990s, arguing that war was changing and entering its fourth generation. Third, based on new information about Al-Qaeda, the article addresses how Al-Qaeda organized for war and how it carried it out by delineating Al-Qaeda's organizational structure, ideology, linkages with other terrorist groups and supporting states, use of sanctuary, and financial base, and then detailing its targeting, weapons and war-fighting strategy. This assessment reveals how intimately the Al-Qaeda network bears an unmistakable resemblance to fourth-generation asymmetrical warfare and not to the 1990s profile of the IC. Finally, the authors demonstrate that President Bush has grasped fourth generation warfare by advocating preemptive first strikes against terrorists in his new national security strategy.
Subject: SEPTEMBER 11 TERRORIST ATTACKS, 2001
Subject: PREEMPTIVE ATTACK (MILITARY SCIENCE)
Subject: QAIDA (ORGANIZATION)
Subject: TERRORISM--GOVERNMENT POLICY--USA
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001-2009
Item ID: JA019274
Media: Article
2002

**Title:** Die US-amerikanischen Geheimdienste nach Ende des Kalten Krieges.

**Author:** Huber, Peter

**In:** OSTERREICHISCHE MILITARISCHE ZEITSCHRIFT, 40. Jg., Heft 4, Juli - August 2002, S. 437-442.

**Subject:** INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA

**Item ID:** JA018099

**Media:** Article

---

**Title:** Smarter Intelligence.

**Author:** Deutch, John

**Additional Author:** Smith, Jeffrey H.

**In:** FOREIGN POLICY, no. 128, January - February 2002, p. 64-69.

**Notes:** What's needed to fix U.S. counterterrorism intelligence? Not more spies nor the power to assassinate terrorist leaders, say the authors of this article. Instead, start by giving the director of central intelligence the authority to break down the walls that divide domestic and foreign intelligence gathering.

**Subject:** INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA

**Subject:** TERRORISM--GOVERNMENT POLICY--USA

**Item ID:** JA017305

**Media:** Article

---

**Title:** Neuorientierung des Militarischen Nachrichtenwesens der Bundeswehr.

**Author:** Eberbach, Heinz-Eugen


**Notes:** Basis of the military ability to act is in-depth and timely available intelligence on crisis-prone developments, potential trouble spots, and an update on the situation in a possible or actual area of operations. In a world in which distance does not offer security anymore, military intelligence requires two things: painstaking groundwork in order to ensure a stable basis of information and a flexible range of instruments in order to keep pace with the dynamic developments during crises and missions. As to this, the capability requirements in respect to personnel, structure, and materiel are already defined and their implementation has been instituted. Nevertheless, the now started restructuring of the Bundeswehr Military Intelligence Service can only be an interim stage of an ongoing adaptation process. It is in the nature of military intelligence that its capability profile needs to be constantly reformed and adapted in order to cope with the rapid development in the flow and volume of information and, attributable to this, the shorter cutoff and expiration spans of intelligence information.

**Subject:** MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--GERMANY

**Item ID:** JA018352

**Media:** Article

---

**Title:** Renseignement humain et terrorisme.

**Author:** Klen, Michel

**In:** DEFENSE NATIONALE, 58e annee, no. 4, avril 2002, p. 120-130.

**Notes:** Au debut du nouveau millenaire, l'expansion du terrorisme qui s'est manifeste le 11 septembre 2001 aux Etats-Unis a interpelle les dirigeants politiques et les strateges de toute la planete sur la facon de combattre ce terrible fleau. Dans ce genre de guerre totale contre un adversaire diffus, il apparait que le renseignement humain constitue l'arme la plus efficace. La prise de conscience de ce tres vieux concept a redonne ses lettres de noblesse aux unites de recherche dans la profondeur et en particulier aux forces speciales.

**Subject:** TERRORISM

**Subject:** INTELLIGENCE SERVICE

**Item ID:** JA017796

**Media:** Article
Title: Intelligence and the War on Terrorism.
Author: Berkowitz, Bruce
Subject: TERRORISM
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA017781
Media: Article

Title: Russia's Higher Police.
Author: Murawiec, Laurent
Additional Author: Gaddy, Clifford G.
In: NATIONAL INTEREST, no. 67, Spring 2002, p. 29-36.
Notes: Whether Czarist or Soviet, the Russian intelligence elite has always conceived of itself as the 'most loyal' servant of the 'Russian idea'. Now one of their own is president.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR
Item ID: JA017976
Media: Article

Title: Der transnationale Terrorismus nach dem 11. September.
Author: Schatz, Alfred
Subject: TERRORISM
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA017817
Media: Article

Title: EU Intelligence Co-operation : A Critical Analysis.
Author: Mueller-Wille, Mikkel
Notes: Over the last few years, the military instrument has been added to the European Union's toolkit. Unfortunately, this does not represent an added value to the pan-European capacity for crisis prevention and management. The reason is not, as commonly thought, found in the European military capability flaws. Instead, the author identifies the unexploited intelligence cooperation and in particular the lacking amalgamation of military and civil analysis as the core deficit and main potential of the Union's crisis prevention and management capacity. The article outlines and analyzes the current ESDP structure with regards to its ability to coordinate military and civil instruments and advocates the establishment of a unit for analysis combining the two strands.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EU
Subject: EU--ESDP
Item ID: JA018361
Media: Article
Notes: Despite accounting for just 8% of the US intelligence budget, the CIA has borne the brunt of criticisms leveled at intelligence agencies since September 11. This bloated bureaucracy, with its over-reliance on electronic versus human intelligence methods, staggered into the new millennium. The disappearance of its main enemy (the Soviet Union), the disinterest of the Clinton administration, plus a rash of scandals, resignations and forced retirements of top officials, came as a series of body blows to the agency. George Tenet took over the reins in 1997, becoming the fifth Director of Central Intelligence since 1992, and it was the reforms he introduced at Langley that set the CIA on the road to recovery. Following the September 11 attacks, which sent shock waves around Washington, the legislative and statutory constraints that had weighed increasingly heavily on the CIA since 1975 were considerably relaxed, and it is now in the process of being fully restored to its role as coordinating agency for the US’s 13 intelligence services. It remains to be seen whether these measures will be sufficient to defeat the faceless enemy behind the strikes of September 11.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: SEPTEMBER 11 TERRORIST ATTACKS, 2001
Item ID: JA017877
Media: Article

Notes: Soon after September 11, pundits began calling for an overhaul of the US intelligence system. But although some minor reforms might help, US intelligence has been performing well. The grim fact is that even the best systems sometimes lets a few mistakes slip through, and many proposed reforms would only make things worse.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA018665
Media: Article

Title: The Use and Limits of U.S. Intelligence.
Author: Cilluffo, Frank J.
Additional Author: Marks, Ronald A.
Additional Author: Salmoiraghi, George C.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: WAR ON TERRORISM, 2001-2009
Item ID: JA017523
Media: Article

2001

Title: Better Ways to Fix U.S. Intelligence.
Author: Berkowitz, Bruce.
Notes: Many experts, both inside and outside government, are beginning to agree on the necessary features of a modern, effective intelligence organization. Unfortunately, practice is lagging theory. Despite the apparent consensus on the need for change, recent intelligence failures suggest that U.S. intelligence has yet to leave its Cold War-era methods and structure behind. All of this raises the questions of why it has been so hard to modernize American intelligence and what practical steps could ensure that needed reforms finally take hold.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA017095
Media: Article
Since the destruction of the twin towers it has been clear that the world’s greatest intelligence organisations can alone no longer protect America. The breach of security was so great, the need for information so overwhelming. Schemes to restructure US agencies are already appearing. New alliances are also needed to collect secrets which must then be analysed and shared to maintain the international coalition.
Title: Where Hath Our Intelligence Been?: The Revolution in Military Affairs.
Author: Herman, Michael
Notes: The Revolution in Military Affairs has implications for the gathering, processing and exploiting of intelligence. However, its implications for military intelligence are unclear. In this article the author examines the possible ramifications of the RMA on military intelligence and asks whether RMA will simply increase its efficiency or whether it envisages some new institution to replace it; and what the nature of the 'Red' knowledge assumed in the RMA concept actually is. He argues that, although the orchestrating and fusing of technology's powerful collection sources needs some redrawing, we need to be clear about the kind of knowledge that results. Having information and understanding it are two separate things - information about the adversary's deployments is one thing but understanding their motivations is quite another. Textual intelligence gathering is just as important as observing and measuring objects and should, therefore, have a place in the RMA. It follows from this that there is a need for caution about RMA as information dominance and perfect knowledge.
Subject: REVOLUTION IN MILITARY AFFAIRS--GREAT BRITAIN
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--GREAT BRITAIN
Subject: MILITARY ART AND SCIENCE--TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATIONS--GREAT BRITAIN
Item ID: JA013624
Media: Article

Title: Alte Losungen fur neue Probleme?: Geheimdienste und ihre demokratische Kontrolle.
Author: Shpiro, Shlomo
Notes: Die neuen Betätigungsfelder der Geheimdienste - z.B. die Bekämpfung des internationalen Verbrechens und die Friedenserhaltung - erfordern qualifiziertes Forschungspersonal, angemessene Finanzmittel und Zugang zu wichtigen Dokumenten ebenso wie eine wirksame parlamentarische Kontrolle. Die in den Ländern Westeuropas gemachten Erfahrungen können für die neuen Demokratien in Mittel- und Osteuropa Leitbild bei der Entwicklung parlamentarischer Mechanismen sein und dazu beitragen, den Konflikt zwischen offener Demokratie und geheimem Nachrichtendienst zu lösen.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: SECRET SERVICE
Item ID: JA012963
Media: Article

Title: Contre-renseignement, contre-ingerence et maîtrise de l'information.
Author: Lavault, Patrice
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--USA
Subject: INFORMATION OPERATIONS--USA
Item ID: JA013451
Media: Article

Title: Du renseignement (5 articles).
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--FRANCE
Subject: MILITARY INTELLIGENCE--FRANCE
Subject: BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE--FRANCE
Item ID: JA012509
Media: Article
1997

Title: Libres propos sur la 'manipulation'.
Author: Klen, Michel
Notes: L'histoire est particulierement riche en actions de manipulation qui ont modifie le cours de certains evenements politiques et militaires et change de nombreux parametres economiques. L'impitoyable guerre psychologique qui accompagne ce phenomenene prend souvent des proportions inquietantes. Dans cet echiquier de la supercherie ou seules les repercussions sont visibles, les analystes ne maitrisent visiblement pas tous les arcanes de cet art de la falsification et de la ruse qui a faconne un monde en trompe-l'oeil.
Subject: DISINFORMATION
Item ID: JA011773
Media: Article

Title: Une nouvelle strategie pour le renseignement ?
Author: Lacoste, Pierre
Notes: Le renseignement est au coeur de la revolution culturelle qui secoue le monde en transition entre les pseudo-equilibres de la bipolarite et les structures encore incertaines qui prevaudront au 21e siecle. Mais l'héritage de la guerre froide fait partout probleme. La plupart des Etats s'interrogent sur l'evolution des services secrets et sur les nouvelles modalites de leur gestion. Les Etats-Unis, forts de leur victoire sur l'URSS, menent avec un grand dynamisme une politique qui vise a conforter leur situation hegemonique. Ils representent une premiere application de ce que l'on pourrait appeler le 'nouvel age du renseignement'. Mais les strategies de renseignement s'inscrivent dans un nouveau cadre : celui des 'deux mondes'. L'un officiel est celui des Etats souverains; l'autre, celui des organisations multinationales, reconnues ou clandestines, dont les intentions sont souvent lictes mais parfois criminelles. Or, le renseignement doit rester une attribution exclusive de l'Etat de droit, au service de l'interet national.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Item ID: JA011879
Media: Article

Title: Ending the CIA's Cold War Legacy.
Author: Goodman, Melvin A.
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Item ID: JA011925
Media: Article

Title: Information Technology and Intelligence Reform.
Author: Berkowitz, Bruce D.
Notes: Reforming the US intelligence community has become a priority in the post-cold war era. A half dozen government and private organizations have conducted studies on intelligence reform during the past year. But beyond these immediate issues, there is general concern over whether the intelligence community can meet the challenges of the post-cold war world. Many issues of intelligence reform primarily concern technology - in particular, information technology. The intelligence community has become more dependent on technical systems for collection, processing and disseminating its intelligence. At the same time, rapid improvements in technology are changing both the nature of information systems and how people use them. It follows that any intelligence reform must include plans for the effective development, management and organization of technology.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY--USA
Item ID: JA011534
Media: Article
Notes: Since the fall of the Berlin Wall, the closeted world of intelligence has changed beyond recognition. East and West may have ceased to become mutual targets for intelligence operations, but this absence of a clearly-identified 'enemy' has paradoxically given rise to new needs and new missions. Industrial espionage and computer network surveillance and control have become the latest battlegrounds in the increasingly dirty 'information war'. Even former friends are now eyeing each other with suspicion. There is one thing that remains unchanged, however: relations between governments and their secret services are as strained as they ever were. After a period of hesitation, the US government has now firmly committed its security organizations to waging the information war. On the other side of the Atlantic, French intelligence services are still waiting for the reforms which will clarify their position vis-à-vis the government, and are falling behind in this crucial area.

Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: SECRET SERVICE
Item ID: JA011554
Media: Article
Title: Does the CIA Still Have a Role?
Author: Hilsman, Roger
Subject: USA. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
Item ID: JA010379
Media: Article

1994

Title: Glasnost for the CIA.
Author: MacCurdy, Dave
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA009662
Media: Article

Title: Aldrich Ames and the Conduct of American Intelligence.
Author: Carr, Caleb
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA009513
Media: Article

Title: Sowjetunion, Russland : der Geheimdienst des Generalstabes.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR
Subject: SECRET SERVICE--USSR
Item ID: JA009463
Media: Article

Title: Sowjetunion, GUS, Russland : die Geheimdienste.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR
Subject: SECRET SERVICE--USSR
Item ID: JA009187
Media: Article

1993

Title: Die Militarspionage der DDR-Staatssicherheit.
Author: Busch, Heinz
In: EUROPÄISCHE SICHERHEIT, 42. Jg., Nr. 12, Dezember 1993, S. 617-621.
Subject: ESPIONAGE, GERMAN
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--GERMANY (EAST)
Item ID: JA008807
Media: Article
Title: Why Spy, and How, in the 1990s.
Author: Berkowitz, Bruce D.
Additional Author: Goodman, Allan E.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Subject: SECRET SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA005879
Media: Article

Title: US Intelligence in an Age of Uncertainty: Refocusing to Meet the Challenge.
Author: Scalingi, Paula L.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA005642
Media: Article

Title: Intelligence: Backing into the Future.
Author: May, Ernest R.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA007768
Media: Article

Title: Constraints on Intelligence Collaboration: The Domestic Dimension.
Author: Wirtz, James J.
Notes: What are the potential pitfalls and costs inherent in increased intelligence cooperation with other states? This article addresses the question by focusing on the functional differences - specifically, the separation of domestic and international intelligence activities - that distinguish the US intelligence community from the intelligence organizations maintained by many other nations. The article argues that these functional differences can set the stage for domestic political controversy within the United States. The analysis also explains how the public's perception of the gravity of the threats facing the United States governs popular reactions to co-operative intelligence relationships. It unfolds in four stages. It first surveys various intelligence relationships that have emerged since the end of the Second World War. In the second section, it describes how co-operative arrangements can leave the US intelligence community vulnerable to external threats and internal criticism. The analysis then explains why and when the American public sometimes tolerates intelligence collaboration with foreign organizations that conduct domestic intelligence and policy activities. In the final section, some conclusions are offered about how the end of the Cold War increases the likelihood that collaborative arrangements will produce domestic political recrimination within the United States.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA008048
Media: Article

Title: The Intelligence Community: How Crucial?
Author: Boren, David L.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA007767
Media: Article
Title: Smart Intelligence.
Author: Johnson, Loch K.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA009156
Media: Article

1991

Title: Die Wandlungen des sowjetischen Geheimdienstes: von Felix Derschinski bis Wadim Bakatin.
Author: Mendel, Franz
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR
Subject: SECRET SERVICE--USSR
Item ID: JA005158
Media: Article

1990

Title: Die Geheimdienste im Osten: noch aktiv, aber geschickte.
Author: Liminski, Jurgen
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--EUROPE, EASTERN
Subject: SECRET SERVICE--EUROPE, EASTERN
Item ID: JA000679
Media: Article

Title: The Challenges of Glasnost for Western Intelligence.
Author: Reimann, Robert H.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
Subject: PROPAGANDA, RUSSIAN
Item ID: JA001788
Media: Article

Title: The Future of the KGB.
Author: Knight, Amy W.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR
Item ID: JA002061
Media: Article

Title: Intelligence in the Age of Glasnost.
Author: Carver, George A.
In: FOREIGN AFFAIRS, vol. 69, no. 3, Summer 1990, p. 147-166.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USA
Item ID: JA001037
Media: Article
Title: Gorbachev and the KGB.
Author: Weeks, Albert L.
Notes: Of the three pillars supporting the Soviet regime - the Communist Party, the army and the police - the Gorbachev period has seen the upward movement of the third, the police, replacing the military in second-place importance. This article assesses the significance of the KGB's increased authority for Soviet domestic and foreign affairs.
Subject: INTELLIGENCE SERVICE--USSR
Item ID: JA000467
Media: Article

1986

Title: La desinformation sovietique : methodes et finalites.
Author: Garcin, Thierry
Subject: DISINFORMATION--USSR
Item ID: JA003925
Media: Article

1984

Title: Webs of Soviet Disinformation.
Author: Huyn, Hans Graf
In: STRATEGIC REVIEW, vol. 12, no. 4, Fall 1984, p. 51-58.
Subject: DISINFORMATION--USSR
Item ID: JA003926
Media: Article
| No. 1/14 | Drone Aircrafts / Les drones |
| No. 2/14 | National Self-Determination and Secession / Le droit des peuples à l’auto-détermination et la sécession politique |
| No. 3/14 | The Moral and Ethical Aspects of War / Les aspects moraux et éthiques de la guerre |
| No. 4/14 | Humanitarian Intervention / L’ingérence humanitaire |
| No. 5/14 | The Kurds / Les Kurdes |
| No. 6/14 | The Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) / L’Organisation pour la sécurité et la coopération en Europe (OSCE) |
| No. 7/14 | Exit Strategy and Military Disengagement / Stratégie de sortie et désengagement militaire |
| No. 1/15 | The Baltic States / Les Etats baltes |
| No. 2/15 | The Syrian Civil War / La guerre civile syrienne |
| No. 3/15 | A Century of Chemical Weapons / Un siècle d’armes chimiques |
| No. 4/15 | Terrorism : An Overview of the Last Two Years / Le terrorisme : aperçu des deux dernières années |
| No. 5/15 | NATO and the Russian Federation / L’OTAN et la Fédération de Russie |
| No. 6/15 | A History of United Nations Peacekeeping / L’ONU et le maintien de la paix : un historique |
| No. 1/16 | From Al Qaida to ISIS : The Evolution of Terrorism / De Al-Qaida à Daech : l’évolution du terrorisme |
| No. 2/16 | Nuclear Deterrence in the 21st Century / La dissuasion nucléaire au 21ème siècle |