The Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE)
Thematic Bibliography no. 6/14

L’Organisation pour la sécurité et la coopération en Europe (OSCE)
Bibliographie thématique no. 6/14
How to borrow items from the list below:

As a member of the NATO HQ staff you can borrow books (Media: Book) for one month, journals (Media: Article) and reference works (Collection Type: Reference Collection) for one week. Individuals not belonging to NATO staff can borrow books through their local library via the interlibrary loan system.

How to obtain the Multimedia Library publications:

All Library publications are available on the NATO Internet website at http://www.nato.int/library.

Disclaimer:

NATO is not responsible for the content of the publications cited in this Acquisitions List. Furthermore, the views and opinions of the authors expressed in these documents do not necessarily state or reflect those of NATO.

Comment emprunter les documents cités ci-dessous:

En tant que membre du personnel de l'OTAN vous pouvez emprunter les livres (Media : Book) pour un mois, les revues (Media : Article) et les ouvrages de référence (Collection Type : Reference Collection) pour une semaine. Les personnes n'appartenant pas au personnel de l'OTAN peuvent s'adresser à leur bibliothèque locale et emprunter les livres via le système de prêt interbibliothèques.

Comment obtenir les publications de la Bibliothèque multimédia:

Toutes les publications de la Bibliothèque sont disponibles sur le site Internet de l'OTAN, à http://www.nato.int/library.

Clause de non-responsabilité:

Le contenu des publications mentionnées dans cette liste d’acquisitions n’engage pas la responsabilité de l’OTAN. De plus, les points de vue et opinions des auteurs, tels qu’exprimés dans ces documents ne reflètent pas nécessairement ceux de l’OTAN.
2014

Title: The OSCE : Soft Security for a Hard World : Competing Theories for Understanding the OSCE
Additional Author: Dominguez, Roberto, 1967-, ed.
Published: Brussels : P.I.E. Peter Lang, 2014
Physical Description: 193 pages ; 22 cm.
Series: EUROCLIO ; 76
Notes: This book explores why the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) remains a largely unknown entity as far as the general public are concerned, despite its significant day-to-day activity not only on the diplomatic front, but also via its 16 field operations. While the main achievement of its predecessor, the Conference for Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE), was to bridge the East-West divide in Europe during the Cold War, the CSCE was transformed into the OSCE in 1995 to respond to the various challenges generated by the emergence of a multipolar world. Ever since, the OSCE has been involved in diplomacy, empowered with instruments of persuasion rather than coercion. Is the OSCE a significant regional organization in dealing with international security? Has the OSCE been able to reinvent itself to face the post-Cold War world? What type of security is the OSCE providing to its member states? This book provides a variety of answers based on different theoretical perspectives and invites the reader to reflect on the nature of soft power within international relations.

Subject: OSCE
Subject: SECURITY, INTERNATIONAL
ISBN: 9782875741080
Call Number: 355.4 /01888
Item ID: 80025503
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2011

Additional Author: Institute for Peace Research and Security Policy at the University of Hamburg (DE)
Published: Baden-Baden : Nomos, 2011
Physical Description: 427 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 403-417.
Subject: OSCE
ISBN: 9783832963996
Call Number: 355.4 /01700
Item ID: 80023993
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

* This list contains material received as of October 20th, 2014.– Cette liste est arrêtée au 20 octobre 2014.
2010

Additional Author: Institute for Peace Research and Security Policy at the University of Hamburg (DE)
Published: Baden-Baden : Nomos, 2010
Physical Description: 439 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 409-429. Includes index.
Subject: OSCE
ISBN: 9783832953362
Call Number: 355.4 /01700
Item ID: 80023640
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2008

Title: Securing Civilization ? : The EU, NATO, and the OSCE in the Post-9/11 World
Author: Gheciu, Alexandra
Published: Oxford, UK : Oxford University Press, 2008
Physical Description: vii, 253 p.; 25 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 226-239. Includes index. 'This book examines the practices enacted by three key institutions of the transatlantic security community - the EU, NATO, and the OSCE - in the name of combating international terrorism, and analyzes the ways in which those practices have both been affected by and contributed to changes in the field of security. It argues that contemporary attempts to respond to the perceived threat of international terrorism reflect a particular ethos of risk-management and involve a combination of two different - an inclusive and an exclusionary - logics of security. The book examines the interplay between the two logics and analyzes their implications, including the ways in which practices that instantiate those logics have contributed to processes of redefinition of norms of governance, and reconstitution of boundaries in the security community. In developing this analysis, the book also explores the normative and political dilemmas generated by patterns of inclusion/exclusion created in the name of fighting terrorism. On this basis, the book seeks to make a significant contribution to the study of security practices and international governance in the post-9/11 world.'
Subject: TERRORISM--EU COUNTRIES--PREVENTION
Subject: TERRORISM--NATO--PREVENTION
Subject: TERRORISM--OSCE--PREVENTION
Subject: SECURITY, INTERNATIONAL
ISBN: 9780199217229
Call Number: 355.4 /01589
Item ID: 80022420
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: La OSCE y su concepcion de la seguridad : la convergencia de las organizaciones regionales europeas y de la OSCE en torno a una concepcion integral de la seguridad : tesis doctoral
Author: Plo, Antonio Rafael Rubio
Published: Madrid : [s.n.], 2008
Physical Description: 605 p.; 30 cm.
Subject: OSCE
ISBN: 9788497814911
Call Number: 355.4 /01608
Item ID: 80022685
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
2007

Title: NATO and International Organizations
Author: Yost, David Scott, 1948-
Institution: NATO Defence College (IT)
Published: Rome : NATO Defense College, 2007
Physical Description: 186 p.; 21 cm.
In: Forum Paper ; 3
Notes: 'This paper examines NATO's relations with the United Nations, the European Union, and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe since the early 1990s, with due attention to problems as well as achievements. The paper also considers prospects for improved inter-organizational coordination, bilateral and multilateral, with a view to more effective policy implementation.'
Subject: NATO--UNITED NATIONS
Subject: UNITED NATIONS--NATO
Subject: NATO--EU
Subject: EU--NATO
Subject: NATO--OSCE
Subject: OSCE--NATO
Call Number: 495 /00006
Item ID: 80022813
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Evolution de la dimension institutionnelle et politico-militaire de l'Organisation pour la Securite et la Cooperation en Europe durant la presidence en exercice de la Belgique (1er janvier-31 decembre 2006)
Author: Neve, Alain de
Institution: Institut Royal Superieur de Defense. Centre d'Etudes de Securite et de Defense (BE)
Published: Bruxelles : Institut Royal Superieur de Defense, 2007
Physical Description: 143 p. : ill.; 30 cm.
In: Securite et Strategie ; 97
Notes: Bibliography: p. 89-91.
Subject: OSCE
Call Number: 355.4 /01584
Item ID: 80022361
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: The Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe
Author: Galbreath, David J.
Published: Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2007
Physical Description: xiii, 151 p. : ill.; 23 cm.
In: Routledge Global Institutions
Notes: Bibliography: p. 147-148. Includes index. 'This book examines the development and evolution of the Organization for Security and Co-operation (OSCE) in Europe (formerly the CSCE) during and after the Cold War. During the Cold War, the two global superpowers were able to come together to resolve many issues of transparency and common challenges, leading to a change in European and global security. The OSCE covered the area formerly occupied by NATO and the Warsaw Pact, championing the Helsinki Final act, which became a key international instrument to encourage peace and security. Following the end of the Cold War, the OSCE became a key institution positioned between the European Union and NATO, focusing on furthering democracy, protecting human and minority rights, and encouraging military reform in a drastically dynamic region. This book sheds light on an institution that changed the face of global security during the Cold War and championed the rise of democratization in Central and Eastern Europe as well as the former Soviet republics following the collapse of the Soviet Union.'
Subject: OSCE
ISBN: 9780415407632
Call Number: 355.4 /01529
Item ID: 80021331
Media: Book


**Collection Type:** General Collection

### 2006

**Title:** The OSCE in Crisis  
**Author:** Dunay, Pal  
**Additional Author:** European Union Institute for Security Studies (FR)  
**Published:** Paris : European Union Institute for Security Studies, 2006  
**Physical Description:** 97 p.; 24 cm.  
**In:** Chaillot Papers; 88  
**Notes:** 'The OSCE is in crisis. There can be no doubt that the OSCE today, as compared to its heyday during the Cold War and in the mid-1990s, is a far less visible landmark on the European institutional landscape than was formerly the case. This paper seeks to take stock for an EU audience of the background and the evolution of the OSCE, the nature of the crisis which it is currently experiencing, the views of important participating states and the potential for the organisation's reform.'  
**Subject:** OSCE  
**ISBN:** 9291980889  
**Call Number:** 355.4 /01476  
**Item ID:** 80020653  
**Media:** Book  
**Collection Type:** General Collection

### 2005

**Title:** The OSCE Code of Conduct on Politico-Military Aspects of Security : Anatomy and Implementation  
**Author:** Ghebali, Victor-Yves  
**Additional Author:** Lambert, Alexander  
**Published:** Leiden : Nijhoff, 2005  
**Physical Description:** xxi, 428 p.; 25 cm.  
**Notes:** Includes index. 'A regime for the democratic control of armed forces exists in the OSCE area (which stretches from Vancouver to Vladivostok) through a 'Code of Conduct on Politico-Military Aspects of Security' (1994). This instrument, which links civil-military relations to human rights and international humanitarian law, has no counterpart in other security organizations. Intruding into an area of state power hitherto considered a sanctum sanctorum, it commits the OSCE member states to a regular exchange of information on the status of the democratic control of their armed forces, as well as on such issues as the fight against terrorism and the stationing of troops on foreign soil. The book is a reference work on both the contents and the impact of the Code; drawing on as-yet unpublished materials, it offers a paragraph-by-paragraph commentary on the Code, as well as an in-depth assessment of implementation trends in the OSCE region.'  
**Subject:** OSCE  
**Subject:** EUROPE--NATIONAL SECURITY  
**ISBN:** 9004142924  
**Call Number:** 355.4 /01467  
**Item ID:** 80020562  
**Media:** Book  
**Collection Type:** General Collection
The OSCE and the Multiple Challenges of Transition: The Caucasus and Central Asia

Title: The OSCE and the Multiple Challenges of Transition: The Caucasus and Central Asia
Additional Author: Sabahi, Farian, ed.
Additional Author: Warner, Daniel, ed.
Published: Aldershot, UK: Ashgate, 2004
Physical Description: xxii, 204 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Includes index. "Besides the United Nations, the OSCE is the only security organization that has granted membership to the eight newly independent states of the Caucasus and Central Asia following the collapse of the Soviet Union. The OSCE has been performing two main functions in the region: conflict management and democratic stabilization. This book assesses the adequacy of the OSCE strategy in the region, the results reached in the countries and the challenges remaining. Four subject areas are developed. The first focuses on foreign policy-making in the Caucasian and Central Asian states and the role of international organizations in order to understand the diplomacy of independence of the past decade. The second subject taken up is the question of nation-building in the transition period. The third part of the book concerns the economic aspects of transition while the last theme addressed concerns the humanitarian situation in post-Soviet Eurasia.'
Subject: OSCE--Caucasus, South
Subject: OSCE--Asia, Central
Subject: Caucasus, South--National Security
Subject: Asia, Central--National Security
ISBN: 0754636062
Call Number: 355.4/01422
Item ID: 80019488
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: The OSCE Challenged
Additional Author: Netherlands Helsinki Committee (NL)
Published: The Hague: Netherlands Helsinki Committee, 2004
Physical Description: 100 p.: ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: NGO conference on Human Rights in the OSCE Region, parallel to the 11th Meeting of the OSCE Ministerial Council, Maastricht, December 2003. "The OSCE is being challenged both from the outside and from within. From the outset, the world biggest regional security organization aimed to balance three interconnected aspects of security: the politico-military, the economic/environmental, and the human rights aspects. However, opinion differs as to what constitutes a proper balance. Authoritarian regimes in Eastern Europe and Central Asia argue that OSCE activities put too much emphasis on the human dimension; they view the OSCE's activities as meddling in their internal affairs. Others, however, NGOs especially, are rather exasperated by the organization's inability to stop gross violations of human rights in the OSCE area, its political clout being constrained by what is called 'the iron law of consensus'.
Subject: OSCE
Subject: Human Rights
ISBN: 9080774545
Call Number: 355.4/01462
Item ID: 80020403
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Confidence- and Security-Building Measures in the New Europe
Author: Lachowski, Zdzislaw
Institution: Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SE)
Published: Oxford, UK : Oxford University Press, 2004
Physical Description: xiii, 224 p. : ill. ; 22 cm.
In: SIPRI Research Report ; 18
Notes: Bibliography: p. 206-215. Includes index. 'After the end of the cold war, confidence- and security-building measures (CSBMs) became a means to manage the changes that were taking place in Europe and to enhance cooperative relations among states based on partnership, mutual reassurance and transparency. This book reviews the evolution and use of CSBMs and other norm- and standard-setting measures, especially in time of crisis, and the attempts to streamline and improve their operation. CSBMs are now increasingly being used in European regional and sub-regional contexts.'
Subject: CONFIDENCE AND SECURITY BUILDING MEASURES (INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS)
Subject: CONFERENCE ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE (ORGANIZATION)
Subject: OSCE
ISBN: 0198297890
Call Number: 355.4 /01485
Item ID: 80020692
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: The Future of the OSCE in the Perspective of the Enlargements of NATO and the EU
Additional Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves, ed.
Additional Author: Warner, Daniel, ed.
Additional Author: Gimelli, Barbara, ed.
Institution: Graduate Institute of International Studies. Program for the Study of International Organizations (CH)
Published: Geneva : Graduate Institute of International Studies, 2004
Physical Description: 149 p.; 21 cm.
Notes: 'The OSCE has gone through a fundamental revolution in recent years. With the fall of the Soviet Union, its membership has increased dramatically, and new tasks have become necessary for the maintenance of security and stability in Europe. However, the OSCE is not the only international organisation in Europe that focuses on security issues : NATO and the EU are equally concerned with the issue. While the OSCE has found a new raison d’être after the demise of the Soviet Union, the enlargements of NATO and the EU once again put the necessity of the existence of the organisation in question. Has the OSCE become obsolete ?'
Subject: OSCE
Call Number: 355.4 /01410
Item ID: 80019290
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2002

Title: The Netherlands and the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe in 2003 : Role and Direction
Institution: Advisory Council on International Affairs (NL)
Published: The Hague : Advisory Council on International Affairs, 2002
Physical Description: 43 p.; 30 cm.
Notes: 'The report begins by examining the current state of the OSCE, discussing both the international aspects and the history of the OSCE. Chapter II goes on to discuss decision-making at the OSCE, the Chairmanship and a number of key issues. Finally, the AIV’s main findings are recapitulated in Chapter III, which forms a contribution to the agenda for the Dutch Chairmanship of the OSCE in 2003.'
Subject: OSCE
Call Number: 355.4 /01338
Item ID: 80018189
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The OSCE : A Forgotten Transatlantic Security Organization?
Author: Barry, Robert
Institution: British American Security Information Council (GB)
Published: London : British American Security Information Council, 2002
Physical Description: 31 p. : ill.; 30 cm.
In: BASIC Research Report ; 2002.3
Notes: 'The OSCE is uniquely suited to deal with some of the key threats facing the United Kingdom, the United States and their allies: terrorism, organized crime, the illegal arms trade, political repression, refugee flows and the denial of human rights. Most of these problems cannot be solved by military preemption. In order to deal with immediate challenges, such as the growth of terrorism and Islamic extremisms, we must pay more attention to advancing our long-term values: democracy, the rule of law, development of market economies, modernization and education. The OSCE is the instrument of choice in dealing with these problems, particularly in Central Asia where it has no competition. But the OSCE is underused and relegated to the margins by policy makers. This is no time for the United States or the United Kingdom to reduce financial or political support for an essential multilateral organization.'
Subject: OSCE
ISBN: 1874533474
Call Number: 355.4 /01337
Item ID: 80018161
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2001

Title: The Operational Role of the OSCE in Southeastern Europe : Contributing to Regional Stability in the Balkans
Additional Author: Warner, Daniel, ed.
Additional Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves, ed.
Published: Aldershot, UK : Ashgate, 2001
Physical Description: xxi, 150 p.; 22 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'An authoritative look at the operational role of the OSCE in South-Eastern Europe, this book provides an in-depth examination of the efforts of an international organization to contribute to regional stability in the volatile Balkans in the 1990s. Contained in this volume are reports by heads of missions dealing with their various experiences and drawing conclusions about the possible role of organizations such as the OSCE in conflict areas in promoting peace and stability.'
Subject: OSCE--BALKAN PENINSULA
Subject: CRISIS MANAGEMENT--BALKAN PENINSULA
Subject: STABILITY PACT FOR SOUTH EASTERN EUROPE
ISBN: 0754615316
Call Number: 355.4 /01298
Item ID: 80017349
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1999

Title: Conflict Prevention in the Baltic States : the OSCE High Commissioner on National Minorities in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania
Author: Zaagman, Rob
Institution: European Centre for Minority Issues (DE)
Published: Flensburg : European Centre for Minority Issues, 1999
Physical Description: viii, 72 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
In: ECMI Monograph ; 1
Notes: 'The importance the OSCE attaches to minority issues as problems of peace and security is reflected most prominently in the office of the High Commissioner on National Minorities (HCNM) which was established to prevent violent ethnic conflict. The tense inter-ethnic relations in Estonia and Latvia were addressed early on by the OSCE. A number of factors made for a volatile mix in both Baltic states: firstly, the existence of domestic tensions between a large minority of mainly Russians and a majority determined to preserve and strengthen its own identity; and secondly, increasing international tensions because of the active interest which Russia was taking in the conditions of its kinfolk in Estonia and Latvia. By contrast, these factors were absent in Lithuania. As analysed in this monograph, the situations in Estonia and Latvia were typically cases for which the HCNM had been established. They demonstrate the extent to which international involvement can keep domestic conflicts tractable and, at the same time, prevent the...
buildup of international conflict potential. They are also showcases for the specific approach the OSCE High Commissioner has developed in dealing with tense inter-ethnic situations.'

Subject: OSCE
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--OSCE
Subject: MINORITIES--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ETHNIC RELATIONS
ISBN: 3932635086
Call Number: 323 /00672
Item ID: 80016888
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: The Enlargement of Europe
Published: Manchester : Manchester University Press, 1999
Physical Description: xv, 188 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
In: Political Analyses
Notes: Includes index. 'This book examines the debates surrounding the post-Cold War enlargement of the principal European organisations : the European Union, NATO, the Western European Union, the Council of Europe and the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe. All were founded during the Cold War but since then have had to adjust to the dramatic changes that have taken place. They now face demands both to enlarge their functions and enlarge their membership to admit states from central, eastern and southern Europe. The extent and speed with which the process of enlargement will take place will be the most important factor in determining the future development of Europe. The book focuses on 3 main questions : (1) is there one or several visions guiding the enlargement process ? (2) have there been separate motives for enlargement between the different organisations ? (3) has there been a deliberate policy by Western governments to pursue a 'cost-free' expansion process ?'
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: WESTERN EUROPEAN UNION
Subject: OSCE
Subject: COUNCIL OF EUROPE
ISBN: 07190497197
Call Number: 441 /00075
Item ID: 80016391
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1997

Title: Enlarged Security: The Security Problems Posed by the Enlargement of NATO and the European Institutions
Institution: Western European Union. Assembly
Published: Paris : Assembly of Western European Union, 1997
Physical Description: 79 p.; 30 cm.
Subject: EUROPE--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: WESTERN EUROPEAN UNION
Subject: OSCE
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Call Number: 355.4 /01193
Item ID: 80014109
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
L'OSCE et les conflits en Europe

Title: L'OSCE et les conflits en Europe
Author: Ramelot, Vincent
Additional Author: Remacle, Eric
Institution: Institut Europeen de Recherche et d'Information sur la Paix et la Securite (BE)
Published: Bruxelles : GRIP, 1995
Physical Description: 136 p.; 21 cm.
In: Dossiers du GRIP ; 203-204
Notes: L'action de l'Organisation pour la Securite et la Cooperation en Europe passe generalement inapercue du
grand public. Elle n'en est pas moins significative. Nee de la dynamique de detente des annees 70 materialisee par
l'Acte final d'Helsinki, l'OSCE s'est, depuis la fin de la guerre froide, institutionalisee. Elle constitue le seul forum ou
l'ensemble des Etats d'Europe, d'Amerique du Nord et de ceux issus de l'ex-URSS debattent en permanence des
questions de securite dans la zone s'etendant de Vancouver a Vladivostok. Son action face aux conflits armes ou aux
tensions larves, en particulier portant sur la question nationale, s'inscrit dans la volonte de construire, au travers
d'institutions paneuropeennes, un contrefeu face aux risques de guerre. Securite cooperative, diplomatie preventive
et renforcement de l'Etat de droit en constituent les trois mots-cles. Cet ouvrage cherche a mettre en lumiere l'apport
de l'OSCE au processus de resolution des conflits et des crises en Europe et en Asie centrale. Il en souligne aussi les
limites et les difficultes, souvent dues aux interets divergents des Etats participants. Enfin, il tente de clarifier le
partage des roles qui s'etablit sur le terrain entre cette organisation et les Nations Uneis d'une part, les autres acteurs
regionaux (UE, UEO, OTAN, CCNA, CEI) d'autre part.
Subject: OSCE
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT
Subject: YUGOSLAV WAR, 1991-1995
Subject: NAGORNO-KARABAKH (AZERBAIJAN)
ISBN: 287291014X
Call Number: 355.4 /01153
Item ID: 80012753
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The OSCE and Its Reform Issues
Author: Zarifi, Khamrokhon
In: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 59, no. 6, 2013, p. 113-129.
Subject: OSCE--REFORM
Item ID: JA030060
Media: Article

Title: L'OSCE, la grande discrete
Author: Vinet, Guy
In: REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 759, avril 2013, p. 98-103.
Notes: L’histoire de l’OSCE, son déploiement, ses champs d’action privilégiés, la diplomatie preventive en particulier, expliquent la ‘furtivité’ de cette organisation qui a émergé de la guerre froide pour créer un espace de paix et de coopération de Vancouver à Vladivostok.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA029290
Media: Article

Title: Russia and the OSCE
Author: Kelin, Andrey
In: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 59, no. 1, 2013, p. 89-99.
Subject: OSCE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA029475
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE and the Moldova-Transdniestria Conflict : Lessons in Mediation and Conflict Management
Author: Hill, William H.
Notes: The OSCE has been involved in attempts to resolve the Transdniestrian conflict since 1992, even before the conference became a formal organization. As is the case with other conflicts, the OSCE has often been criticized in Moldova for failure to resolve the conflict. Such criticism, however, often glosses over the positive impact OSCE missions have had on mediation processes, the Moldova-Transdniestrian conflict in particular.
Subject: DNIEISTER MOLDOVAN REPUBLIC--HISTORY--AUTONOMY AND INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS
Subject: OSCE--MOLDOVA
Item ID: JA030213
Media: Article

* This list contains material received as of October 20th, 2014.— Cette liste est arrêtée au 20 octobre 2014.
**Title**: Assessing the Success of EU-OSCE Cooperation: A Case of Mutualism?

**Author**: Paunov, Dimitar

**In**: SECURITY AND HUMAN RIGHTS, vol. 24, nos. 3 - 4, 2013, p. 373-391.

**Notes**: This paper examines the relationship between the European Union (EU) and the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE), with a particular focus on the restart in cooperation occurring at the turn of the century. This was due to the rediscovery of the organisation's common past, shared values, similar goals, the drawing of identical security strategies and an increased field presence in the same regions. The EU-OSCE relationship has not been without its shortcomings, but the successes of the cooperation have outnumbered the various hurdles. Furthermore, the relationship can be classified as a case of mutualism, as both partners have benefited therefrom.

**Subject**: EU--OSCE

**Subject**: OSCE--EU

**Item ID**: JA030214

**Media**: Article

---

**Title**: Strengthening the OSCE’s Capacities in Conflict Prevention, Crisis Management and Conflict Resolution

**Author**: Ackermann, Alice


**Subject**: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--OSCE

**Subject**: CRISIS MANAGEMENT--OSCE

**Item ID**: JA028525

**Media**: Article

---

**Title**: The OSCE in Perspective, Six Years of Service, Six Questions and a Few Answers

**Author**: Perrin de Brichambaut, Marc

**In**: SECURITY AND HUMAN RIGHTS, vol. 23, no. 1, 2012, p. 31-44.

**Notes**: How well are OSCE participating states actually doing in their own area at present? What are the lessons to be learnt from the OSCE process 35 years after Helsinki? Can an organization along the lines of the OSCE be helpful in managing democratic transitions in circumstances that are different to the ones experienced in Central and Eastern Europe?

**Subject**: OSCE

**Item ID**: JA028526

**Media**: Article

---

**Title**: Russia and the Role of the OSCE in European Security: A 'Forum' for Dialog or a 'Battlefield' of Interests?

**Author**: Kropatcheva, Elena

**In**: EUROPEAN SECURITY, vol. 21, no. 3, September 2012, p. 370-394.

**Notes**: This essay explores Russia's Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE) policy, by focusing on two questions. First of all, analysts have noted Russia's disinterest and obstructive policies towards the Organization. Thus, the question is what - if anything - does the Russian Federation still want from the OSCE? Secondly, does the OSCE still serve as a forum for dialog? These two issues are studied on the basis of rational institutionalism and realism. The essay demonstrates that Russia is still interested in the OSCE, but its policy has become more pragmatic, selective and instrumental. It includes obstructive and constructive strategies. At the same time, today the Russian Federation ascribes less significance to the Organization in European security. This is predetermined not only by its inability to push its interests through the OSCE, but also by the declining interest of other participating States in the Organization. The differences between OSCE participants have turned it into a battlefield of interests in many areas.

**Subject**: OSCE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)

**Item ID**: JA028765

**Media**: Article
Title: Supporting the Arab Spring: How the OSCE Can Help Democratic Transition in the MENA Region
Subject: ARAB SPRING, 2010-
Subject: OSCE--MIDDLE EAST
Subject: OSCE--AFRICA, NORTH
Item ID: JA029107
Media: Article

2011

Title: Security Sector Reform in Authoritarian Regimes: The OSCE Experience of Police Assistance Programming in Central Asia
Author: Lewis, David
Notes: Security sector reform - including police reform - has been an important element in international programmes in many post-conflict and so-called ‘fragile’ states. In Central Asian states - mostly ruled by authoritarian regimes - the OSCE has been engaged in a variety of programmes to help reform the police, which have often been accused of abuses of human rights. There has been a significant police assistance programme in Kyrgyzstan, and smaller initiatives and activities have been implemented in Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, and Tajikistan. Most of these initiatives have failed to achieve their objectives; in certain cases they may have had a negative impact on the OSCE’s credibility in the region as an organization that promotes a comprehensive view of security, including attention to human rights and civil liberties. The article suggests that external assistance to the security sector in authoritarian political systems poses particularly difficult challenges, if there is no parallel process of political democratisation. In addition, a complex relationship between state security forces and organised crime poses additional challenges to police reform programmes. The article suggests that the OSCE might usefully review its policies to improve its effectiveness in this area and to ensure that its approach remains consistent with its basic principles.
Subject: SECURITY SECTOR REFORM--ASIA, CENTRAL
Subject: POLICE--ASIA, CENTRAL
Subject: OSCE--ASIA, CENTRAL
Item ID: JA028148
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE Contribution to Democratization in North African Countries
Author: Wohlfeld, Monika
Notes: The article focuses on a possible assistance of the OSCE to North African countries in political transition following the events of the so called ‘Arab Spring’. The OSCE has extensive experience in relevant realms. It also has a long-standing institutionalized dialogue and cooperation with a number of North African states. The discussion within the Organization itself on what the OSCE could offer and with states such as Tunisia on their needs has begun in January 2011, and is ongoing. The OSCE has also implemented first hands-on projects aimed at supporting the transitions processes in those countries, and linked to the on-going election processes there. But the OSCE Mediterranean dialogue suffers from the institutional context in which the Mediterranean Partners have the status akin to that of observers, and a certain lack of vision.
Subject: OSCE--MEDITERRANEAN COUNTRIES
Subject: ARAB SPRING, 2010-
Item ID: JA028324
Media: Article
Title: OSCE : The Military-Political Dimension, Status, Trends  
Author: Evtodieva, Marianna  
Subject: OSCE  
Item ID: JA027572  
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE in 2010, between Survival and Revival  
Author: Renaux, Genevieve  
In: STUDIA DIPLOMATICA, vol. 64, no. 1, 2011, p. 79-91.  
Subject: OSCE  
Item ID: JA027554  
Media: Article

2010

Title: Sommet d'Astana : l'OSCE se tourne vers l'Eurasie  
Author: Vinet, Guy  
Notes: Le Sommet d'Astana organise par le Kazakhstan porte en germe le nouveau role d'une OSCE qui se regenere en relançant des dossiers de fond sur l'articulation entre confiance, securite et transparence et veut prendre toute sa place dans l'architecture de securite eurasiatique.  
Subject: OSCE  
Item ID: JA027349  
Media: Article

Title: Fifteen Years of the Human Dimension in Bosnia and Herzegovina : The Ebb and Flow of Statebuilding  
Author: Perry, Valery  
Notes: This article considers one narrow aspect of the post-Dayton reform process in BiH - the role of the OSCE Mission to BiH in supporting reforms in the 'human dimension'. It briefly considers the political environment in BiH 15 years after the war, the continued human dimension efforts of the Mission, and reflects on the scope and limits of such a field Mission in the broader political arena.  
Subject: OSCE--BOSNIA AND HERCEGOVINA  
Subject: DAYTON PEACE ACCORDS (1995)  
Item ID: JA027596  
Media: Article

Title: OSCE : A Time for Change ?  
Author: Azimov, Anvar  
Subject: OSCE  
Item ID: JA026796  
Media: Article
2009

Title: Engagement avec l'Afghanistan : le point de vue de l'OSCE
Author: Ackermann, Alice
Notes: Depuis 2001 et après l'intervention américaine, l'Afghanistan constitue un sujet d'attention important de la communauté internationale. L'OSCE prend toute sa part d'un fardeau dont la nature et le contenu ont évolué sur la base d'une situation locale de plus en plus difficile. L'auteur fait le point sur cet engagement pour lequel l'OSCE déploie ses savoir-faire techniques et ses compétences régionales.
Subject: OSCE--AFGHANISTAN
Item ID: JA025635
Media: Article

Title: Kazakhstan and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe : Values Clash
Author: Nice, Alex
Notes: Democracy and human rights can be improved in authoritarian states by drawing them closer to international organisations. That was the idea behind appointing Kazakhstan to a key chairmanship of an international organisation for next year. The reality seems likely to be very different.
Subject: OSCE--KAZAKHSTAN
Item ID: JA026412
Media: Article

Title: Improving OSCE Election Observation
Author: Eicher, Peter
Notes: Although election observation has shown its value in enhancing public confidence and improving election practices, serious questions about the future of observation remain. Observer are groups under attack from some governments, while methods of manipulating elections have become increasingly sophisticated. A particular difficulty for observers is how to react when governments show a lack of political will to conduct fair elections. There are a number of steps that can be taken to meet these and other challenges, but ensuring that election observation remains relevant and effective will require continuing creativity, flexibility and innovations.
Subject: ELECTION MONITORING
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA026468
Media: Article

Title: Partenariat et cooperation entre l'OSCE et l'OTAN
Author: Perrin de Brichambaut, Marc
Notes: Pour le bilan relatif a ses soixante ans, l'OTAN doit s'intéresser a évaluer les actions qu'elle mène en relation avec d'autres institutions internationales. L'Organisation pour la securite et la cooperation en Europe (OSCE) est certainement l'organisation dont le champ de compétence a le plus a voir avec celui de l'Alliance atlantique. Les deux institutions sont amenees naturellement a travailler de concert sur la base de liens tisses depuis le temps de la guerre froide. Le secretaire general de l'OSCE donne son appreciation sur l'état de cette collaboration qui se fonde sur la complementarite des deux organisations.
Subject: NATO--OSCE
Subject: OSCE--NATO
Item ID: JA025876
Media: Article
Title: L'OSCE et la perspective d'un nouveau traite de securite paneuropeenne  
Author: Vinet, Guy  
Notes: Au debut de l'ete 2008, avant que n'eclate la crise en Georgie, le president russe propose qu'un nouveau traite de securite paneuropeenne soit discute par tous les acteurs concernes. Cette initiative, dont le contenu semble encore assez vague, est diversement accueillie par les autres Etats. Compte tenu de l'espace geographique considere et de l'objet du traite envisage, l'OSCE, qui a tenu son dernier Sommet fin 1999 a Istanbul, parait toute designee pour constituer le cadre de discussion et de preparation d'un tel document.  
Subject: OSCE  
Item ID: JA025634  
Media: Article  

Title: The OSCE and Transnational Security Challenges  
Author: Ackermann, Alice  
Notes: Although the engagement of the Organization for Security and Co-operation (OSCE) with Afghanistan, as an OSCE Asian Partner for Co-operation, is not a new effort, a more structured and focused approach was initiated by the participating States at the Madrid OSCE Ministerial Council in November 2007 and its Decision No. 4/07 (MC Decision No. 4/07). The Ministerial Council Decision identifies the need for OSCE support in three major areas: border security and management, and policing and combating trafficking, with such activities complementing already other national and international efforts. Since then, the implementation of MC Decision No. 4/07 has put OSCE effort towards Afghanistan on a more systematic basis. With a programme of activities that includes 16 projects, and that aims at the strengthening of border security and management, the facilitation of cross-border co-operation and the enhancement of national law enforcement capacities, the OSCE is well-positioned to strengthen its engagement with Afghanistan. In particular, it can draw on substantial expertise within its existing channels, including its field operations in Central Asia. Although OSCE engagement with Afghanistan remains a challenging task, in particular given the financial constraints of the Organization, the OSCE can continue to build on the solid interaction already established within the Partnership for Co-operation framework.  
Subject: OSCE--AFGHANISTAN  
Item ID: JA026415  
Media: Article  

Title: OSCE's Police-Related Activities : Lessons Learned During the Last Decade  
Author: Stodiek, Thorsten  
Notes: Within the last ten years, police-related activities have become a key component of the OSCE's post-conflict rehabilitation operations and have gained increasing relevance in the organization's democratization and rule of law activities in states of transition as well as in the promotion of international co-operation in the fight against terrorism and organized crime. The article provides an overview of the wide scope of police-related activities the OSCE executive structures have undertaken, the achievements they have made, the challenges they have faced while developing and implementing their police assistance and reform programmes, and the strategies they have developed to address the challenges.  
Subject: POLICE  
Subject: OSCE  
Item ID: JA026413  
Media: Article
Notes: The United Nations established a counterterrorism mechanism in the form of the Counterterrorism Committee when it adopted Security Council Resolution 1373 (2001). The Committee has so far worked with regional organizations and individual states in capacity building efforts to augment local counterterrorism abilities. However, ethical bottlenecks remain. The problem of ethics arises when laws lack legitimacy regarding criminality and state power and when they diverge from the rule of law and good governance. Regional organizations are keenly placed to ensure that states adopt legitimate counterterrorism measures, thus avoiding ethical bottlenecks. By working with states to maintain the moral high ground, regional organizations such as the OSCE can prevent unnecessary compromises between human rights and security.

Subject: TERRORISM--PREVENTION
Subject: HUMAN RIGHTS
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA025943
Media: Article

Notes: The OSCE Mission was established on the invitation of the government of Georgia and with the consent of the leaders of the breakaway regions of Abkhazia and South Ossetia. One would therefore conclude that there would have been a sound basis for a political solution of the situation. The reality has proved otherwise. The JCC set up to serve as a forum for negotiations, became part of the problem and compromised rather than enabled the OSCE to fulfill its mediating role. The OSCE's security enhancing role in the breakaway regions was curtailed due to lack of personnel. As a regional organization lacking political and economic leverage the OSCE was not up to the challenges of this complex situation. The article highlights the constraints of the OSCE in carrying out its mandate: no legal basis, consensus, increasing opposition from the part of CIS countries.

Subject: SOUTH OSSETIA WAR, 2008
Subject: OSCE--GEORGIA (REPUBLIC)
Item ID: JA026472
Media: Article

Notes: The article makes two intertwining arguments about OSCE's work in Central Asia. The first is that the organization failed to engage the leaders of the region in a political dialogue, opting instead for a quasi-developmental approach centered on technical assistance projects, many of questionable provenance and of limited if not negative impact. The second is that the OSCE has failed to promote in the region its own comprehensive vision of security with the human dimension at its core, instead accepting the security notions of regional leaders. The article traces and discusses the key points in the OSCE's involvement in Central Asia, noting that the political influence of the organization has dissipated while the project portfolio has expanded. The article questions the wisdom of projects involving police support and assistance to other governmental power structures in Central Asia states.

Subject: OSCE--ASIA, CENTRAL
Item ID: JA026473
Media: Article
L’OSCE et la crise du Caucase de l’été 2008

Vinet, Guy
In: DEFENSE NATIONALE ET SECURITE COLLECTIVE, 65e année, no. 1, janvier 2009, p. 27-35.

Notes: La communauté euro-atlantique a fait face durant l’été 2008 à une montée en tension brutale de la crise géorgienne débouchant sur des affrontements armés entre les forces militaires russes et géorgiennes. L’OSCE, impliquée depuis longtemps dans cette crise parfois oubliée, s’est employée avec rigueur à tenir le rôle dévolu par les États membres. Elle a dû surmonter de nombreuses difficultés et s’est révélée un acteur complémentaire de l’Union européenne.

Subject: SOUTH OSESETIA WAR, 2008
Subject: OSCE--GEORGIA (REPUBLIC)
Item ID: JA025638
Media: Article

Securite en Eurasie : le point de vue de l’OSCE

Perrin de Brichambaut, Marc

Notes: Le secrétaire général de l’OSCE rappelle les éléments de fond qui permettent à l’OSCE de conserver toute sa pertinence et présente certains défis qui l’attendent en ce début de XXIe siècle.

Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA025639
Media: Article

Kazakh OSCE Chairmanship : Challenges, Expectations and Opportunities

Subject: OSCE--KAZAKHSTAN
Item ID: JA025806
Media: Article

2008

The OSCE Norms and Activities Related to the Security Sector Reform : An Incomplete Puzzle

Ghebali, Victor-Yves

Notes: The OSCE is actively engaged in current activities addressing the various facets of security sector reform (SSR). From the perspective on an institution which considers that the security of states and their citizens are mutually reinforcing, such an engagement appears completely natural. SSR represents a common concern for states in transition from war to peace and from authoritarian rule to democracy, as well as for any rule of law state. Democratic governance of the security sector is essential at all stages of the conflict management cycle: while having the potential for reducing the risk of armed violence in conflict-prone states, it happens to be an inescapable component of compromise packages conducive to a final peace settlement and constitutes a crucial element of peacebuilding strategies in post-conflict settings. A state with a dysfunctional security sector can disrupt political stability within its own region. As the security sector is linked to effective government authority, strong democratic institutions based on the rule of law also contribute to the prevention and combating of transnational threats, risks and challenges such as organized crime, terrorism and illicit trafficking of all kinds. However, the OSCE involvement on the SSR turf is plagued with a regrettable conceptual deficit due to the absence of an integrated concept of SSR. This analysis offers a critical overview of OSCE achievements at both the normative (standard-setting) and operational level before assessing the consequence of the lack of overarching guiding principles governing the OSCE’s SSR related activities.

Subject: SECURITY SECTOR REFORM
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA025537
Media: Article
Title: Neither Fox nor Hedgehog: NATO’s Comprehensive Approach and the OSCE’s Concept of Security
Author: Ortiz, Antonio
Notes: In the post-Cold War security environment of strategic confusion and deep uncertainty, multilateral security institutions are struggling to adjust and evolve from a single vision of reality to a more complex understanding of the strategic risks and challenges. Both the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe have gone through in-depth transformation, with different degrees of success, to be able to address the new threats to the security of their members. The relevance and effectiveness of multilateral security institutions depends more and more on the ability and determination of their members to adapt to and to seize the opportunities of change. This difficult ongoing and continuous process requires innovative doctrines and new mechanisms for which some organizations are conceptually or institutionally better prepared than others. This article briefly explores the doctrinal sources of NATO’s Comprehensive Approach and its possible links with the OSCE’s comprehensive concept of security. It looks at the opportunities and the limits of this new approach in facilitating NATO’s interaction and engagement with other international actors, in particular the OSCE, in conceptual, institutional and operational terms. And it briefly reflects on the paradoxical, parallel lives of the OSCE’s and NATO’s respective approaches to security cooperation.
Subject: NATO
Subject: OSCE
Subject: SECURITY, INTERNATIONAL
Subject: COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH
Item ID: JA025538
Media: Article

Title: Restoring EU–OSCE Cooperation for Pan-European Conflict Prevention
Author: Stewart, Emma J.
Notes: The European Union and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe have a long history of cooperation. The agendas of the organizations overlap in the post-Cold War era, particularly in their shared objective of pan-European conflict prevention. Cooperation between the EU and the OSCE has made a significant contribution to European security by preventing conflict and promoting political and economic stability in Southeast Europe. Yet the political crisis of the OSCE is jeopardizing further EU–OSCE cooperation, harming prospects for peace and democracy in the South Caucasus and Central Asia. This article examines the fate of the OSCE and EU–OSCE cooperation since 1989, and assesses the factors limiting the prospects for cooperation and their mutual achievements in conflict prevention. It concludes that, given the EU’s foreign policy objectives, it is in its interest to confront the political deadlock between Russia and the United States within the OSCE, by resuming EU partnership with the OSCE, and by forging a proactive and constructive policy towards the Russian Federation. These efforts could contribute to the revival of pan-European security cooperation, and ensure stability and peace in Europe’s wider neighbourhood.
Subject: EU–OSCE
Subject: OSCE–EU
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT–EU
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT–OSCE
Item ID: JA025178
Media: Article
2007

Title: International Socialization in Difficult Environments: The Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe in Central Asia
Author: Warkotsch, Alexander
Notes: This article explores the potential of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) to be an agent of socialization in the five Central Asian Republics of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan. In drawing on both rationalist and constructivist approaches to international socialization it is argued that the organization’s inability to provide tangible material and political incentives as well as Central Asia’s indigenous culture and institutions impede successful socialization dynamics. Moreover, the power-oriented elites consider the bulk of the OSCE activities to be a threat to their grasp on power, not only making socialization almost impossible but also making OSCE-Central Asian cooperation increasingly difficult to sustain. Recommendations to increase the OSCE’s influence in the region concentrate on a better understanding of the cost-benefit calculation of Central Asian governments as well as a more responsive attitude to traditional institutions in the OSCE’s approach towards the region.
Subject: OSCE--ASIA, CENTRAL
Item ID: JA023699
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE and the 21st Century
Author: Perrin de Brichambaut, Marc
Notes: Since the late 1990s, the OSCE has become a mirror of the difficulties of the process of transition within the large area it covers, of the resurgence of tensions among some of its participating states, of the rise of new challenges. It is difficult for a value-based organization to do better than its constituent parts; the OSCE is no exception to the rule. Still, the OSCE today has nineteen field operations deployed in seventeen countries, assisting states across three dimensions of activity. For all of the changes that the OSCE has helped to manage, the fact is that the OSCE’s job is not over. Part of the original vision driving the CSCE and the OSCE was to help create a united Europe which is free and at peace with itself. In Central Asia’s borders with Afghanistan, we are not yet there. The struggle for tolerant, democratic, and dynamic societies, which are at peace and have the ability to tackle the challenges of terrorism, extremism and environmental degradation will be an ongoing one throughout the 21st century. The OSCE has a key role to play. This article is structured around three themes. A first part examines the context currently facing the OSCE and the OSCE was to help create a united Europe which is free and at peace with itself. In Central Asia’s borders with Afghanistan, we are not yet there. The struggle for tolerant, democratic, and dynamic societies, which are at peace and have the ability to tackle the challenges of terrorism, extremism and environmental degradation will be an ongoing one throughout the 21st century. The OSCE has a key role to play. This article is structured around three themes. A first part examines the context currently facing the OSCE. The second part explores how the Organization is adapting to new challenges. A final section highlights areas where further adaptation and emphasis may be required.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA024270
Media: Article

Title: Environmental Security: Ways Ahead for the OSCE
Author: Reuchlin, Philip
In: HELSINKI MONITOR, vol. 18, no. 1, 2007, p. 64-76.
Subject: SECURITY, INTERNATIONAL--ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA023706
Media: Article

Title: Can the OSCE Be Saved?
Author: Kaim, Markus
Additional Author: Schmitz, Andrea
Notes: The OSCE is an organization uncertain of its role in the twenty-first century. While trying to manage divergent views of what the OSCE should be, as well as deal with an intransient Russia and a Kazakh bid for chairmanship, the organization is in danger of becoming irrelevant.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA023642
Media: Article
Title: The Shanghai Cooperation Organisation and the OSCE: Two of a Kind?
Author: Haas, Marcel de
Notes: The Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) comprises a considerable territory, a large part of the world's population, energy sources, nuclear arms and significant armed forces. In comparing the SCO with the OSCE, at first sight they share many principles, goals and activities in the three domains of security. The fight against terrorism and other politico-military security-related issues have been the main topics of cooperation. However, in the human domain, continuous violations of human rights in SCO states demonstrate that this dimension is first of all subordinated to (the prolongation of) the often autocratic governments. Thus, although formally appearing to be two of a kind, in practice the organisations differ a great deal. As to increased cooperation between the SCO and OSCE, if favourable trade-offs can be made in the political and economic security dimensions, which are of more importance to the SCO, this might also open the way for intensified cooperation in the human domain. Central Asian members could possibly, because of their double membership of the SCO and the OSCE, play a key role in such a direction. A Kazakh OSCE chairmanship might serve as an instrument for persuading Central Asian states to be more committed towards the human principles of the OSCE.
Subject: SHANGHAI COOPERATION ORGANISATION
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA024271
Media: Article

Title: Mid-Life Crisis?
Author: Perrin de Brichambaut, Marc
Notes: The OSCE is not a relic of the Cold War. Instead, it may be the only body that can tackle problems across Eurasia. Adapting the OSCE should be a normal process of fine-tuning an organization designed for different times to new circumstances. The United States should lead it - actively, patiently and carefully.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA023662
Media: Article

2006

Title: The OSCE Mission to Georgia and the Georgian-Ossetian Conflict: An Overview of Activities
Author: Reeve, Roy
Subject: SOUTH OSSETIA (GEORGIA)--HISTORY--AUTONOMY AND INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS
Subject: OSCE--GEORGIA (REPUBLIC)
Item ID: JA022479
Media: Article

Title: Limits of International Involvement in the Southern Caucasus: The OSCE Mediation in the Nagorno-Karabakh Conflict (1992-1996)
Author: Geukjian, Ohannes
Subject: NAGORNO-KARABAKH CONFLICT, 1988-1994
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA022324
Media: Article
Title: Tussen ambitie en obstructie : Ruslands moeizame relatie met de OVSE
Author: Pietersma, Hinke
In: INTERNATIONALE SPECTATOR, jg. 60, nr. 5, mei 2006, p. 244-249.
Notes: The author analyses the ambivalent relationship between the Russian Federation and the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), hovering between ambition and obstruction. She argues that the Istanbul Summit of 1999 presented a watershed in the Russian approach towards the OSCE when its ambitions for a genuine pan-European security organisation were not met. Reflecting on the Istanbul Summit the then Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs Ivanov remarked that the OSCE had turned into a Western tool for forced democratisation. The human dimension of security, fostering rule of law, democratisation and human rights, gradually turned into the stage of an emerging East West divide. The Russian Federation developed a non-constructive attitude by obstructing the decision making process on a regular basis. This negative approach also hampered the OSCE’s mediating role in the so called ‘frozen conflicts’ in post-Soviet areas. The priority of the current chairmanship of Belgium to unfreeze at least one of these conflicts is not very likely to happen without Russian support. Hence it is imperative that efforts are made to create a new atmosphere of rapprochement between Russia and the Western participating states. The author recommends the chairmanship to use the current reform agenda of the OSCE as a tool for creating new common ground. The success of this attempt will largely determine whether the OSCE will become more effective a a mediator in frozen conflicts.
Subject: OSCE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA022502
Media: Article

Title: The Politico–Military Dimension of the OSCE
Author: Bailes, Alyson J. K.
Notes: This article briefly reviews the relevance, strengths and weaknesses, and further potential of OSCE’s politico-military work today, starting by drawing the contrast in more detail between the environment of CSCE’s early years and that facing the members of Europe’s extended security community in the early 21st century. It questions OSCE’s competence and ability to tackle some of the more prominent features of today’s special mix of threats and risks, but also points to services that the OSCE is providing and can provide, sometimes merely by virtue of existing (and by the existence of its acquis). The paper ends with some ideas about where OSCE might most usefully focus its security-related efforts in the near to medium term.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA022885
Media: Article

Title: Battle over the Box: International Election Observation Missions, Political Competition and Retrenchment in the Post-Soviet Space
Author: Fawn, Rick
In: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 82, no. 6, November 2006, p. 1133-1153.
Notes: The Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe’s international election observation missions (OSCE IEOMs) have fuelled a new political competition in the post-Soviet space. Even if previously largely ignored, OSCE evaluations have highlighted differences in political values between the West and several post-Soviet republics. Recently, however, they have gained political, and even strategic, importance in the region by contributing to political change in Georgia, Ukraine and Kyrgyzstan. IEOMs have also provoked resistance from several post-Soviet governments. This has taken several forms, including contesting the apparent western terms of democratization and the creation of alternative rules and practices for democratization and election observation. These challenges risk corrupting the whole practice of IEOMs, and the OSCE has sought to respond. IEOMs have also contributed to changes in Russian foreign policy, including its policy towards the OSCE. In addition, attitudes towards IEOMs within some post-Soviet governments are adding to evidence of a deepening divide between non-democratizing polities and the West.
Subject: ELECTION MONITORING--FORMER SOVIET REPUBLICS
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA023069
Media: Article
There has been a lot of talk about reforming the OSCE. As one diplomat quipped, never has so much been said by so many for so little. If the OSCE is going to make progress on strengthening its effectiveness, it needs to show results by the end of 2006. Otherwise it risks becoming more narcissistic than operational. Of course, some may argue that the OSCE is not broke, so the whole reform process should anyway be wrapped up as soon as possible. But that would be a wasted opportunity. What the OSCE needs is some pruning, cutting back the wild growth of the past decade and allowing the main shoots to bear sweeter fruit. This article suggests how and why that should be done.

Subject: OSCE -- REFORM
Item ID: JA022884
Media: Article
Title: OSCE at the Crossroads  
Author: Azimov, Anvar  
Subject: OSCE  
Item ID: JA021656  
Media: Article

Title: The 12th Meeting of the OSCE Ministerial Council (Sofia 2004)  
Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves  
Notes: The 12th Meeting of the OSCE Ministerial Council (Sofia, 6-7 December 2004), ended with no less ambiguity than that of the previous year in Maastricht through what may be called escapism. Indeed, it adopted an extensive set of formal decisions and a few declaratory statements, a package which was obviously meant to downplay, if not conceal, the extent of the rift between Russia and most of the other participating States. The present article offers a critical account of the decisions which did not gain consensus as well as those whose formal adoption saved the meeting from collapse, while also assessing the consequences for the OSCE of repeated escapist diplomatic exercises.  
Subject: OSCE  
Item ID: JA021607  
Media: Article

Title: Voices of Reform  
Subject: OSCE--REFORM  
Item ID: JA021765  
Media: Article

Title: OSCE Peacekeeping: Still Waiting to Perform!  
Author: Milinkovic, Branislav  
Subject: OSCE--PEACEKEEPING FORCES  
Item ID: JA021015  
Media: Article

Title: A Decade of the Dayton Agreement and the OSCE Mission to Bosnia and Herzegovina: Reflections and Prospects  
Author: Perry, Valery  
Notes: This essay sketches out some of the highlights of the OSCE's experience in BIH with an emphasis on lessons learned from its ten-year old Mission, and raises some of the broader policy and programmatic challenges facing not just the Mission to BIH, but the OSCE’s field work in general.  
Subject: OSCE--BOSNIA AND HERCEGOVINA  
Item ID: JA022076  
Media: Article
2004

Title: Community Based Policing in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
Author: Lesjak, Darko
Subject: OSCE--MACEDONIA (REPUBLIC)
Item ID: JA021016
Media: Article

Title: The Way Forward or Is the OSCE Fit for the 21st Century?
Author: Stoudmann, Gerard
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA021141
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE and Internal Displacement: a New Momentum.
Author: Beau, Christophe
Additional Author: Eschenbacher, Jens-Hagen
Notes: This article outlines current IDP-related trends and developments in the region, analyses the OSCE's current responses to internal displacement and identifies areas where the Organization could strengthen its role.
Subject: REFUGEES
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA020450
Media: Article

Title: Mediation Abilities of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) in the Case of the Settlement of the Nagorno-Karabakh Conflict
Author: Mammadov, Ilgar
Subject: NAGORNO-KARABAKH CONFLICT, 1988-1994
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA021247
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE: Entering a Third Phase in Its Third Decade
Author: Kemp, Walter
Notes: The OSCE turns thirty next summer and is entering the third phase of its existence. This article looks at the OSCE in transition, tracing its first two phases of development and comparing them to the Organization in the context of contemporary challenges and a new security architecture. Particular attention is paid to the effect of EU and NATO enlargement on the OSCE, and the Organization's relevance - particularly to States that are neither in the Union nor the Alliance. It concludes by reflecting on the current debate on reform and sketching the way ahead for the OSCE.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA021139
Media: Article
Title: The 11th Meeting of the OSCE Ministerial Council: Political Deadlock and Institutional Change.
Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA020449
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE Long-Term Missions: A Creative Tool Under Challenge
Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves
Notes: This analysis offers an assessment of the experience developed so far, after more than a decade (1992-2004), by LTMs assuming pre-conflict, conflict resolution or post-conflict functions. Starting with a brief reminder of the parameters of conflict management in the OSCE area, it discusses the issues related to the operating modalities of LTMs, with special emphasis on the termination of a mandate, before addressing the stakes that such a creative presently represent in the ongoing process of OSCE reform.
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--OSCE
Item ID: JA021014
Media: Article

2003

Title: The OSCE in Central Asia: On the Right Track?
Author: Høyvick, Wilhelm
Notes: For more than ten years the OSCE and Central Asia have engaged in increasingly broad cooperation. This relationship of the OSCE with five of its member states - in sacred OSCE language 'Participating States' - has seen ups and downs, successes and failures, performance and non-performance. There is now within the OSCE, i.e. amongst all its Participating States and in particular the States in Central Asia, a considerable amount of experience.
Subject: OSCE--ASIA, CENTRAL
Item ID: JA019939
Media: Article

Title: Public Diplomacy and the OSCE in the Age of Post-International Politics: The Case of the Field Mission in Croatia.
Author: Merlingen, Michael
Additional Author: Mujic, Zenet
Notes: The article argues against the widespread view that OSCE long-term missions should be constrained in their use of public diplomacy. The case rests on arguments that link the emergence of post-international politics to the need for a transformation of diplomatic practices. Missions need to engage in more and better public diplomacy because, in their host countries, subnational actors have the capacity to derail (or advance) the implementation of OSCE standards, even if national governments support (or oppose) mission goals. Diplomats who operate in such an environment cannot confine themselves to mission-to-government communication in their attempts to promote international security through domestic reforms. To illustrate the argument that missions have to reach out to local audiences in order to be effective agents of domestic change, a case study of the mission to Croatia is presented. Shortcomings in the mission's approach are pointed out, and it is argued that recent improvements in the implementation of OSCE standards are related to changes in the mission's diplomatic practices. In the conclusion, the article identifies steps the OSCE can take to enable and encourage missions to pursue more and better public diplomacy.
Subject: PUBLIC DIPLOMACY--OSCE
Item ID: JA019673
Media: Article
Title: The OSCE and the Stability Pact for South Eastern Europe: Can a New Relationship Improve Performance?
Author: Sporrer, Wolfgang
Subject: STABILITY PACT FOR SOUTH EASTERN EUROPE
Subject: OSCE--BALKAN PENINSULA
Item ID: JA019301
Media: Article

2002

Title: The OSCE in the Context of the Forthcoming EU and NATO Extensions.
Author: Zagorski, Andrei
Notes: This contribution analyzes the potential effect of the forthcoming EU and NATO extensions on the OSCE resulting from the increasing membership in the two institutions, and from their evolving mandates. In the second and third parts, it assesses the OSCE's comparative advantages and areas of excellence followed by conclusions with regard to the future profile of the Organization within the evolving European security system.
Subject: OSCE
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: EUROPE--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA018348
Media: Article

Title: Van CVSE naar OVSE: de sluipende institutionalisering en onvermijdelijke juridisering van een internationale conferentie.
Author: Dekker, Ige F.
Additional Author: Wessel, Ramses A.
Notes: De Organisatie voor Veiligheid en Samenwerking (OVSE) wordt in de handboeken over het recht der internationale organisaties vaak als het voorbeeld gebruikt van een organisatie die niet voldoet aan een van de 'standaard criteria' voor het zijn van een internationale organisatie, te weten oprichting op basis van een verdrag. Ook op andere punten doen de deelnemende staten hun uiterste best om aan te geven dat het hier niet om een 'echte' internationale organisatie gaat. Inderdaad wijkt de ontstaansgeschiedenis van de OVSE af van die van veel andere organisaties en brengen de gemaakte institutionele keuzes geheel eigensoortige problemen en mogelijkheden mee. Dit artikel gaat aan de hand van de wijziging van Conferentie over Veiligheid en Samenwerking (CVSE) in OVSE in op juridische gevolgen van institutionele veranderingen bij internationale samenwerkingsvormen.
Subject: OSCE
Subject: CONFERENCE ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE (ORGANIZATION)
Item ID: JA018789
Media: Article

Title: OSCE Peacekeeping: Lessons from the Kosovo Verification Mission.
Author: Bellamy, Alex J.
Additional Author: Griffin, Stuart
Notes: The Kosovo Verification Mission (KVM) was a watershed in the development of the peacekeeping role of the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE). It was to be larger than every other OSCE mission combined and ten times larger than the previous largest mission. However, there has been little analysis of the mission. This article places the mission in the context of evolving OSCE practices of peacekeeping and long-term deployments and poses two sets of questions: Where does OSCE peacekeeping fit into the wider European security architecture? And, if the role is to be developed further, what operational lessons does the organisation have to learn? The authors argue that the OSCE fulfils a particular and valuable role through facilitation, confidence-building and the human dimension but that this role lends itself to a qualitatively different type of peacekeeping to that offered by military organisations such as NATO. This brings with it advantages that allow the OSCE to deploy in places that NATO cannot, but is also restricted by being unarmed and consent-dependent. What the Kosovo case showed, however, is that different organisations can complement each other with OSCE reporting ultimately providing the tripwire for NATO military action.
How did an organisation like the OSCE, which is better known for norm- and standard-setting in the military sphere, become involved in combating illicit trafficking in small arms and light weapons in Central Asia? The answer lies both in the membership of the organisation and the nature of the problem.

The successful withdrawal or elimination of the OGRF's CFE Treaty-Limited Equipment (TLE) from Transdniestria, the left-bank separatist region in Moldova, is a significant step toward post-conflict demilitarization and stabilization of the region, and an important political achievement for all of the parties involved. Moldova made a major advance toward its ultimate goal of strengthening its independence and sovereignty. Russia made progress toward building normal relations with this small neighboring former republic of the Soviet Union. Local Transdniestrian authorities demonstrated their willingness, albeit grudging at times, to observe general European norms and agreements. Ukraine's cooperation assisted in enhancing stability along its southwestern border. Last but not least, the OSCE demonstrated expanded institutional capabilities for arms control, demilitarization, and post-conflict rehabilitation. OSCE credibility was also bolstered by the successful fulfilment of the first elements of an ambitious, difficult set of political commitments.

The al-Qaeda attacks of September 11 2001 on the World Trade Center in New York and the Pentagon in Washington caused worldwide shock and condemnation. Overnight, terrorism dominated international thinking. Most international organizations had had the issue on their agenda for many years, now it was rediscovered as top priority. The United Nations, the Council of Europe, NATO, the European Union, the OSCE (to mention the most important) - all stated their determination to act against terrorism and started to take countermeasures.
Title: Meten met twee maten: Russische onvrede en obstructie.
Author: Bakker, Edwin
Additional Author: Bomert, Bert
Notes: De afgelopen jaren is sprake van een toename van Russische onvrede met betrekking tot de Organisatie voor Veiligheid en Samenwerking in Europa. Deze onvrede wordt vooral sinds de Ministeriele Raad in 2000 in Wenen bepaald niet onder stoelen of banken gestoken. Bovendien leidt het Russische ongenoegen tot een zekere mate van obstructie van de gang van zaken binnen de organisatie. Een van de oorzaken van de onvrede is de Russische perceptie dat de OVSE 'double standards' hanteert. Een aantal Westerse landen stelt volgens Moskou alles in het werk om hun normen, waarden en structuren aan het Oosten op te leggen, terwijl zij deze niet toepassen op vraagstrukken die ten westen van Wenen spelen, teneinde eventuele OVSE-betrokkenheid aldaar tegen te gaan. In dit artikel wordt ingegaan op de vraag of dit beeld terecht is. Tevens wordt de vraag behandeld wat de OVSE in het algemeen en het Nederlands voorzitterschap in 2003 in het bijzonder te doen staat ten aanzien van het gepercipieerde meten met twee maten en de consequenties daarvan.
Subject: OSCE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA018790
Media: Article
Collection Type: Articles Collection
Availability: Non-Circulating

Title: The Bucharest Meeting of the Ministerial Council (3-4 December 2001): Towards a New Consensus at the OSCE?
Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves
Notes: In the aftermath of the tense debates which characterized the Vienna Ministerial Council meeting in 2000, the Russian Federation warned the other participating States that, unless radical reform would be decided upon by the next ministerial gathering, the OSCE could lose its political relevance in Europe and even be 'doomed to extinction'. The initial lukewarm reception to Moscow’s complaints, threats and demands did not bode well for the 9th Ministerial Council scheduled to take place on 3 and 4 December 2001 in Bucharest. However, the catastrophic terrorist attacks which struck the United States on 11 September introduced new parameters overnight. They generated a spirit of compromise and cooperation which allowed the Bucharest Ministerial Council to proceed successfully. The decisions taken by the Council are analyzed here under three major rubrics: institutional reform, terrorism and regional conflicts.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA018110
Media: Article

Title: De OVSE in het veld. II: Effectiviteit van OVSE-missies.
Author: Huber, Martina
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA018794
Media: Article

Title: OSCE’s Place in Europe’s Architecture.
Author: Shustov, V.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA017722
Media: Article
Title: Die OSZE : Vorbild fur Asien-Pazifik ?
Author: Krause, Joachim
Notes: Multilaterale Bemuhungen im Sicherheitsbereich stecken im asiatisch-pazifischen Raum noch in den Kinderschuhen. Europäische Modelle wie die OSZE lassen sich zwar im Ganzen nicht übertragen, wohl aber einige der Instrumente zur Konfliktprävention. Warum sollten vertrauensbildende Massnahmen und ein 'Sonderbeauftragter für Stille Diplomatie' nicht vorstellbar sein ?
Subject: OSCE
Subject: ASIA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA016750
Media: Article

Title: Le role de l’OSCE en Asie centrale.
Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves
Subject: OSCE--ASIA, CENTRAL
Item ID: JA016742
Media: Article

Title: Conflict Resolution in FYR Macedonia : Powersharing or the 'Civic Approach' ?
Author: Daftary, Farimah
Notes: In order to better understand the means of resolving the Macedonian conflict, this article first examines the roots of the crisis. Following an overview of the main developments between February and October 2001, including domestic and international attempts to end the fighting, the potential of the Framework Agreement of 13 August to bring durable peace to FYR Macedonia is assessed. The article concludes by recommending further steps for action by the international community and especially the OSCE.
Subject: MACEDONIA (REPUBLIC)--HISTORY--AUTONOMY AND INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS
Subject: OSCE--MACEDONIA (REPUBLIC)
Item ID: JA017441
Media: Article

Title: The 8th Meeting of the OSCE Ministerial Council (27-28 November) : Anatomy of a Limited Failure.
Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA016713
Media: Article

Author: Fukushima, Akiko
Notes: This article focuses on the cooperation between one of the European security institutions, the OSCE, and Japan amongst many links emerging between Asia and Europe. In particular, this article attempts to analyze why a partnership has emerged between the OSCE and one of its non-participating states, Japan, and how this partnership has evolved over the seven years since Japan was accepted as an OSCE Partner-for Cooperation. Finally, the article examines what sort of partnership might unfold between the two in the future.
Subject: OSCE--JAPAN
Item ID: JA016511
Media: Article
Title: Are there Pupils and Teachers in the OSCE?
Author: Petrakov, Mikhail
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA016994
Media: Article

Title: L'OSCE face aux critiques de la Russie de Vladimir Poutine.
Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves
Notes: Lors du dernier Conseil ministeriel tenu par l'OSCE en novembre 2000, la Russie s'est livree a une critique en regle de celle-ci en l'accusant de privilegier les activites relatives a la dimension humaine par rapport a toutes les autres ainsi que de limiter arbitrairement ses operations aux territoires de l'ex-URSS, de l'ancien bloc sovietique et des Balkans. Refusant egalement d'admettre que les promesses faites en 1999 par Boris Eltsine (retour de la Mission de l'OSCE en Tchetchenie, retrait des troupes russes de Georgie et de Moldova) n'avaient pas ete honorees, Moscou s'opposa a l'adoption d'une declaration ministerielle finale. Revelateur de l'existence a l'OSCE d'un 'malaise russe', ce comportement est en fait celui d'un pays mortifie de constater que son credit au sein d'une institution jusque-la fort prisee n'est plus que marginal. Il est celui d'une nouvelle equipe dirigeante qui, avec Vladimir Poutine, tient a reafirmer haut et fort les fantasmes d'une Russie nostalgique de son statut de superpuissance.
Subject: OSCE--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA016543
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE and Regional Conflicts in the Former Soviet Union.
Author: Mychajlyszyn, Natalie
Notes: The OCSE's interventions in post-Soviet ethnic and regional conflicts reveal important insights into the impact of the international dimension on post-Soviet transition. While the impact of the OSCE has been positive in a few cases, as in Crimea, for the most part it has been ineffective in conflict resolution and prevention. The contribution argues that the weakness of the OSCE is mainly due to the tension between competing principles of respect for territorial integrity and the right of self-determination which inform the OSCE's activities. The OSCE seems to be most effective in situations where territorial integrity is not challenged, and its solutions are inappropriate where it is. As a result, instability in the area is expected to continue and the OSCE's credibility as an institution for preventing, managing and resolving regional and ethnic conflicts is ultimately undermined.
Subject: OSCE--FORMER SOVIET REPUBLICS
Subject: REGIONAL CONFLICTS--FORMER SOVIET REPUBLICS
Item ID: JA017199
Media: Article

Title: The Kurdish Conflict in Turkey : (not) a Subject for the OSCE.
Author: Gurbey, Gulistan
Notes: This article is centred on the OSCE's activities pertaining to a peaceful settlement of the Kurdish conflict in Turkey. It follows up the questions of why the OSCE, despite a fully-fledged protection of minorities mechanism, has not so far been very active and what other opportunities are at its disposal for constructively dealing with the conflict.
Subject: KURDS--TURKEY
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA016509
Media: Article
Title: The OSCE and FRY: the Beginning of the New Relationship.
Author: Milinkovic, Branislav
Notes: This article briefly assesses the suspension and the (re-)entry of the FRY to the OSCE; it enumerates the reasons why this development is relevant both for the OSCE and for the FRY and also looks at the future of this relationship.
Subject: OSCE--YUGOSLAVIA
Item ID: JA016510
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE Mission in Kosovo: Two Years into Institution Building.
Author: Everts, Daan W.
In: HELSINKI MONITOR, vol. 12, no. 4, 2001, p. 245-256.
Notes: The OSCE Mission in Kosovo (OMIK) was established on 1 July 1999, on the basis of Decision No. 305 of the OSCE Permanent Council. Since then, it has focused its policies and programmes on two main objectives: democratic governance and human rights/rule of law. In comparison with the UN-pillar dealing with current day-to-day administration, the OMIK mandate has been directed towards building institutions and capacities for the future.
Subject: OSCE--KOSOVO (REPUBLIC)
Subject: PEACE-BUILDING--KOSOVO (REPUBLIC)
Item ID: JA017440
Media: Article

Title: Transdniestria and Moldova: Cold Peace at the Dniestr.
Author: Neukirch, Claus
Subject: DNIESTER MOLDOVAN REPUBLIC--HISTORY--AUTONOMY AND INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS
Subject: OSCE--MOLDOVA
Item ID: JA016714
Media: Article

2000

Title: The OSCE and the Stability Pact for South Eastern Europe: A Mother-Daughter, Brother-Sister or Partner Relationship?
Author: Buchsbaum, Thomas M.
Subject: STABILITY PACT FOR SOUTH EASTERN EUROPE
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA016039
Media: Article

Title: The Activities of the OSCE Police Monitoring Group in the Croatian Danube Region.
Author: Ortiz, Antonio
Subject: OSCE--CROATIA
Item ID: JA015429
Media: Article
Title: Equal Security for OSCE Countries.
Author: Shelepin, M.
In: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 46, no. 3, 2000, p. 170-182.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA015523
Media: Article

Title: La Charte de l'OSCE sur la securite europeenne.
Author: Ghebali, Victor-Yves
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA014945
Media: Article

Title: The US and the CSCE/OSCE.
Author: Hopmann, P. Terrence
Subject: OSCE--USA
Subject: CONFERENCE ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE (ORGANIZATION)--USA
Item ID: JA015430
Media: Article

Title: Democratisation Through Supporting Civil Society in Bosnia and Herzegovina.
Author: Pont, Yannick du
Notes: This article discusses OSCE Democratisation Policy in Bosnia and Herzegovina (BaH), in particular its support for Civil Society. The author shows how OSCE support has become increasingly targeted towards desired social and political forces over the years. Whilst he argues that this is a positive general development, it is clear that it is high time to discuss the political implications of such a policy and to agree upon clear limits and democratic monitoring procedures.
Subject: OSCE--BOSNIA AND HERCEGOVINA
Subject: CIVIL SOCIETY--BOSNIA AND HERCEGOVINA
Subject: DEMOCRACY--BOSNIA AND HERCEGOVINA
Item ID: JA016037
Media: Article

Title: The Charter for European Security from a European Union (EU) Perspective.
Author: Lundin, Lars-Erik
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA015116
Media: Article

Title: The Istanbul Summit.
Author: Chizhov, Vladimir
In: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 46, no. 1, 2000, p. 68-73.
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA015247
Media: Article
## Previous Issues

### Anciens numéros

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Language</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/13</td>
<td>Counterinsurgency / La contre-insurrection</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2/13</td>
<td>The Arab Spring Two Years On / Le printemps arabe : deux ans plus tard</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/13</td>
<td>Africa : Conflicts and Crises of the Last Five Years / L’Afrique : conflits et crises des cinq dernières années</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/13</td>
<td>The Russian Federation and the European Union / La Fédération de Russie et l’Union européenne</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/13</td>
<td>Nationalism / Le nationalisme</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6/13</td>
<td>Transatlantic Relations in the 21st Century / Les relations transatlantiques au 21ème siècle</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/13</td>
<td>Islamist Challenges / Les défis islamistes</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8/13</td>
<td>The U.S. Shift towards the Asia-Pacific / Le ‘pivot’ américain vers la région Asie-Pacifique</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/14</td>
<td>Drone Aircrafts / Les drones</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2/14</td>
<td>National Self-Determination and Secession / Le droit des peuples à l’auto-détermination et la sécession politique</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/14</td>
<td>The Moral and Ethical Aspects of War / Les aspects moraux et éthiques de la guerre</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/14</td>
<td>Humanitarian Intervention / L’ingérence humanitaire</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/14</td>
<td>The Kurds / Les Kurdes</td>
<td>French</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>