The Baltic States
Thematic Bibliography no. 1/15

Les Etats baltes
Bibliographie thématique no. 1/15
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Title: Northern Security and Global Politics: Nordic-Baltic Strategic Influence in a Post-Unipolar World
Additional Author: Dahl, Ann-Sofie, ed.
Additional Author: Jarvenpaa, Pauli, ed.
Published: Abingdon, UK: Routledge, 2014
Physical Description: xvi, 194 pages: illustrations; 24 cm.
In: Routledge Global Security Studies
Notes: Bibliography: p. 170-186. Includes index. "This book takes a comprehensive approach to security in the Nordic-Baltic region, studying how this region is affected by developments in the international system. The advent of the new millennium coincided with the return of the High North to the world stage. A number of actors have contributed to the increased international interest in the northern part of Europe: climate change resulting in ice melting in Greenland and the Arctic, and new resources and shipping routes opening up across the polar basin foremost among them. The world is no longer 'unipolar' and not yet 'multipolar', but perhaps 'post-unipolar', indicating a period of flux and of declining US unipolar hegemony. Drawing together contributions from key thinkers in the field, this book explores how this situation has affected the Nordic-Baltic area by addressing two broad sets of questions. First, it examines what impact declining unipolarity - with a geopolitical shift to Asia, a reduced role for Europe in United States policy, and a more assertive Russia - will have on regional Nordic-Baltic security. Second, it takes a closer look at how the regional actors respond to these changes in their strategic environment."
Subject: SCANDINAVIA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: SCANDINAVIA--STRATEGIC ASPECTS
Subject: BALTIC STATES--STRATEGIC ASPECTS
ISBN: 9780415836579
Call Number: 355.4 /01858
Item ID: 80025157
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Eesti NATO lugu, 1991-2004
Author: Lindstrom, Koostanud Lauri
Additional Author: Praks, Henrik
Institution: Eesti NATO Uhing (EE)
Published: Tallinn: Eesti NATO Uhing, 2014
Physical Description: 279 pages: illustrations; 25 cm.
Subject: NATO--ESTONIA
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
ISBN: 9780049335381
Call Number: 495.3 /00158
Item ID: 80025381
Media: Book

* This list contains material received as of February 5th, 2015.—Cette liste est arrêtée au 5 février 2015.
Title: The Politics of Energy Dependency: Ukraine, Belarus, and Lithuania between Domestic Oligarchs and Russian Pressure

Author: Balmaceda, Margarita Mercedes, 1965-

Published: Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 2013

Notes: Energy has been an important element in Moscow's quest to exert power and influence in its surrounding areas both before and after the collapse of the USSR. With their political independence in 1991, Ukraine, Belarus, and Lithuania also became, virtually overnight, separate energy-poor entities heavily dependent on Russia. This increasingly costly dependency - and elites' scrambling over associated profits - came to crucially affect not only relations with Russia but the very nature of post-independence state building. This book explores why these states were unable to move towards energy diversification. Through extensive field research using previously untapped local-language sources, the author reveals a complex picture of local elites dealing with the complications of energy dependency and, in the process, affecting the energy security of Europe as a whole.

Subject: ENERGY POLICY--UKRAINE
Subject: ENERGY POLICY--BELARUS
Subject: ENERGY POLICY--LITHUANIA
Subject: ENERGY POLICY--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)

Title: Development of the Baltic Armed Forces in Light of Multinational Deployments

Author: Corum, James S.

Institution: US Army War College. Strategic Studies Institute (US)

Published: Carlisle, PA: US Army War College, 2013

Notes: 'Developing coalition security strategies within NATO has never been easy. However, it does help to have a thorough understanding of one's allies and their concerns and perspectives. This monograph provides an in-depth view of how three Baltic nations (Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania) view current and future security threats and likely problems. It also recommends some ways in which the United States might respond to these issues.'

Subject: BALTIC STATES--ARMED FORCES
Subject: MULTINATIONAL ARMED FORCES

Title: The Security Concerns of the Baltic States as NATO Allies
Author: Corum, James S.
Institution: US Army War College. Strategic Studies Institute (US)
Published: Carlisle, PA : US Army War College, 2013
Physical Description: xi, 50 pages ; 23 cm.
In: Letort Papers
Notes: 'If the United States is likely to fight in a coalition with small allies in the future, then it is useful to understand the experience, capabilities, and perspectives of those allies. Since regaining independence in 1991, the countries of Latvia, Estonia, and Lithuania have been very active in supporting NATO and U.S. military operations abroad. It is notable that the three Baltic countries have also used the deployment of a significant part of their forces in the last decade as a major part of their program to carry out a major force transformation.'
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 1584875895
Call Number: 355.4 /01852
Item ID: 80025133
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2012

Title: The Baltic States from the Soviet Union to the European Union : Identity, Discourse and Power in the Post-Communist Transition of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania
Author: Mole, Richard C. M., 1968-
Published: Abingdon, UK : Routledge, 2012
Physical Description: xviii, 196 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
In: BASEES/Routledge Studies on Russian and East European Studies
Notes: Bibliography: p. 178-191. Includes index. 'The Baltic States are unique in being the only member-states of the EU to have fought to regain their sovereignty from the Soviet Union, only then to cede it to Brussels in certain key areas. Similarly, no member-states have had to struggle as hard as Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania to preserve their identity after 50 years of Soviet nationality policy in the face of sub-state and supra-state challenges. The post-communist experience of the Baltic States thus allows us to examine debates about identity as a source of political power, the conditioning and constraining influence of identity discourses on social, political and economic change, and the orientation and outcome of their external relations. In particular, the book examines the impact of Russian and Soviet control of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, the Baltic independence movements of the late 1980s/early 1990s, the citizenship debates, relations with Russia vis-a-vis the withdrawal of the troops of the former Soviet Army, the drawing of the shared boundary and the rights of Russian-speaking minorities, and the efforts undertaken by the three Baltic States to rebuild themselves, modernize their economies, cope with the ensuing social changes and facilitate their accession to the EU and NATO.'
Subject: SELF-DETERMINATION, NATIONAL--BALTIC STATES
Subject: IDENTITY POLITICS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATIONALISM--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USSR
Subject: USSR--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 9780415394970
Call Number: 323 /01295
Item ID: 80024398
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: After the Spring: Probation, Justice Reform and Democratization from the Baltics to Beirut
Author: Wheeldon, Johannes
Physical Description: xviii, 307 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Includes index. The protests that have sparked a generational revolution in Tunisia and Egypt have spread far and wide and renewed previous efforts to replace authoritarian regimes with democratic institutions in the Middle East and North Africa (MENA). This book argues that a central aspect of democratization includes reforming the justice system. Focusing on probation, it proposes a three-tier model to understand efforts to reform penal practices, develop community-based alternatives to punishments, and promote the greater participation of society. By leveraging the full experience of justice reform in the Former Soviet Union (FSU), including Russia, Estonia, Lithuania, Ukraine, Czech Republic, and specifically Latvia, this book presents development projects themselves as central sites of deliberation and debate. The book is based in part on interviews with UK, US, and Canadian scholars involved in justice reform projects in both the FSU and MENA. Although critical in its view of the law and economic development models of the past, this book argues that justice reform projects offer a means to model the values that serve as the cornerstone of all democratic practices.
Subject: JUSTICE, ADMINISTRATION OF--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 9789490947590
Call Number: 34 /00035
Item ID: 80024499
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2010

Title: NB8 Wise Men Report
Published: [s.l.]: [s.n.], 2010
Physical Description: 22 p. : ill.; 30 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 21-22. In the spring of 2010, Latvia and Denmark in their capacities as the presidents of the Baltic Council of Ministers and the Nordic Foreign Policy Cooperation, respectively, decided to establish a wise men group to look into how to advance cooperation between the Nordic and Baltic countries (NB8) in order to strengthen relations and address common regional and global challenges more efficiently. This report is the result of that initiative.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--SCANDINAVIA
Subject: SCANDINAVIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Call Number: 327 /01530
Item ID: 80023463
Link: http://bit.ly/coDP9h
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2009

Title: Baltic Sea Strategy: A Pilot Project for Macro-Regionalisation in the EU
Author: Antola, Esko
Additional Author: Centre for European Studies (BE)
Published: Brussels: Centre for European Studies, 2009
Physical Description: 50 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 47-49. The Baltic Sea Region is the first macro-region recognised by the European Union. The European Union Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region is the first internal macro-regional strategy of the Union. The region is a pilot project for setting an example and offering best/worst practices to other macro-regions in the making.
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Call Number: 441 /00198
Item ID: 80023370
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Les pays baltes en quête de sécurité

Chillaud, Matthieu, 1974-

Paris : Economica, 2009

Les pays baltes, après leur brutale incorporation à la fin de la seconde guerre mondiale, à l'Union soviétique, ont regagné à un moment où cette dernière agonisait, leur indépendance et leur souveraineté. Depuis, en croisant le fer régulièrement avec une Russie hostile à leur diplomatie atlantique tous azimuts et en soutenant, tout aussi fréquemment, les pays occidentaux, et en premier lieu les États-Unis, ils ont voulu démontrer que leur objectif était de quitter, une fois pour toutes, l'orbite russe tout en garantissant leur positionnement, à perpétuelle demeure, à l'Ouest. Cette stratégie, néanmoins, ne fut pas exempte d'ambiguités. A force de classifier les trois pays dans une catégorie homogène, on en oubliait presque l'opportunisme dont on a pu faire preuve chacun d'eux qui, lorsque ses intérêts l'exigeaient, a préféré arracher aux capitales occidentales des garanties que les deux autres ne pouvaient obtenir. Leur dénominateur commun, finalement, est moins de partager une identité similaire autour d'un label 'balte' que d'avoir un positionnement géostratégique contraignant et d'avoir utilisé une identité opportunément construite pour conjurer cette contrainte. Cette stratégie a été couronnée de succès puisqu'elle a débouché sur leur intégration de jure à l'Ouest par le jeu de leur double adhésion à l'OTAN et à l'UE.'

Subject: BALTIC STATES--STRATEGIC ASPECTS
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
ISBN: 9782717856873
Call Number: 355.4 /01697
Item ID: 80023614
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Identity and Foreign Policy : Baltic-Russian Relations and European Integration

Berg, Eiki, ed.
Ehin, Piret, ed.

Farnham, UK : Ashgate, 2009

Baltic-Russian relations have been complicated and tense since the collapse of the USSR and the restoration of Estonian, Latvian and Lithuanian independence. Although Baltic accession to the European Union has created a new international context for interstate relations in the region, enlargement did not bring about the much hoped-for improvement in Baltic-Russian relations. This case study rich volume examines links between identity, memory politics and foreign policy. It analyzes and explains developments in Baltic-Russian relations after both NATO and EU enlargement, focusing on the incompatibility of Baltic and Russian post-Soviet national identity constructions and the manifestations of this underlying antagonism in bilateral relations and on the broader European and international arena.'

Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 9780754673293
Call Number: 357.4 /01467
Item ID: 80022466
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The EU Strategy for the Baltic Sea Region: A Catalyst for What?
Author: Joenniemi, Pertti
Institution: Danish Institute for International Studies (DK)
Published: Copenhagen : Danish Institute for International Studies, 2009
Physical Description: 7 p.; 30 cm.
In: DIIS Brief
Notes: 'In addition to providing insight into the aspirations of the EU with regard to the Baltic Sea Region, this brief also argues that regionalization is enjoying increased legitimacy and standing in EU policies in general.'
Subject: EU—BALTIC STATES
Call Number: 441/00188
Item ID: 80022840
Link: http://www.diis.dk/sw82427.asp
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2008

Title: Historical Dictionary of Latvia
Author: Plakans, Andrejs
Published: Lanham, MD : Scarecrow Press, 2008
Physical Description: xxx, 311 p.; 22 cm.
Edition: 2nd ed.
In: Historical Dictionaries of Europe ; 60
Notes: Bibliography: p. 281-309. 'This dictionary tells the turbulent history of Latvia through a chronology, a list of acronyms and abbreviations, an introductory essay, a bibliography, and several hundred cross-referenced dictionary entries on important people, places, and events.'
Subject: LATVIA—HISTORY—ENCYCLOPEDIAS
ISBN: 9780810855151
Call Number: 947/00071 REF
Item ID: 80022198
Media: Book
Collection Type: Reference Collection

Title: Russia's European Agenda and the Baltic States
Author: Sleivyte, Janina
Additional Author: Defence Academy of the United Kingdom (GB)
Published: Shrivenham : Defence Academy of the United Kingdom, 2008
Physical Description: 51 p.; 25 cm.
In: Shrivenham Papers ; 7
Notes: 'The place and the role of the Baltic States in the region and in Europe cannot be assessed without taking into account the context of their relations with Russia. This paper analyses Russia's approach towards European security architecture and establishes how the Baltic States are seen in this framework. This study seeks to achieve two key aims: the primary aim is to provide an analysis of Russia's European agenda in general, and her agenda in the Baltic region in particular; the secondary aim is to define threats and challenges, as well as prospects, in Russo-Baltic relations.'
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)—FOREIGN RELATIONS—BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES—FOREIGN RELATIONS—RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: EU—RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
ISBN: 9780955392160
Call Number: 327/01426
Item ID: 80021820
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
In 2004, Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania finally attained their long-standing strategic goals and became members of both the European Union and NATO. This paper discusses the opportunities and challenges the Baltic governments face after their nation states became member states. In the first section of the paper, the author argues that the era of 'high politics' in the ever-complicated saga of Baltic-Russian relations is over. However, it appears likely that tensions will persist in 'low politics' and the issues of the Russian minorities in Latvia and Estonia, transit to the Kaliningrad region, and Russian energy policy top the agenda. In the second section, the author contends that the importance and relevance of different regional cooperation frameworks, in which the Baltic States were actively engaged prior to the double enlargement, is changing. The Baltic governments are well placed to make a positive impact on the European Neighbourhood Policy. The third section of the paper explores the reasons behind the pro-American sentiments of the Baltic political elites, while maintaining that they have (misguidedly) paid too little attention to the development of CFSP. The author makes the case that a stronger EU security and defence role is very much in the interest of the Baltic States. The paper concludes with an analysis of policy implications for the Baltic governments. The author maintains that the Baltic States need to become pragmatic in their daily business with Russia and more flexible within the EU about their policies towards Russia, while at the same time remaining assertive with regard to their long-term interest in seeing Russia become a normal democracy. The author highlights the need for the Baltic governments to prioritise among the plethora of organisations in the Baltic Sea regions by strengthening ties with the Nordic capitals and suggesting ways to 'make a difference' in the Eastern neighbourhood. Finally, the author exhorts Riga, Tallinn and Vilnius to reappraise their approach towards CFSP and ESDP, to internalise the EU in their strategic thinking and to become normal and credible member states instead of 'special cases'.

Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 9291980897
Call Number: 327 /01300
Item ID: 80020602
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Lithuania under German Occupation, 1941-1945 : Despatches from US Legation in Stockholm
Additional Author: Remeikis, Thomas, ed.
Published: Vilnius : Vilnius University Press, 2005
Physical Description: 731 p.; 25 cm.
Subject: LITHUANIA--HISTORY--GERMAN OCCUPATION, 1941-1944
Subject: WORLD WAR, 1939-1945--LITHUANIA
ISBN: 9986197325
Call Number: 940 /00227
Item ID: 80020567
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Le KGB et les pays baltes, 1939-1991
Author: Wolff, David
Additional Author: Moullec, Gael
Published: Paris : Belin, 2005
Physical Description: 236 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: ‘Comprendre les debats actuels entre la Russie et les Pays baltes (Estonie, Lettonie, Lituanie) necessite de revisiter l'Histoire du XXe siecle. Tour a tour poste avance de l'Occident dans sa lutte contre la Russie communiste ou forteresse sovietique face a l'Europe, les trois Etats baltes font aujourd'hui partie de l'Union europeenne. La lutte contre le systeme sovietique et son bras arme, le KGB, a fait naitre dans ces societes des sentiments ambigus : peur de l'autre, enfermement dans un nationalisme exigeant, perte de l'esprit de compromis. Ce livre, fonde sur des documents confidentiels ou ultraconfidentiels du KGB, met en lumiere les mesures et les contre-mesures utilisees pour separer ces pays de l'Europe et les inclure dans le bloc sovietique. Au travers de la souffrance des peuples, des jeux d'appareil, des techniques d'infiltration et de subversion, ce livre retrace l'aspiration des Baltes a devenir les maitres de leur Histoire, envers et contre tout.’
Subject: ESPIONAGE, SOVIET--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USSR
Subject: USSR--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 2701135532
Call Number: 327.8 /00149
Item ID: 80020300
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2004

Title: Historical Dictionary of Estonia
Author: Miljan, Toivo
Published: Lanham, MD : Scarecrow Press, 2004
Physical Description: xviii, 558 p. : ill.; 23 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 511-556. 'This historical dictionary provides an encyclopedic overview of the significant people, places, and events in Estonian history from the twelfth century to the present, as well as the economic, political and social transition of Estonia from the beginning of its written history to membership in the European Union.'
Subject: ESTONIA--HISTORY--ENCYCLOPEDIAS
ISBN: 0810849046
Call Number: 947 /00061 REF
Item ID: 80020273
Media: Book
Collection Type: Reference Collection
Notes: 'The policies of the Putin government pose a significant challenge to the development of transparent democratic governments and free markets in those countries that are dependent on Russia for their energy resources. Ever since the collapse of the Soviet Union, the Kremlin has used its energy monopoly to influence non-economic policies in the neighboring countries of Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland and Ukraine.'

Subject: ENERGY POLICY--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--POLAND
Subject: POLAND--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--UKRAINE
Subject: UKRAINE--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)

ISBN: 0892064560
Call Number: 620 /00124
Item ID: 80020144
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Notes: 'This is a collection of articles, where 18 authors from Latvia and other countries analyse potential trends of development in the world, Baltic Sea region, and in Latvia in the nearest 10-15 years. Integration of Latvia and other countries into the European Union and NATO is likely to bring about essential changes not only in the above countries, but also in the international system as a whole. The authors have given assessment of Latvia's future prospects in the field of security and international law, in economics and in the context of sustainable development, in the sphere of information technologies, science and foresight studies, as well as in the fields of demography, ethnic relations, morality and ethics, criminology, and mass media development.'

Subject: EU--LATVIA
Subject: LATVIA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
Subject: LATVIA--SOCIAL CONDITIONS
Subject: LATVIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
ISBN: 9984954218
Call Number: 441 /00120
Item ID: 80019289
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Notes: 'De veiligheids- en defensiepolitiek van de Baltische staten'

Subject: BALTIC STATES--MILITARY POLICY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ARMED FORCES

Available for Circulation
2003

Title: Estonia : Future Returned
Author: Ruutel, Arnold
Published: Tallinn : Ilo, 2003
Physical Description: 230 p. : ill.; 25 cm.
Notes: "This book paints a revealing inside picture of how Estonia managed to break free from the Soviet rule, achieving what had been thought impossible only a few years before - restoration of the independence of a country occupied and annexed by the Soviet Union 51 years before.'
Subject: ESTONIA--HISTORY
ISBN: 9985574680
Call Number: 947 /00060
Item ID: 80020253
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2002

Title: The Great Debate
Additional Author: Lithuanian Atlantic Treaty Association (LT)
Published: Vilnius : Lithuanian Atlantic Treaty Association, 2002
Physical Description: 96 p. : ill.; 21 cm.
Notes: "This book is an attempt to describe and analyse the discussions of the politicians, the academic circles and the general public that took place over the period until the Prague NATO summit of 2002 on NATO membership of the Baltic states.'
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
ISBN: 9986939941
Call Number: 495.3 /00122
Item ID: 80020659
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Small States - Big Worries : Choice and Purpose in the Security Policies of the Baltic States
Author: Heinemann-Gruder, Andreas
Institution: Bonn International Center for Conversion (DE)
Published: Bonn : Bonn International Center for Conversion, 2002
Physical Description: 55 p. : ill.; 30 cm.
In: BICC Brief ; 21
Notes: "Following independence, the Baltic states defined their security policies 'from scratch', in an environment open to institutional choice as well as to diverse perceptions of potential threats. These states therefore represent a unique case for testing common assumptions about the sources of security policies. What are the factors determining the Baltic states' choice of security policies? The following study looks at the security debates in and around the Baltic states and relates them to the actual build-up of armed forces in the 1990s. How are policy deliberations and declarations related to the actual pursuit of security policies, and what does this teach us about the determinants of security policies ?'
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ARMED FORCES
Call Number: 355.4 /01319
Item ID: 80017883
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Additional Author: Latvian Human Rights Committee (LV)

Published: Riga: Latvian Human Rights Committee, 2002

Physical Description: 78 p.; 21 cm.

Subject: MINORITIES--LATVIA

Call Number: 323 /00771

Item ID: 80018478

Media: Book

Collection Type: General Collection

Title: With the Baltic Flag: Through Three Occupations

Author: Silamikelis, Valentins

Published: Riga: Jumava, 2002

Physical Description: 316 p. : ill.; 24 cm.

Notes: 'Under the first Soviet Occupation of Baltia the author was interrogated by the Soviet secret police - NKVD. Under the German occupation he was drafted in the Latvian Legion. After World War II he searched for asylum in Sweden, but together with 148 Balts was deported to the totalitarian USSR. In this repeated Soviet occupation he was punished to 25 years in the Soviet concentration camps - Gulag. Until this he had managed to study architecture and got married. Khrushchow's amnesty liberated him and he worked as an architect in Latvia. After Baltia regained its freedom, Sweden invited the former deported Balts still alive to visit Sweden and expressed regret for the deportation.'

Subject: WORLD WAR, 1939-1945--FORCED REPATRIATION

Subject: WORLD WAR, 1939-1945--REFUGEES--BALTIC STATES

Subject: WORLD WAR, 1939-1945--SWEDEN

ISBN: 9984055590

Call Number: 940 /00225

Item ID: 80020261

Media: Book

Collection Type: General Collection

Title: North-Eastern and South-Eastern Dimensions of European Security: Regional Cooperation: Similarities and Differences

Additional Author: Baltic Defence College (EE)

Institution: NATO Defence College (IT)

Published: Rome: NATO Defense College, 2002

Physical Description: 136 p.; 21 cm.

In: Seminar Report Series ; 13

Notes: 10th Partnership for Peace International Research Seminar, Tartu, 10-13 June, 2001. 'The theme for this Seminar was an ambitious one: to compare the Nordic and the Baltic states' experiences of regional cooperation with those of the countries of the Black Sea region and the Caucasus. The objectives of the Seminar were equally ambitious: on the basis of the goals achieved and the obstacles encountered by these two regions, to identify factors which determine the success or failure of regional cooperation; to analyse the role played by outside players, in particular NATO and the European Union; to acquire a better understanding of Russia's strategic interests and its regional policy; and finally, to consider the transferability of experiences from one region to the other.'

Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS

Subject: BALKAN PENINSULA--FOREIGN RELATIONS

ISBN: 8887967121

Call Number: 327 /01096

Item ID: 80018070

Media: Book

Collection Type: General Collection
2001

Title: Baltic Security, NATO and the EU
Additional Author: Honkanen, Karoliina, ed
Additional Author: Ries, Tomas, ed.
Additional Author: Atlantic Council of Finland (FI)
Published: Helsinki : Atlantic Council of Finland, 2001
Physical Description: 108 p.; 25 cm.
In: Occasional Papers ; 1
Notes: Contributions to the Seminar on 'Baltic Security, NATO and the EU' arranged by the Atlantic Council of Finland in Helsinki on 19-20 October 2001.
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Call Number: 495.3 /00100
Item ID: 80018625
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

2000

Title: Security in the Northern European Region
Institution: NATO Defence College (IT)
Published: Rome : NATO Defense College, 2000
Physical Description: 207 p. : ill.; 21 cm.
In: NATO Defense College Monograph Series
Notes: 1999 PfP International Research Seminar, Stockholm, 8-11 December 1999. 'The issues raised by the participants made it clear that despite improvements in security for the Euro-Atlantic community over the past decade and significant inroads being made by the PfP Programme into the difficulties faced by some of NATO's Partners, much remains to be done. Better understanding, improved cooperation and a greater commitment to finding sound solutions to common problems are necessary.'
Subject: EUROPE, NORTHERN--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: NATO--EUROPE, NORTHERN
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 8890003693
Call Number: 355.4 /01343
Item ID: 80018221
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Security-Political Prospects in Northern Europe at the Beginning of the Millennium
Additional Author: Sivonen, Pekka, ed.
Additional Author: National Defence College (FI)
Published: Helsinki : National Defence College, 2000
Physical Description: 103 p.; 25 cm.
Notes: 'Finnish, Swedish, Norwegian and Latvian perspectives are accompanied by a view from NATO Headquarters. This adds up to a compact overview of the current security problems in the area, with emphasis on the institutional developments driven by the European Union and NATO.'
Subject: EUROPE, NORTHERN--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--EUROPE, NORTHERN
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--FINLAND
Subject: EU--ESDP
ISBN: 951251169X
Call Number: 355.4 /01375
Title: Strategic Dynamics in the Nordic-Baltic Region: Implications for U.S. Policy
Author: Perry, Charles M.
Additional Author: Institute for Foreign Policy Analysis (US)
Additional Author: Sweeney, Michael J.
Additional Author: Winner, Andrew C.
Institution: Tufts University. Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy (US)
Published: Dulles, VA: Brassey’s, 2000
Physical Description: xxvi, 205 p. : ill.; 25 cm.
Notes: Rather than simply view it as a zone of stability, US and European policy makers ought to see the Nordic/Baltic region as a microcosm of Europe’s post-Cold War security problems. The difficulties found there - from traditional hard security threats to more amorphous challenges such as organized crime and environmental degradation - are representative of Europe’s key security issues in the post-Cold War era. Precisely for this reason, the Nordic-Baltic zone provides an important laboratory for exploring possible solutions to security concerns that confound Europe as a whole, with the added benefit of being able to do so absent any immediate hot crises. Whether it is a question of stabilizing US and Alliance relations with Russia, adapting and enlarging Europe’s primary security institutions, or restructing military forces to meet the new challenges to Euro-Atlantic stability, what happens in the Nordic-Baltic region over the next several years can serve as a predictor for whether all of Europe will see peace and stability, the return of a cold war, or ongoing bouts of instability culminating in small but deadly wars on its periphery. The authors set forth a detailed examination of the new strategic dynamics at work in the Nordic-Baltic region and provide in-depth assessments of the security perspectives held by states bordering the Baltic Sea. The authors then examine current US strategy toward the region and propose next steps for US policy, including, most importantly, a policy for Baltic membership in NATO.
Subject: SCANDINAVIA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--STRATEGIC ASPECTS
Subject: SCANDINAVIA--STRATEGIC ASPECTS
ISBN: 1574881965
Call Number: 355.4 /01574
Item ID: 80022259
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: German and American Policies towards the Baltic States: The Perspectives of EU and NATO Enlargement
Additional Author: Arnowald, Sven, ed.
Additional Author: Wenig, Marcus, ed.
Published: Baden-Baden: Nomos, 2000
Physical Description: 118 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: The three Baltic states Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania have come a long way in their rapprochement with the Euro-Atlantic community since they regained independence in 1991. Against the background of this positive development, the aim of this book is two-fold: first, to present a stock-taking of the achievements of the three Baltic republics on their way back to the Western European family; second, to identify and compare German and American policies and views towards the three, since Germany and the United States have to be regarded as principal actors in the enlargement processes of the EU and NATO. For this purpose, this book brings together high-ranking officials from the three Baltic republics, Germany, NATO, and EU, as well as academic experts from these countries and Russia. The added value of this book lies in its character as a contemporary document. The contributions describe the state of affairs after various important events and decisions in the context of EU and NATO enlargement: the conclusion of the Agenda 2000 package on the occasion of the Berlin European Council in March 1999, the NATO Summit in Washington in April 1999 which adopted the New Strategic Concept and made important decisions on enlargement and, finally, the Cologne European Council in June 1999, which inter alia set the course for a deepened, more cooperative relationship with Russia and for a strengthened European security policy.
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: GERMANY--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--GERMANY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
ISBN: 3789065757
Call Number: 495.3 /00073
Item ID: 80017418
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1999

Title: Minorities in Europe : Croatia, Estonia and Slovakia
Additional Author: Trifunovska, Snezana, ed.
Additional Author: T.M.C. Asser Instituut (NL)
Institution: Katholieke Universiteit Nijmegen. Centre for Migration Law (NL)
Published: The Hague : T.M.C. Asser Press, 1999
Physical Description: x, 230 p. : ill.; 25 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'States having minorities on their territory have a duty to undertake all measures aimed at avoiding conflicts which might develop, but over and beyond that bottom line, they also have a duty to develop norms and guarantee systems which go hand in hand with the current international standards of safeguarding human rights, multiculturalism and pluralism. In this book three aspects of minority situations are highlighted : (a) political security, (b) internal legal and (c) economic aspects, in the case of three countries : Croatia, Estonia and Slovakia. These countries achieved independence as a result of the post-Cold War dissolution of their predecessor States. In all three, there is a relatively complex minority situation which is, inter alia, a result of changing State borders. Thereafter, all three have in the recent past undergone a transformation of their political system - from one party communist to multiparty democracy - and of their economic system - from centrally-planned State-ownership to a free-market economy - and, at this moment in time, are in the process of integrating into the Western European political, security and economic structures.'
Subject: MINORITIES--CROATIA
Subject: MINORITIES--ESTONIA
Subject: MINORITIES--SLOVAKIA
ISBN: 9067041173
Call Number: 323 /00665
Item ID: 80016417
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Endgame in NATO's Enlargement : The Baltic States and Ukraine
Author: Bilinsky, Yaroslav
Published: Westport, CT : Praeger, 1999
Physical Description: xvi, 148 p. : ill.; 25 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 127-135. Includes index. 'In the first chapter the author briefly reviews some of the arguments i contra and pro any kind of NATO's enlargement, while the second chapter i deals with the specific problems of the Baltics and the third with the i specific problem of Ukraine. A fourth chapter interprets the diplomatic i events of May 1997 that bear on the Baltics and Ukraine, and a fifth i chapter brings the story up to date until mid-1998.'
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--UKRAINE
ISBN: 0275963632
Call Number: 495.3 /00053
Item ID: 80015614
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Stability and Security in the Baltic Sea Region: Russian, Nordic and European Aspects
Additional Author: Knudsen, Olav F., ed.
Published: London: Frank Cass, 1999
Physical Description: xiii, 287 p.: ill.; 25 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 257-278. Includes index. 'This book emphasizes the region as such and its complex security challenges, seen in a longer-term perspective. Security is conceived of in the classical sense yet with a clear understanding of its links to the broader aspects. The book is divided into three parts, the first of which provides a framework of general insights and theories relevant to the region: asymmetric power relations, historical and geopolitical factors, worldviews and political culture. The second part deals with regional policies of specific governments: those whose policies are seen to have special significance (Russia, Germany, Poland, Sweden, Estonia). The third part focuses on intergovernmental institutions, in particular, those of the Nordic countries and the European Union, along with the WEU. Throughout the book, relations between the three Baltic states and Russia are, naturally, the centre of attention. The interaction of this conflict group both internally and with other states in the region is examined with regard to its Russian, Nordic and European aspects. The concluding chapter examines the issues in light of three philosophical traditions in the study of international politics.'
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
ISBN: 0714649325
Call Number: 355.4/01250
Item ID: 80016150
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Conflict Prevention in the Baltic States: the OSCE High Commissioner on National Minorities in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania
Author: Zaagman, Rob
Institution: European Centre for Minority Issues (DE)
Published: Flensburg: European Centre for Minority Issues, 1999
Physical Description: viii, 72 p.: ill.; 24 cm.
In: ECMI Monograph; 1
Notes: 'The importance the OSCE attaches to minority issues as problems of peace and security is reflected most prominently in the office of the High Commissioner on National Minorities (HCNM) which was established to prevent violent ethnic conflict. The tense inter-ethnic relations in Estonia and Latvia were addressed early on by the OSCE. A number of factors made for a volatile mix in both Baltic states: firstly, the existence of domestic tensions between a large minority of mainly Russians and a majority determined to preserve and strengthen its own identity; and secondly, increasing international tensions because of the active interest which Russia was taking in the conditions of its kinfolk in Estonia and Latvia. By contrast, these factors were absent in Lithuania. As analysed in this monograph, the situations in Estonia and Latvia were typically cases for which the HCNM had been established. They demonstrate the extent to which international involvement can keep domestic conflicts tractable and, at the same time, prevent the buildup of international conflict potential. They are also showcases for the specific approach the OSCE High Commissioner has developed in dealing with tense inter-ethnic situations.'
Subject: OSCE
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--OSCE
Subject: MINORITIES--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ETHNIC RELATIONS
ISBN: 3932635086
Call Number: 323/00672
Item ID: 80016888
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Russian Policy Toward the Baltics: What the West Can Expect and What It Could Do
Author: Sokov, Nikolai
Additional Author: Atlantic Council of the United States (US)
Published: Washington: Atlantic Council of the United States, 1999
Physical Description: ix, 43 p.; 28 cm.

Notes: "Two problems dominate the agenda of Russian-Baltic relations. One is the status of the Russian-speaking population. The second problem is NATO enlargement. The year 1999 could become the moment of truth. The first phase of enlargement will be completed, and pressure to immediately proceed with the second phase is likely to reach its crest. At the same time, Russia is likely to still be at its low point, its international status weakened, its economy in shambles, and few means at its disposal to seriously affect the cost-benefit calculation of the West. The question is whether it would be wise for the West to jump at the opportunity and opt for NATO membership to the Baltic states. This paper suggests that it might be premature to write Russia off as a net loss and disregard it, no matter how tempting this might be. A more moderate policy, essentially the one the West pursued before the economic crisis of August 1998, might be in order.'

Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT

Title: Ethnicity and Nationalism in Russia, the CIS and the Baltic States
Additional Author: Williams, Christopher, 1959-, ed.
Additional Author: Sfikas, Thanasis D., ed.
Published: Aldershot, UK: Ashgate, 1999
Physical Description: xvi, 386 p.: ill.; 23 cm.

Notes: Bibliography: p. 351-369. Includes index. "This volume explores the Soviet response to the National Question, the nature of this legacy, and the likely impact of rising nationalism and ethnic conflict on the transition to democracy in the Russian Federation, the CIS and the Baltic States. It contains a comprehensive collection of specially commissioned studies from Western specialists and experts from the region itself which analyse ethnicity and nationalism in the post-Soviet phase from historical, political, sociological and philosophical viewpoints. Detailed profiles are provided for the Russian Federation, the CIS (Belarus, Moldova, Ukraine) and the Baltic States. Among the key issues analysed are: What is a nation? Has national identity been transformed since the collapse of communism? What new alliances or rivalries have developed since 1992? Is nationalism likely to impede or promote the emergence of democracy? How do the post-Soviet states treat their ethnic minorities? Is revenge being taken against the Russian Diaspora? In seeking answers to these questions, contributors demonstrate that some countries have managed to escape their communist past; whereas others are still trapped by it. The implications of any successes and failures for ethnic conflict within and between various post-Soviet states are explained and solutions to past and present problems outlined.'

Subject: COMMONWEALTH OF INDEPENDENT STATES--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: NATIONALISM--CIS
Subject: NATIONALISM--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ETHNIC RELATIONS

ISBN: 185521914X
Call Number: 327 /01027
Item ID: 80016809
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Bordering Russia: Theory and Prospects for Europe's Baltic Rim

Title: Bordering Russia: Theory and Prospects for Europe's Baltic Rim
Additional Author: Mouritzen, Hans, ed.
Published: Aldershot, UK: Ashgate, 1998
Physical Description: xii, 322 p.: ill.; 23 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 295-313. Includes index. 'A key dilemma in Western policy towards Russia in recent years is whether to admit into NATO and the EU all those countries who wish to join, or whether to respect Russian sensitivities and be more selective. The dilemma is at its peak for those countries bordering Russia: they are the ones who fear Russia the most, but whose integration into the West provokes Russia the most, a situation likely to strengthen Russian non-democratic forces. This is the dilemma that the present volume evolves around. Apart from stressing geopolitical fundamentals and the countries' historical experiences, the book is also future-orientated. Will Europe's Baltic rim become an outpost of the West with an iron curtain to its East, will it become an extensive 'grey zone', or will the countries become Western bridge-builders eastwards?'
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--FINLAND
Subject: FINLAND--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--POLAND
Subject: POLAND--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 185521959X
Call Number: 327/00983
Item ID: 80015258
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

The Baltic States in World Politics

Title: The Baltic States in World Politics
Additional Author: Hansen, Birthe, ed.
Additional Author: Heurlin, Bertel, ed.
Published: Richmond, UK: Curzon, 1998
Physical Description: ix, 164 p.; 22 cm.
Notes: Includes index. 'By advancing to the Eastern Baltic Sea, NATO has placed the fate of the i Baltic littoral and the Baltic States at the head of the European i security agenda. In an age where the European security agenda as a whole i is in transformation and Russia's future is utterly uncertain, however, i the fate of small states and nations along the periphery of these i transformations becomes acute. This volume represents an attempt to i understand where the West 'ends' and where Russia is going, and how the i Baltic States can act to enhance their survivability and security.'
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
ISBN: 0700709525
Call Number: 355.4/01246
Item ID: 80016092
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Preventing Violent Conflict: Issues from the Baltic and the Caucasus
Additional Author: Istituto Affari Internazionali (IT)
Additional Author: Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik (DE)
Physical Description: 327 p. : ill.; 23 cm.
In: Aktuelle Materialien zur Internationalen Politik; 50
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--BALTIC STATES
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--GEORGIA (REPUBLIC)
ISBN: 3789053309
Call Number: 327.5 /00369
Item ID: 80015013
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Turn of the Century: Russia Looks at the Baltic Sea Region
Author: Moshes, Arkady
Institution: Finnish Institute of International Affairs (FI)
PUBLISHED: Helsinki: Finnish Institute of International Affairs, 1998
Physical Description: 25 p.; 30 cm.
In: UPI Working Papers; 12
Notes: 'This paper seeks to analyse new trends in the Russian policy in the Baltic Sea region in the second half of the 1990s. In order to argue that a) Russia is increasingly becoming a part of the Baltic Sea region and b) the importance of the region for Russia is growing, it seems to be correct to focus on quantitatively measurable sides of Russia's regional relationships (trends in economic cooperation, intensity of political interaction, number of people-to-people contacts, etc.). The idea is not to show that there are no problems between Russia and the other Baltic Sea states, but that the cooperation is possible and is taking place notwithstanding the problems.'
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
ISBN: 9517690762
Call Number: 327 /00987
Item ID: 80015424
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Cooperative Security in the Baltic Sea Region
Author: Knudsen, Olav F.
Institution: Institute for Security Studies of Western European Union (FR)
Physical Description: viii, 58 p.; 24 cm.
In: Chaillot Papers; 33
Notes: 'The Baltic Sea area has for centuries been a hub of international activity and exchange, embodied in particular by the Hanseatic League, with resulting conditions of intense cooperation and shared prosperity. It is therefore not surprising that, contrary to widespread fears, the situation in the region did not break loose after the bitter divisions imposed by the Cold War: in more ways than one, the region constitutes another 'mediterranean' area, with a potential for political solidarity and common security. In many of the countries on the shores of the Baltic the urge for European reintegration, in economic, political and security terms, has been particularly insistent; in others, less so. Which accounts for the fact that their international institutional statuses remain quite heterogeneous. This does not in itself diminish regional stability, while promoting differentiated formulas of convergence and cooperation that are conducive to overall security.'
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Call Number: 355.4 /01224
Item ID: 80015390
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: NATO Enlargement and the Baltic States: What Can the Great Powers Do?
Author: Blank, Stephen, 1950-
Institution: US Army War College. Strategic Studies Institute (US)
Published: Carlisle Barracks, PA: US Army War College, 1997
Physical Description: viii, 69 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: 'NATO's enlargement has brought it to the borders of the Baltic States who covet membership in NATO. However, admitting them into NATO is one of the most difficult problems for the Alliance because of Russia's unconditional opposition to such action and because of NATO's own internal divisions on this issue. Nonetheless, a new regime or system of security for the entire Baltic region must now be on the US and European agenda. The key players in such a process are Russia, Germany, and the United States. Their actions will determine the limits of the possible in constructing Baltic security for the foreseeable future. In this study, Dr. Blank presents a detailed and extensive analysis of these three governments' views on Baltic and European security. Their views on regional security are materially shaped by and influence their larger views on their mutual relations and policy towards Europe. Their views also demonstrate the complexity of the issues involved in constructing Baltic, not to mention European, security. But because NATO enlargement is the most serious foreign policy and defense issue before Congress now, such an analysis can illuminate much of what is happening in the NATO enlargement process and why it has taken its current shape.'
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: NATO--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Call Number: 495.3 /00040
Item ID: 80014529
Link: http://www.strategicstudiesinstitute.army.mil/pubs/display.cfm?pubID=146
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Transition in the Baltic States: Micro-Level Studies
Additional Author: Hood, Neil, ed.
Additional Author: Killis, Robert, ed.
Additional Author: Vahline, Jan-Erik, 1941- , ed.
Published: Houndmills, UK: MacMillan, 1997
Physical Description: xv, 299 p.: ill.; 23 cm.
Notes: 'Much has been written in the recent past about both the speed and complexity of the transition throughout Central and Eastern Europe and parts of the former Soviet Union. The focus has invariably been on the macro scale and often from the perspective of a single discipline. This book on the Baltic States differs from others by concentrating on the micro level of change and doing so from a wide range of disciplinary perspectives. It does so in recognition of the fact that transformation processes are multiplex and require the linkages between the social, political, psychological, cultural and economic dimensions to be fully exposed and addressed if radical policy reform is to be soundly based.'
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
Subject: BUSINESS ENTERPRISES--BALTIC STATES
Subject: POST-COMMUNISM--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 0333677331
Call Number: 338.9 /00636
Item ID: 80013843
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: Between Past and Future: Elites, Democracy and the State in Post-Communist Countries: A Comparison of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania
Author: Steen, Anton
Published: Aldershot, UK: Ashgate, 1997
Physical Description: xx, 389 p.; 23 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 373-389. 'This study rests on the assumption that how elites develop following the breakdown of totalitarian regimes is particularly crucial to the prospects for democratic development and the kind of state policies to be pursued. The study is based on comprehensive and systematic interviews of the top elites in the Baltic states. The questions of 'what kind of democracy' and 'what type of policy' are studied by investigating four basic aspects of elite configurations: degree of elite continuity, the recruitment of elites, how elites interact, elite orientations towards basic values, politics and policies, and actual policy decisions. The main theory is that the more exposed the state is to internal and external tensions, the more elite control will be exercised. The way elites seek to control state development through recruitment, and their behaviour and attitudes will in turn constitute special patterns of democracy and policy choice.'
Subject: ELITE (SOCIAL SCIENCES)--BALTIC STATES
Subject: POST-COMMUNISM--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 1859724728
Call Number: 321 /00596
Item ID: 80014257
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1996

Title: Parties and Democracy in the Post-Soviet Republics: The Case of Estonia
Author: Arter, David
Published: Aldershot, UK: Dartmouth, 1996
Physical Description: xviii, 283 p.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 263-270. Includes index. 'This pioneering study focuses on the relationship between party-building and democracy-building in the European successor states of the former Soviet Union. It covers the three Baltic republics of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, which have a history of sovereignty between the wars, and the three states of Moldova, Belarus and Ukraine, with virtually no previous history of independence. The central question is: 'How important are parties to the successful completion of the democratisation process in the post-soviet republics? If a plethora of proto-parties may be regarded as a sine qua non of the transition to pluralist democracy, what role will the reduced number of amalgamated parties play in the democratic consolidation phase and, in particular the emergence of a democratic political culture? The original empirical analysis, based on extensive elite interviews, concentrates on Estonia. At the time of the 1992 general election, Estonia was regarded as an 'anti-party system' in which parties were viewed with suspicion and not generally regarded as legitimate or at least efficient instruments of popular representation. The genealogy of the parties is traced and, following the 1995 general election, the 'anti-party system' model revisited. The conclusion speculates on a possible convergence between the party systems of Eastern and Western Europe.'
Subject: ESTONIA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Subject: DEMOCRACY--ESTONIA
Subject: POLITICAL PARTIES--ESTONIA
Subject: POST-COMMUNISM
ISBN: 1855214660
Call Number: 321 /00594
Item ID: 80014197
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
1995

**Title:** Crisis for Estonia? : Russia, Estonia and a Post-Chechen Cold War  
**Author:** Herd, Graeme  
**Additional Author:** Rongelep, Ene  
**Additional Author:** Surikov, Anton  
**Institution:** University of London. Centre for Defence Studies (GB)  
**Published:** London : Brassey's, 1995  
**Physical Description:** 51 p.; 21 cm.  
**In:** London Defence Studies ; 29  
**Notes:** 'This paper seeks to examine the points of conflict between Estonia and the Russian Federation and asks the question: is Estonia facing a crisis now or is it likely to face one in the near future? The issues of troop withdrawal, the border demarcation dispute and the position of the Russian diaspora are assessed. The paper then examines the post-Chechen Russian political environment and attempts to explain the economic and political foundations of possible future Russian politics and policy in the build-up to the Parliamentary elections later in 1995 and the Presidential elections in 1996. The characteristics of a 'Cold Peace' and 'New Cold War' are analysed, and the paper concludes by arguing that in this new political environment both the territorial integrity and national sovereignty of Estonia will be undermined and then possibly overturned.'  
**Subject:** RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--ESTONIA  
**Subject:** ESTONIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)  
**Call Number:** 327 /00919  
**Item ID:** 80012504  
**Media:** Book  
**Collection Type:** General Collection

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**Title:** The Baltic States : Security and Defence after Independence  
**Author:** Bajarunas, Eivydas  
**Additional Author:** Ham, Peter van, 1963- , ed.  
**Additional Author:** Haab, Mare  
**Additional Author:** Viskne, Ilmars  
**Institution:** Institute for Security Studies of Western European Union (FR)  
**Published:** Paris : Institute for Security Studies of Western European Union, 1995  
**Physical Description:** 81 p. : ill.; 24 cm.  
**In:** Chaillot Papers ; 19  
**Notes:** 'Although the Baltic states have made much progress in reorienting their economies towards the West and developing a comprehensive foreign and security policy, they still face the reality that, for geographical and historical reasons, their role and place in Europe is uncertain. In this paper, scholars from Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania examine in detail the problems their countries face in forming their security and defence policies. The authors analyse the main security challenges facing the Baltic republics, as well as the ways in which they have organized their defence forces. Inevitably, much attention is paid to relations with the West and Western institutions, as well as the residual threat which Russia still poses and the possibilities offered by cooperation among the Baltic and Nordic states in addressing regional security challenges.'  
**Subject:** BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY  
**Subject:** BALTIC STATES--MILITARY POLICY  
**Subject:** LATVIA--NATIONAL SECURITY  
**Subject:** LITHUANIA--NATIONAL SECURITY  
**Subject:** ESTONIA--NATIONAL SECURITY  
**Call Number:** 355.4 /01280  
**Item ID:** 80016957  
**Media:** Book  
**Collection Type:** General Collection
Title: Les Etats baltes : securite et defense apres l'indépendance
Author: Bajarunas, Eitvydas
Additional Author: Haab, Mare
Additional Author: Viksne, Ilmars
Institution: Institut d'Etudes de Securite de l'Union de l'Europe Occidentale (FR)
Published: Paris : Institut d'Etudes de Securite de l'Union de l'Europe Occidentale, 1995
Physical Description: 87 p. : ill.; 24 cm.
In: Cahiers de Chaillot ; 19
Notes: 'Des universitaires d’Estonie, de Lettonie et de Lituanie analysent ici les problemes que pose a leurs pays respectifs l'elaboration de leurs politiques de defense et de securite. Les auteurs examinent les principaux defis de securite que ces republiques doivent relever, ainsi que la façon dont elles ont organise leurs forces de defense. Ils accordent une grande attention aux relations avec l'Ouest et avec les institutions occidentales, ainsi qu’a la menace residuelle encore posee par la Russie et aux possibilites qu’offre la cooperation entre les Etats baltes et les Etats scandinaves pour resoudre les difficultes liees a la securite regionale.'
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--MILITARY POLICY
Call Number: 355.4 /01149
Item ID: 80012645
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1994

Title: National Security and Defence Policy of the Lithuanian State
Author: Tamulaitis, Gintaras
Institution: United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research (CH)
Published: New York : United Nations, 1994
Physical Description: vi, 66 p. : ill.; 21 cm.
In: Research Paper ; 26
Subject: LITHUANIA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: LITHUANIA--MILITARY POLICY
Subject: LITHUANIA--ARMED FORCES
Subject: LITHUANIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
ISBN: 9290450916
Call Number: 355.4 /01102
Item ID: 80010622
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: The Price of Freedom : The Criminal Threat in Russia, Eastern Europe and the Baltic Region
Author: Ulrich, Christopher J.
Institution: Research Institute for the Study of Conflict and Terrorism (GB)
Published: London : RISCT, 1994
Physical Description: 30 p. : ill.; 25 cm.
In: Conflict studies, 0069-8792 ; 275
Notes: 'The democratisation of the countries of the former Soviet Union and Eastern Europe has resulted in a huge increase in organised crime. This study serves as an overview of the types and nature of criminal activities which are now spreading at an unprecedented rate throughout Russia, Eastern Europe and the Baltic Region. It shows the variety and extent of organised crime, which includes vehicle smuggling, theft of works of art, political corruption, drug trafficking, prostitution, economic crimes such as money laundering and counterfeiting as well as straightforward smuggling of goods, people and raw materials - including nuclear-related materials.'
Subject: ORGANIZED CRIME--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: ORGANIZED CRIME--EUROPE, EASTERN
Subject: ORGANIZED CRIME--BALTIC STATES
Call Number: 343 /00037
Item ID: 80010736
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
Title: The Baltic States Entering the European Union: Final Report
Author: Vares, Peeter
Published: Tallinn: [s.n.], 1994
Physical Description: 116 p.; 30 cm.
In: NATO Fellows
Notes: NATO Research Fellowship.
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Call Number: 441 /00047
Item ID: 80011041
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Ethnopolitics and Transition to Democracy: The Collapse of the USSR and Latvia
Author: Karklins, Rasma
Published: Washington: Woodrow Wilson Center Press, 1994
Physical Description: xxiii, 206 p.: ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 183-197. Includes index. 'Pluralism and nationalism are not irreconcilable according to the author of this in-depth study of the breakup of the Soviet Union that focuses on the ethnopolitics of Latvia. She demonstrates, using the example of Latvia, that the application of democratic practices within a multi-ethnic society makes possible the creation of a new kind of nationalism and respect for the human rights of ethnic groups.'
Subject: ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: USSR--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: LATVIA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: DEMOCRACY--LATVIA
Subject: DEMOCRACY
ISBN: 0943875609
Call Number: 323 /00556
Item ID: 80011011
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

1993

Title: The Nordic Way: A Path to Baltic Equilibrium
Author: Kilham, Edward L.
Published: Washington: Compass Press, 1993
Physical Description: xvii, 300 p.: ill.; 24 cm.
Notes: Bibliography: p. 281-284. Includes index. 'Changes like the reunification of Germany in an integrating Western Europe, the disarray of the successor states following the disintegration of the Soviet empire, and the emergence of newly independent states on the Baltic and in Eastern Europe will allow a new freedom of maneuver and provide opportunities for new Nordic and Baltic initiatives to both East and West. Yet the model of reassurance and deterrence exercised toward the East by the Nordic countries during the Cold War will remain the best bet for both Nordic and Baltic countries as the new era evolves.'
Subject: USSR--FOREIGN RELATIONS--SCANDINAVIA
Subject: SCANDINAVIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USSR
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USSR
Subject: USSR--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NEUTRALITY--SCANDINAVIA
Subject: NEUTRALITY--BALTIC STATES
ISBN: 0929590120
Call Number: 327 /00920
Item ID: 80012547
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
1990

Title: Impatient for Freedom? : The Baltic Struggle for Independence
Author: Trapans, Jan Arveds
Additional Author: Institute for European Defence & Strategic Studies (GB)
Published: London : Alliance, 1990
Physical Description: 36 p.; 25 cm.
In: European security study ; 8
Subject: BALTIC STATES--HISTORY--AUTONOMY AND INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS
ISBN: 0907967140
Call Number: 323 /00435
Item ID: 80004822
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: Les republiques baltes et la crise du federalisme sovietique
Author: Yakemtchouk, Romain, 1925-2011
Institution: Institut Royal des Relations Internationales (BE)
Published: Bruxelles : Institut Royal des Relations Internationales, 1990
Physical Description: 408 p.; 22 cm.
In: Studia Diplomatica, 0770-2965 ; vol. 43, nos. 4/5/6
Notes: Includes index. 'Le federalisme sovietique est en crise. Issu de la Revolution d'Octobre comme substitut et camouflage des structures unionistes, il n'a pas resisté aux bouleversements engendres par la Perestroika, plus spécialement au réveil des nationalités qui reclament le respect du principe de l'autodetermination impliquant leur droit a la secession. Quelle que soit la volonté des dirigeants baltes de s'ouvrir au monde occidental, force est de reconnaître que pendant un bon bout de temps ils seront liés a l'économie de l'URSS. Mais cela ne diminue en rien la legitimite de leurs aspirations a recouvrer le statut d'etats souverains d'avant 1940. Une injustice historique avait ete commise a leur egard lors de la seconde guerre mondiale, et cette injustice doit etre reparee. C'est une question de dignite, de morale internationale'
Subject: BALTIC STATES--HISTORY--AUTONOMY AND INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS
Subject: FEDERAL GOVERNMENT--USSR
Call Number: 323 /00520
Item ID: 80009947
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection

Title: The Baltic States : The Economic and Political Implications of the Secession of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania from the USSR
Additional Author: Economist Intelligence Unit (GB)
Published: London : Economist Intelligence Unit, 1990
Physical Description: 54 p. : ill.; 30 cm.
In: EIU special report ; 2033
Subject: BALTIC STATES--HISTORY--AUTONOMY AND INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
ISBN: 0850583454
Call Number: 323 /00438
Item ID: 80004946
Media: Book
Collection Type: General Collection
2014

**Title**: Lithuania : A Glimpse of the European Union in the Mirror of Euro Integration  
**Author**: Platoshkin, Nikolai  
**Subject**: LITHUANIA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS  
**Subject**: EU--LITHUANIA  
**Item ID**: JA030350  
**Media**: Article

**Title**: Acting Small in a Large State's World : Russia and the Baltic States  
**Author**: Lamoreaux, Jeremy W.  
**Notes**: The interest in small states ebbs and flows as important international affairs include small states. Russia's actions and policies vis-a-vis Ukraine, and the resultant intensified apprehension among Russia's smaller neighbours, aim the proverbial microscope at the size and power discrepancies between states. Russia, by most metrics, is a large state and the Baltic states, by those same metrics, are small states. Small-state scholars expect large and small states to act differently. However, the case of Russia and the Baltic states indicates that large and small states do not, in fact, act all that different. This being the case, this article calls into question many of the assumptions made by small-state scholars about the difference between large- and small-state action and argues for changes within small-state studies as a subdiscipline of the larger international relations discipline.  
**Subject**: STATES, SMALL--FOREIGN RELATIONS  
**Subject**: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES  
**Subject**: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)  
**Item ID**: JA030553  
**Link**: [http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/09662839.2014.948862](http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/09662839.2014.948862)  
**Media**: Article

2013

**Title**: Estonia's Cyber Defence League : A Model for the United States ?  
**Author**: Cardash, Sharon L.  
**Additional Author**: Cilluffo, Frank J.  
**Additional Author**: Ottis, Rain  
**In**: STUDIES IN CONFLICT AND TERRORISM, vol. 36, no. 9, September 2013, p. 777-787.  
**Notes**: The cyber threat spectrum that prevails today is both broad and deep. While we cannot protect everything, everywhere, all the time, we can and must make a concerted and sustained effort to shore up national defenses as they pertain to cybersecurity. Despite considerable differences of scale and scope, Estonia's made-in-country cyber solutions may hold promise for the United States, at least with some adjustments and tailoring to take into account differing requirements and traditions. There may be much to learn from a country that bills itself as 'e-Estonia, the digital society' and also delivers on that promise. Specifically, the country's Cyber Defence League is a concept and construct that may prove useful for the United States to consider and contemplate at a time when significant cyber

* This list contains material received as of February 5th, 2015.— Cette liste est arrêtée au 5 février 2015.
threats continue to multiply, but the skilled personnel needed to counter the challenge are in short supply on the US side.

Subject: CYBERSPACE--SECURITY MEASURES--ESTONIA
Item ID: JA029695
Media: Article

2011

Title: Estonia : Cyber Window into the Future of NATO
Author: Laasme, Haly
Notes: This article examines Estonia's role in the development of the NATO cyber defense policy, the adequacy of the current cyberspace concepts for defending NATO, and the Alliance's embracing of this new challenge with the help of the cyber center in Estonia.

Subject: INFORMATION WARFARE--NATO
Subject: COMPUTER CRIMES--ESTONIA
Subject: CYBERTERRORISM--ESTONIA
Subject: COMPUTER CRIMES--PREVENTION--NATO
Subject: CYBERTERRORISM--PREVENTION--NATO
Item ID: JA028110
Media: Article

2010

Title: Ethnic Peace, Ethnic Conflict : Complexity Theory on Why the Baltic is not the Balkans
Author: Clemens, Walter C.
Notes: As communist rule weakened across East Central Europe and new governments emerged, the Baltic region differed from the Balkans in two ways that need to be explained. The first difference was the near absence of ethnic violence in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania - compared to civil and cross-border war in most of the former Yugoslavia. The second contrast was the rapid consolidation of democracy and market economics in the Baltic countries compared to halting movements toward political and economic freedom in most Balkan polities.

Subject: ETHNIC CONFLICT--BALTIC STATES
Subject: ETHNIC CONFLICT--BALKAN PENINSULA
Subject: BALTIC STATES--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ECONOMIC POLICY
Subject: BALKAN PENINSULA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Subject: BALKAN PENINSULA--ECONOMIC POLICY
Item ID: JA027157
Media: Article

Title: National Elites and the Russian Minority Issue : Does EU-NATO Integration Matter ?
Author: Steen, Anton
Notes: 'One of the main conditions for post-communist countries to attain membership of the European Union and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) was that national laws should be brought into line with international human rights standards, with special attention to political rights for minority groups. In the case of the Baltic States, the national elites played a major role in the process leading to more liberal citizenship laws towards the Russian-speaking minority. However, was the changing of formal institutions a manifestation of a liberalization of the national elites' orientations towards this minority ? The article argues that instrumental elite strategies explain why nationalist attitudes seem to prevail both before and after membership, despite less restrictive laws and internationally-orientated elites.'
Subject: MINORITIES--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA026662
Link: http://pdfserve.informaworld.com/841300_920717559_919998518.pdf
Les pays baltes : un modèle pour l'intégration ?
Chillaud, Matthieu
Meilleurs élèves supposés de la classe de la transition, les États baltes ont attendu trop longtemps à leur gré l'intégration à l'Alliance atlantique et à l'Union européenne. Bien intégrés désormais à cette communauté euro-atlantique, ils s'interrogent sur le résultat de politiques économiques ultra-libérales poussées à l'extrême, et sur leur poids diplomatique dans les problématiques géorgienne ou ukrainienne, et donc dans les relations des pays occidentaux avec Moscou.

Lettonie : une crise redemptrice ?
Bayou, Céline
POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE, no. 126, hiver 2009-2010, p. 129-141.
Latvia's exceptional economic performance was front page news in Europe. But since 2008 it is in the midst of an unprecedented crisis, making it one of the worst performing countries in the EU. And yet, everything started out in true fairy tale fashion: as soon as the USSR collapsed, a newly-independent Latvia made a firm turn towards the West, joining NATO and the European Union in 2004. The following years saw the 'Latvian miracle'. With the explosion of private credit, the citizens of this small country threw themselves headfirst into consumption mode, but at the price of rolling up huge debts. The crisis sounded the end of fun and games, as the country's GDP collapsed and the government found itself virtually bankrupt. Salaries plunged, unemployment climbed and a number of Latvians emigrated to look for work. However, the crisis could still bring benefits, since it will enable the country to come back down to earth. Perhaps it's time for the Latvian grasshopper to once again become an industrious ant.

’An Institution is Born : The Formation of a Lithuanian Counter-Terrorism Institution after 9/11
Karlsson, Michael
Lithuania’s formation of a counter-terrorism institution after 9/11 sheds new light on three premises often associated with the study of institutional formation. First, while the distinction between the creation phase and the operation phase is logical, the appearance of extra-institutional guidance suggests that established institutions within other domains (e.g. military security) can temporarily fill an institutional vacuum (counter-terrorism). Second, the dynamic between agency and structure is readily seen, but in this case it was quite clear that agency was strongly dependent upon changes in some of the structural contexts (threats of terrorism, international institutions, age of the security state). Third, the role of sequencing and timing turned out to be more important than expected. There was a strong temporal order between the sequences of the formation phase and a significant spillover from two contemporary security processes (preparations for NATO membership, reforms of the security state).
Title: Web War I : Is Europe's First Information War a New Kind of War?
Author: Blank, Stephen
Notes: In April-May 2007, Estonia experienced several weeks of coordinated cyberattacks against its financial and sociopolitical institutions. Although the origin of these attacks cannot be definitively named, it is widely believed in Estonia and among many analysts that Moscow was behind these attacks. Certainly these attacks represented the culmination of plans set in motion a year earlier to attack the Estonian government and society for their supposedly anti-Russian policies. And the accompanying demonstrations in Tallinn at this time also represented well-worn Soviet techniques used in earlier coups in Eastern Europe. Ultimately the advent of such new forms of military operations confirms a threat assessment by which any one operation on land, sea, air, underwater, or space can target anyone in any of these dimensions and raises provocative issues for both analysts of war and government officials.
Subject: COMPUTER CRIMES--ESTONIA
Subject: CYBERTERRORISM--ESTONIA
Item ID: JA025076
Media: Article

Title: Russia and the Baltic States : Is Russian Imperialism Dead?
Author: Ciziunas, Pranas
Notes: Since the breakup of the Soviet Union, Russia has been trying to define its identity in an ever-changing international security environment where it has seen itself as a great power. This belief is further conveyed through Russia’s attempts to influence the policies of other states in the region, most notably those in the near abroad including Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia (i.e. the Baltic countries), which are regarded as part of Russia's sphere of influence. For Russia, and previously the Soviet Union, the Baltic countries were seen as a buffer zone against Western encroachment. Through a number of policies and policy levers (i.e. diplomatic pressure, propaganda and disinformation campaigns, military threats and peacekeeping deployments, economic leverage and energy controls, exploiting ethnic and social discontent, and discrediting governments via political influence and penetrating intelligence services), Russia has tried to maintain its influence upon them in order to manipulate their foreign, security and domestic strategies, and thus far, it has been unsuccessful in its attempts to do so.
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA025077
Media: Article

Title: The Baltics : Still Punching Above Their Weight
Author: Hamilton, Daniel S.
Notes: Freed from Russia's orbit (though not its energy supplies), Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania now rank among Europe's most economically dynamic states.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
Item ID: JA024594
Media: Article
Title: De Baltische landen bestaan niet
Author: Bult, Jeroen
In: INTERNATIONAL SPECTATOR, jg. 61, nr. 5, mei 2007, p. 262-266.
Notes: The author asserts that Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, although often being referred to as 'the Baltic Countries' or 'the Baltic States', have totally different historical, cultural, political and economic traditions and backgrounds. Over the past fifteen years, this divergent evolution has thwarted attempts to accomplish forms of closer cooperation. Especially Estonia's position is deviating, since it it a Finno-Ugric, and not a Baltic nation. It could be argued that, ironically, only the whims of former colonizer Russia, which is still perceived as a potential threat, are binding the countries together. Russia has gradually applied its energy sources as an instrument for exerting influence on its former satellites. The agreement on the construction of the German-Russian gas pipeline (NEGP) across the Baltic Sea in 2005 and the Russian-Ukrainian 'Gas War' in early 2006 have not gone unnoticed in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, to say the least.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA023631
Media: Article

Title: Les pays baltes, l'OTAN et la PESD
Author: Chillaud, Matthieu
In: DEFENSE NATIONALE ET SECURITE COLLECTIVE, 63e annee, no. 8 - 9, aout - septembre 2007, p. 95-103.
Notes: La demarche strategique des Etats baltes a brillamment abouti a leur adhesion coup sur coup a l'OTAN et a l'UE. Force est de reconnaitre, neanmoins, que cette entreprise est plus le resultat d'un phenomene identitaire que d'une veritable reflexion strategique. En effet, l'OTAN, associee aux Etats-Unis qui fait contrepoids a la Russie, est percu comme l'organisation la plus apte a produire de la securite militaire. Quant a l'UE, et son bras arme la PESC, elles n'ont qu'une vocation strategique minimaliste.
Subject: NATO--BALTIM STATES
Subject: EU--ESDP--BALTIM STATES
Item ID: JA023954
Media: Article

Title: EU and NATO Enlargement : Russia's Expectations, Responses and Options for the Future
Author: Karabeshkin, Leonid A.
Additional Author: Spechler, Dina R.
Notes: For Russian policymakers no events in the post-Cold War period have had more momentous consequences or received greater public comment, both before and after they have occurred, than the almost simultaneous enlargement of NATO and the EU that took place in 2004. The most sensitive aspect of this 'dual enlargement' for the Russian Federation was the extension of these two organisations into the Baltic States, which had been part of the Soviet Union itself. Despite some uneasiness, Moscow anticipated that the extension of the EU into the former Soviet sphere, even into the former Soviet Union itself, would constitute a generally positive development, while NATO penetration of that sphere would be extremely harmful. Accordingly, Russia voiced little opposition to the EU's plans and made only limited efforts to insure that its major interests would be protected, while it actively sought to forestall the NATO project, especially with regard to the Baltics. As it turned out, however, most of Russia's expectations regarding the impact of these processes were mistaken, and Russia's interests were poorly served by its prior and subsequent responses.
Subject: EU--BALTIM STATES
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--BALTIM STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: EU--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: NATO--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA024462
Media: Article
Title: Les energies renouvelables dans les Etats baltes : des situations contrastees
Author: Streimikiene, Dalia
Notes: La promotion des energies renouvelables et l'efficacite energetique, figurent parmi les priorites de l'Union europeenne, comme en temoignent les nombreuses directives et autres textes que cette derniere a adoptes sur le sujet. Quelles en sont les consequences pour les Etats baltes qui, concernant le recours aux energies renouvelables, ne sont pas en reste ?
Subject: RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA025153
Media: Article

2006

Title: The State Border with Lithuania
Author: Obukhov, Aleksei
In: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (Minneapolis), vol. 52, no. 4, 2006, p. 136-154.
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--BOUNDARIES--LITHUANIA
Subject: LITHUANIA--BOUNDARIES--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA022876
Media: Article

Title: Russische geopolitiek en Baltische boosheid : nieuwe wending in een eindeloze psychologische oorlog
Author: Bult, Jeroen
In: INTERNATIONALE SPECTATOR, jg. 60. nr. 5, mei 2006, p. 250-253.
Notes: The author analyses the energy dimension of the Baltic-Russian relationship. Ever since Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania succeeded in restoring their independence in 1991, Russia has applied the export of oil and gas as a means to hold grip on the three recalcitrant republics. After the Baltic states finally joined NATO and the European Union in 2004, Moscow has come to realise that their integration in the West is irreversible. As a consequence, it has focused even more explicitly on energy as an instrument for exerting pressure. The panic that broke out in the Baltic states after the conclusion of the Russian-German agreement on the construction of a gas-pipeline across the Baltic Sea and the Russian-Ukrainian 'Gas War' proves that this policy is not altogether unsuccessful. Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania are indeed part of the West now, but their economic ties with their former colonizer have still not been cut through.
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: ENERGY POLICY--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA022503
Media: Article

Title: Conflict Transformation the Estonian Way : The Estonian-Russian Border Conflict, European Integration and Shifts in Discursive Representation of the 'Other'
Author: Viktorova, Jevgenia
Subject: ESTONIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--ESTONIA
Subject: ESTONIA--BOUNDARIES--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--BOUNDARIES--ESTONIA
Subject: EU--ESTONIA
Item ID: JA023601
Media: Article
Title: Latvian Foreign Policy after Enlargement: Continuity and Change
Author: Galbreath, David J.
Notes: Latvia’s transition from Soviet republic to restored nation-state has been most clearly seen in the transition to democracy and the market economy. Externally, however, the Baltic State has had to negotiate complex challenges in both the local and wider security complex. In this essay the author argues that the development and evolution of Latvian foreign policy illustrates a transition to post-existential politics and illuminates the nature of geo-politics in the Baltic sub-region in general. Initially, Latvia had to create a foreign policy agenda with limited resources such as knowledge and capacity. The 1995 Latvian foreign policy guidelines formally established the move to the ‘West’ generally as well as membership of the EU and NATO specifically. The guidelines show that the nature of insecurity in the region was by and large dictated by Russian dominance and political transition. With the accession into the EU and NATO, we can see that Latvia’s foreign policy objectives have shifted away from balancing in the subregion to integration in the larger security architecture. This includes fulfilling the niche capabilities in the North Atlantic infrastructure as well as engaging with other post-Soviet States as they move towards the ‘West’. Furthermore, Latvia’s objectives have moved beyond the subregion to include military missions in the Balkans, Afghanistan and Iraq. Overall, the author argues that a review of Latvia’s foreign policy development illustrates the evolving nature of cooperation and conflict on the threshold between East and West.
Subject: LATVIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Subject: EU--LATVIA
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--LATVIA
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA023152
Media: Article

2005

Title: Etats baltes : de la difficulte d’etre ‘petit’
Author: Bayou, Celine
In: POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE, no. 107, printemps 2005, p. 95-112.
Notes: Throughout the Cold War, the three Baltic states, unwillingly integrated into the Soviet Union in 1945, never stopped dreaming of independence. But once they had achieved this goal in 1991, they realized that the best way to safeguard their independence was in fact to sacrifice a part of it to join another Union, this time the European one. Joining the EU seemed like the only way forward, allowing these three small countries - which saw themselves as ‘forgotten by history’ - to escape from the embrace of their Russian neighbor. The path taken by Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania has proved to be the right one: to date, they are the only former Soviet republics to have joined both the EU and NATO. But are the Baltic states reassured by their success? Not really, because the new situation gives rise to new questions. Will they be able to make their voice heard in Brussels? Will they be protected against Russian intervention in their affairs? In fact, are they really accepted as full-fledged Europeans?
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--EUROPE
Subject: EUROPE--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA021547
Media: Article

Title: Baltische landen en Rusland : oud zeer en diep wantrouwen
Author: Bult, Jeroen
In: INTERNATIONALE SPECTATOR, jg. 59, nr. 12, december 2005, p. 646-649.
Notes: The author analyses the troublesome relationship between the Baltic States and Russia. Ever since the Middle Ages, Russia has tried to increase its influence in the Baltic Region. Yet, the annexation by the Soviet Union in the summer of 1940, a consequence of the sinister Molotow-Ribbentrop Pact, and the ruthless repression that followed, added a new dire dimension to the already slumbering distrust towards Russia. Since the restoration of Baltic independence in 1991, Russia’s refusal to admit the crimes that were committed by the Red Army and the NKVD/KGB in 1940-1941 and 1944-1991 respectively has cast a shadow over its relations with Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania. Developments in 2005 once again show that the chapter of the recent past still hasn’t been closed.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA022094
Media: Article
Traditionnellement complexes, les relations balto-russes ont pris un caractère plus passionnel depuis l'adhésion de l'Estonie, de la Lettonie et de la Lituanie à l'Union européenne, le 1er mai 2004, et à mesure que s'approche le 9 mai 2005, date à laquelle la Russie organise des commémorations à l'occasion du 60e anniversaire de la victoire sur l'Allemagne nazie. Si les protagonistes pensaient que l'adhésion des Baltes à l'UE et à l'OTAN apaiserait les tensions entre les premiers et la Russie, force est de reconnaître que les problèmes sont loin d'être résolus. Ils révèlent, pour la plupart, une instrumentalisation croissante de l'économie au profit d'intérêts politiques et l'europanisation très nette des différends opposant Baltes et Russes. Le débat sur les commémorations du 9 mai révèle la profonde divergence dans l'analyse de l'histoire du XXe siècle qui, la encore, oppose Etats baltes et Russie : alors que les premiers souhaitent que cette dernière, en tant qu'État successeur de l'URSS, s'excuse pour les conséquences de la Seconde Guerre mondiale et reconnaîsse l'occupation soviétique, Moscou craint d'être confronté à des demandes de compensations concernant la délimitation des frontières. En un court laps de temps, les relations balto-russes semblent avoir abandonné un peu de leur rationalité politique et économique pour laisser place aux facteurs psychologiques qui, tout en permettant la mise à plat de sujets sensibles, éloignent toutefois les protagonistes de la mise en œuvre de réelles 'relations de bon voisinage'.
Title: Russia in the Baltic Sea Region: Desecuritization or Deregionalization?
Author: Morozov, Viatcheslav
Notes: Relations between Russia and the Baltic States - the weakest link in the Baltic Rim - have significantly improved since 2000. One of the explanations for this improvement is the fact that in contemporary Russian political discourse national identity is desecuritized. The role of the Baltic states has radically changed: they are no longer considered as an embodiment of the 'false', anti-Russian Europe. However, despite the desecuritization of national identity, security as the model of structuring and governing the 'external' world still dominates political discourse. The preponderance of the war against terrorism as discursive articulation, as well as the modernist nature of President Putin's political project, leads to the marginalization of the Baltic Sea area on the political agenda. Some new departures in Russia's policy as regards the Baltic Sea area are possible, however, once Russia has gone through its election campaign, and the enlargements of NATO and the EU are complete.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA020827
Media: Article

Title: Hongrie, Lettonie, Estonie: l'Union européenne et la citoyenneté.
Author: Mentre, Gilles
Notes: La Hongrie, l'Estonie et la Lettonie sont toutes trois confrontées, à des titres divers, à la question des minorités. A cet effet, ces trois pays ont récemment modifié leurs législations sur la citoyenneté et créé des statuts de 'quasi-citoyen': pour les minorités hongroises présentes hors des frontières dans le cas de la Hongrie, et pour les minorités russes présentes a l'intérieur des frontières dans le cas de l'Estonie et de la Lettonie. Ces législations ont suscité des craintes en matière de discrimination au sein de l'Union européenne, ce qui a conduit la Commission, dès 1997 pour l'Estonie et la Lettonie et à partir de 2001 pour la Hongrie, à recommander des adaptations de ces statuts, fondées sur les critères de Copenhague, et en particulier le respect du droit des minorités. Cette intervention a eu pour effet de marginaliser les dispositifs prévus dans les trois pays. Mais ceci ne signifie pas que l'Union pourra continuer à agir dans ce domaine après leur entrée définitive en son sein, la citoyenneté relevant du domaine régalien des États membres.
Subject: MINORITIES--HUNGARY
Subject: MINORITIES--ESTONIA
Subject: MINORITIES--LATVIA
Subject: CITIZENSHIP--HUNGARY
Subject: CITIZENSHIP--ESTONIA
Subject: CITIZENSHIP--LATVIA
Item ID: JA020290
Media: Article

Title: Small States Invited to NATO - Able to Contribute?
Author: Mannik, Erik
Notes: The current study focuses on investigating the ability of small states invited in November 2002 to join NATO, to contribute to the Alliance's security, using Estonia as the case study.
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--ESTONIA
Item ID: JA020452
Media: Article
Regionality Beyond Security? The Baltic Sea Region after Enlargement

Christopher S. Browning

Joenniemi, Pertti


This article addresses the issue of the relationship between security-speak and regional cooperation in Northern Europe. In the post-Cold War period, it is argued, regional cooperation has been driven by a mixture of realist- and liberalist-based security discourses. While realism results in cooperation through othering, liberalism rather promotes cooperation through inclusion. On the whole, security has been a unifying theme, not a divisive one. European Union and NATO enlargements, however, are undermining the security bases of regional cooperation. The article asks the question of what will happen to regional cooperation if security is removed from the frame. Will regional cooperation wither away as a political project? Or will attempts at re-securitization be made to rejuvenate regional cooperation? Either way there are apparently difficulties in thinking of regional cooperation without relying on security for motivation and justification. Through a revisionist account of Nordic cooperation that challenges the idea that Norden is a security community par excellence and is rather driven by security concerns, a way out of the security-cooperation dilemma is offered.

Baltic States--Foreign Relations
Baltic States--National Security

Central Europe and the Baltic Littoral in NATO.

Andrew A. Michta


Changes instituted in the 1990s and accelerated since the beginning of the war on Iraq suggest that NATO's transformation in the years to come will involve not only enlargement and structural adjustment, but also the emergence of more prononcised informal regional groupings. This 'caucusing' within NATO may become an intermediate mechanism, operating between the levels of NATO's institutional framework and the ad-hoc coalitions of the willing. Central Europe and the Baltic provide a good illustration of how shared interests and historical experience can accelerate the caucusing process. This new regionalism is driven by shared economic and security interests; by the historical legacy that underlines German-Polish reconciliation and fosters continued concern among the Poles, Balts, and Scandinavians about residual Russian power; by the May 2004 dual NATO/EU enlargement; and, of late, by American security policy objectives in the war on terror.

NATO--Europe, Central
NATO--Baltic States

Free Trade in the 1990s: Understanding Estonian Exceptionalism.

Magnus Feldmann

DEMOKRATIZATSIYA, vol. 11, no. 4, Fall 2003, p. 517-533.

The purpose of this article is to understand the emergence and sustainability of Estonia's open economic order and, more specifically, its free trade regime. After an overview of Estonian economic reforms with a focus on foreign economic policy in the 1990s, the author turns to a political economic analysis of the factors leading to the adoption of free trade. In this context the free trade regime is also interpreted as part of a classical liberal policy package. The next section discusses the likely effects of European Union accession on Estonian trade policy, and is followed with a final section of conclusions.

FREE TRADE--ESTONIA
ESTONIA--ECONOMIC POLICY

2003
Title: Changing Media in a Changing Society.
Author: Vihalemm, Peeter
In: DEMOKRATIZATSIYA, vol. 11, no. 4, Fall 2003, p. 587-600.
Subject: MASS MEDIA--ESTONIA
Item ID: JA020104
Media: Article

Title: Challenges to Estonia's Economic Policymaking at the Eve of EU Enlargement.
Author: Freytag, Andreas
In: DEMOKRATIZATSIYA, vol. 11, no. 4, Fall 2003, p. 535-554.
Notes: The accession to the European Union will equip the country with additional funds, which can enhance structural change and trigger economic growth and convergence, if they are used properly. One option is to use EU funds to invest in the Estonian education system. The article develops this argument by first introducing the intellectual framework used to analyze economic policymaking. Second, the remarkable success of the Estonian reform project to date is briefly analyzed. Third, the requirements of the 'acquis' are introduced before the author suggests a reform of Estonian education policy.
Subject: ESTONIA--ECONOMIC POLICY
Subject: EU--ESTONIA
Item ID: JA020102
Media: Article

Title: New Europe, New Problems.
Author: Viksnins, George J.
In: NATIONAL INTEREST, no. 73, Fall 2003, p. 85-91.
Notes: Sure, the countries of 'New Europe' are friends of the United States right now - but what happens when Brussels gets a hold of them.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA019774
Media: Article

Title: Quelle securite pour la region baltique ?
Author: Nies, Susanne
Notes: Une decennie apres l'eclatement de l'URSS, l'instauration d’un nouveau type de securite dans la region baltique, qui constitue un carrefour strategique entre plusieurs mondes, semble toucher a sa fin. Dans un premier temps, de 1991 a 1994, le divorce entre les Etats ex-sovietiques s'est fait dans un climat de tensions, Moscou et les pays baltes nourrissant mutuellement nombre de suspicions. Et c'est finalement grace a la mediation occidentale qu'a ete effectue le retrait de la region des effectifs militaires russes et qu'a pu etre trouve un compromis sur l'epineux dossier de la citoyennete en Estonie et en Lettonie, qui pose le probleme du statut des populations russophones dans ces pays. Ensuite, de 1994 a 2001, les Baltes se sont trouves face a ce qu'ils ont considere comme un vide securitaire, leur candidature a l'OTAN beneficiant du seul soutien du Danemark et de l'Islande. Enfin, en 2001, c'est une toute nouvelle donne qui se fait jour pour la securite dans la region avec le rapprochement russo-occidental et la disparition, chez les Baltes, de l'identification de la Russie a une menace majeure pour eux, periode qui se conclura par l'adhesion, en mai 2004, de l'Estonie, de la Lettonie et de la Lituanie a l'OTAN et a l'UE. Par ailleurs, la question delicate de Kaliningrad, enclave russe dans la region baltique, a trouve un debut de reglement avec le renoncement par Moscou a son statut militaire et la mise en place de certaines facilites pour le passage vers la Russie via la Lituanie ou la Pologne. Toutefois, les Etats baltes, meme s'ils ont opte sans ambiguites pour un alignement sur les positions americaines, se trouvent confrontes a de nouveaux risques en matiere de securite : l'evolution des secteurs militaire et nucleaire dans l'espace post-sovietique, l'heterogeneite politique, economique et culturelle de la zone de 'fracture' que represente la region baltique et, surtout, le role joue par les 'nouveaux voisins'.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA020527
Media: Article
Title: Revisiting the Security/Identity Puzzle in Russo-Estonian Relations.
Author: Aalto, Pami
Notes: This article engages the persisting and commonplace claim that post-Soviet politics is imbued with the prevalence of very close linkages between security and identity. Such a claim is often made in analyses of Russo-Baltic relations, where especially the inter-ethnic policies of the ethnic Estonians and Latvians have been found to be a triadic conflict with the interests of their Russophone minorities and the declared policy preferences of the contemporary Russian Federation. However, this article contests such claims and argues that there are several signs of a gradual erosion of the intense security/identity linkages. First, the article outlines some overall developments in the strategic and politico-economic context that have accounted for a relative accommodation in Russo-Baltic relations. Second, the article enquires into the subjective roots of such accommodation patterns by introducing an in-depth analysis of Russo-Estonian relations that makes use of an intensive fieldwork method, Q methodology. It becomes clear that security/identity linkages, as subjectively perceived by ethnic Estonians and Estonia's Russophones, are best understood as varied: in some discourses that issue from these groups, they are very close, but relatively loose in others. Such a variation in security/identity linkages is an important condition for the gradual erosion of tensions that has been taking place in Russo-Estonian relations and in Russo-Baltic relations in general. On the whole, these findings speak to the importance of methodological plurality and case-sensitiveness in the study of the complexities of security/identity linkages.
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--ESTONIA
Subject: ESTONIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA019592
Media: Article

Title: Stabilizing Estonia: The International Dimension of State Security and Ethnic Integration Policy.
Author: Feldman, Gregory
In: DEMOKRATIZATSIYA, vol. 11, no. 4, Fall 2003, p. 555-571.
Subject: ESTONIA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Item ID: JA020103
Media: Article

Title: Funf Jahre erfolgreicher Kooperation im Ostseeraum.
Author: Brasen, Volker
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA019418
Media: Article

Title: Le Conseil des Etats de la mer Baltique.
Author: Ganzle, Stefan
Additional Author: Hubel, Helmut
Notes: Des sa creation en 1992, le Conseil des Etats de la mer Baltique (CEB) a joue un role important pour gerer les consequences de la transformation politique en zone balte. Premiers, le CEB fait preuve d'une politique hautement symbolique qui vise au maintien de la paix dans la region. Deuxiemes, le CEB developpe de plus en plus des politiques actives afin de combattre les risques de securite non-militaires parmi ses membres. Troisiemement, le CEB a pour tache de repandre les normes europeennes au-dela de sa peripherie dans le Nord-Est de l'UE.
Subject: COUNCIL OF THE BALTIC SEA STATES
Item ID: JA018850
Media: Article
The improved political, economic, and military cooperation in the Baltic Sea area, be it within the framework of NATO, EU, OSCE or on the basis of bilateral relations, brings about stability. The changed security environment, the cooperation of the armed forces, and the economic amalgamation in the Baltic Sea area will continue to lead to an increased collaboration of the defense industry in this region. An efficient and cooperation-capable defense industry which develops and produces the equipment of the armed forces for the fulfilment of the military task, be it within the scope of national and alliance defense or within the scope of international crisis management, will be necessary in the countries of the Baltic Sea area in the future as well.

Subject: WEAPONS INDUSTRY--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA019417
Media: Article

The development of a security community in the north of Europe has been made difficult by two trends that could be observed throughout the 1990s. On the analytical level, a shift of emphasis from compatible to common values has substantially altered the original conception of a security community. Applied to Europe's north, this has been accompanied by calls for adaptation by the former socialist part of the region to norms and values prescribed by the West. This may result in a weak internalization of norms and values that, in turn, may be insufficient for the development of the sense of community necessary to a security community. On the policy level, what has already been achieved in regard to a security community's core value - peaceful change - seems to have been frequently underestimated, in particular with respect to the achievements of the Russian Federation. Taken together, both trends have resulted in an underestimation of the steps already taken towards security community-building in the north of Europe.

Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA019676
Media: Article

2002

The admission of the Baltic states into NATO will be a step forward both for the alliance and for European security, but he would give much greater weight to its political dimension. One key objective of this restructuring would be to establish a closer relationship with Russia, moving beyond the NATO-Russia Council that was set up in May 2002. The way to do this is not by treating Russia as a special case, but by encouraging the Russian government to apply for NATO membership (as other countries have) and then helping Russia to carry out far-reaching political and military changes that would eventually qualify it to enter the alliance.

Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Title: Die Sicherheit der baltischen Staaten.
Author: Fohrenbach, Gerd
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA017381
Media: Article

Title: Borders and Orders in Europe: Limits of Nation- and State-Building in Estonia, Macedonia and Moldova.
Author: Berg, Eiki
Additional Author: Meurs, Wim Van
Notes: The breakdown of communist rule provided new opportunities for the restoration of statehood and for national self-determination. Estonia, Moldova and Macedonia have in common a 'minority' large enough potentially to claim a share in nation- and state-building rather than being granted minority rights. Numerous cases of ethnic strife within post-communist states and beyond their borders have demonstrated that domestic ethnicity can easily internationalize ethnic relations. In the 1990s, however, the EU has entered Rogers Brubaker's classic triangle (state-nation, minority and homeland) as a fourth variable rather than a constant. Evidently, a country's contractual relation with the EU and its location in a newly divided Europe are relevant for the effectiveness of the EU's expanding toolbox for conflict prevention. Moreover, a mode of EU enlargement strictly based on conditionality implies a separation of regions of 'insiders' and 'outsiders' where different norms and strategies apply to minority issues.
Subject: ESTONIA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: MACEDONIA (REPUBLIC)--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: MOLDOVA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA018728
Media: Article

Author: Kuus, Merje
Notes: This article investigates how the notion of security is used in Estonia both to legitimise and delegitimise international integration. It outlines the assumptions, claims and modes of analysis that underpin security narratives, specifying what are constructed as threats to Estonia and what are framed as appropriate countermeasures to these threats. The article scrutinises in particular whether this discourse is undergoing a transformation from exclusive confrontational to inclusive cooperative conceptualisations. The author argues that a shift has occurred from military definitions of security to those articulated in terms of culture and values, but that this cultural definition works not against but in tandem with the binary oppositions of inside/outside and us/them. The transition has been not from exclusive to inclusive operationalisations of security but from exclusions based on the notion of military threat to those invoking culture and values. This diffuse cultural discourse enables the selective deployment of divergent arguments to different audiences while maintaining underlying dichotomies.
Subject: ESTONIA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: ESTONIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA018306
Media: Article
Title: European Integration in Identity Narratives in Estonia: A Quest for Security.
Author: Kuus, Marje
Notes: This article situates the Estonian discourse of national identity in the country’s pursuits of EU and NATO membership. It first outlines the assumptions, concepts, and rhetorical devices through which the notion of national identity is constructed in discussions of international integration, and then highlights the policy ramifications of the identity discourse. The article concentrates on the three closely linked concepts - civilized conflict, national territorial sovereignty, and security - that together constitute a core of identity debates in Estonia. While national identity in Estonia has hitherto been examined in the context of ethnic relations between the Estonian and the non-Estonian populations, this article analyzes identity debates, including issues of ethnicity, in the context of the country’s pursuits of international integration. As identity is a central concept in Estonia’s foreign, security, citizenship, and minority rights policies, the article exposes the claims that underpin these policies. The Estonian identity discourse contains strong arguments in favor of EU membership, yet several of its fundamental premises discursively construct this membership as harmful to Estonia. Both pro- and contra-EU arguments pivot particularly on claims about geopolitical and cultural threats. On the one hand, international integration is constructed as a security measure against the Russian threat. On the other hand, insofar as supranational institutions pressure Estonia to naturalize its Russian-speaking residents, who are construed as representatives of the Russian threat, international integration is also depicted as dangerous to Estonian identity. Estonian identity narratives thereby contradict governmental rhetoric of ethnic and European integration.
Subject: EU--ESTONIA
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATIONALISM--ESTONIA
Item ID: JA017520
Media: Article

Title: Baltic Navies: Eager to Join NATO: Candidates for a Future Round of NATO Enlargement.
Author: Toremans, Guy
Notes: As a result of their independence the need arose for the three Baltic republics to re-evaluate combat skills and to prepare the armed forces military conditions in the Baltic sea, taking into account national realities. Subsequently Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania decided to apply for NATO membership. As aspirant nations the 'trio' had to meet a number of structural and doctrinal requirements to satisfy NATO obligations and prove that their membership would contribute to the security in the region. They were also put face to face with the specific requirements of adjusting their Armed Forces to Western defence structures - meaning a greater scope of responsibilities and more complex obligations and the need to constantly develop and improve their Naval Forces. After a general description of the Partnership for Peace (PfP) path of the Baltic States for preparing them for NATO membership, a closer look at the three Baltic States' Navies is taken. Finally maritime cooperation between the Baltic States' Navies is evaluated.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NAVY
Subject: NATO--PARTNERSHIP FOR PEACE
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA018075
Media: Article

Title: Lithuania: Preparing for a Role within the Alliance.
Subject: NATO--LITHUANIA
Subject: LITHUANIA--ARMED FORCES
Item ID: JA018104
Media: Article

Title: Estonia's Knight Returns.
Author: Huang, Mel
Subject: ESTONIA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Item ID: JA018626
Media: Article
Title: Conflict Prevention in Estonia: The Role of the Electoral System.
Author: Khrychikov, Sergey
Additional Author: Miall, Hugh
Notes: Estonia's success in averting a potential conflict over its Russian-speaking minority is often attributed to the intervention of the OSCE High Commissioner on National Minorities. Indeed, the Estonian case is one of the most satisfactory encounters in the period of Max van der Stoel's impressive diplomatic engagement. However, deeper, structural factors were also important over the longer term. In particular, the voting system that Estonia adopted, based on the single transferable vote system of proportional representation, turned out to be important in encouraging political moderation. This article argues that a decisive factor in ethnic accommodation was the way the political system channelled the activities of the Russian-speaking groups into Estonian parties. Other contributory factors were the weakness of ethnic identity among the Russian-speakers and international constraints on Russian foreign policy. This analysis highlights the crucial role of domestic institutions in conflict prevention.
Subject: MINORITIES--ESTONIA
Subject: ELECTIONS--ESTONIA
Subject: ESTONIA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Item ID: JA018058
Media: Article

Title: Bureaucratization or Strengthening of the Political? Estonian Institutions and Integration into the European Union.
Author: Raik, Kristi
Notes: Along with accession negotiations, integration into the European Union (EU) has become a central dimension of Estonian politics, creating new institutional practices and shaping domestic political processes. This article explores how the positions of and relations between the Estonian government, civil servants, parliament and civil society have been constructed in the course of preparations for EU membership, and discusses the findings from the viewpoint of democratic politics. With the help of different concepts of discursive power, it is highlighted that although parliament and civil society have acquired increasing power in the discourses of integration and there have been attempts to increase their involvement, power over these discourses is still predominantly exercised by civil servants and the government. This reflects the tensions built into the logic of integration that, on the one hand, is dominated by the principles of speed, efficiency, expertise and inevitability, but on the other has placed increasing emphasis on the democratic aspect. Altogether, integration tends to limit democracy to a minimal model, reinforcing some general weaknesses of democracy that are common in the post-communist countries, and intertwining these with technocratic, elite-centred tradition of the EU that is being adopted by the applicant states.
Subject: EU--ESTONIA
Subject: ESTONIA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Item ID: JA018021
Media: Article

Title: The Baltic States: Heading West.
Author: Winner, Andrew C.
Notes: In autumn 2002, NATO will ask itself whether Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania are truly independent and worthy of an invitation to join the alliance. This article reviews the military, economic, minority, border, and organized crime issues that will be considered.
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA017532
Media: Article
Title: NATO Enlargement: A Lithuanian Perspective.
Author: Valionis, Antanas
Subject: NATO--LITHUANIA
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA017084
Media: Article

Title: Estonia: A Difficult Road from Tallinn to Moscow.
Author: Elagin, Viacheslav
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--ESTONIA
Subject: ESTONIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA016787
Media: Article

Title: Estonia: Features of a New Member.
Subject: NATO--ESTONIA
Subject: ESTONIA--ARMED FORCES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA017798
Media: Article

Title: Europa kehrt nach Estland zurück: Besinnung auf gemeinsame transatlantische Werte.
Author: Ilves, Toomas Hendrik
Notes: Der estnische Außenminister ist der Auffassung, dass Estland durch seine Mitgliedschaft in EU und NATO die 'Rückkehr Europas nach Estland' institutionalisieren sollte. Die 'baltische Dimension' der NATO, die Stabilität an den Grenzen Russlands, wurden Moskau die Chance bieten, sich endlich seinen wichtigen Herausforderungen im Innern und an seinen südlichen Grenzen zu widmen.
Subject: EU--ESTONIA
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--ESTONIA
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA016875
Media: Article

Title: Estonia's Success: Prescription or Legacy?
Author: Panagiotou, R. A.
Notes: This paper focuses on Estonia's post-communist transition and attempts to determine why it has been more successful than the other two Baltic states, Lithuania and Latvia. It proposes that the central factor conditioning the outcome of the Baltic states' transition process was their different experiences during the Soviet period. Although the post-independence reform program itself played a crucial role in Estonia's successful transition, the paper concludes that the seeds for the country's achievements can actually be found in its Soviet legacy: Estonia's selection of policies, their implementation and the resulting positive outcome were all dependent on favorable conditions which had been established in Estonia during the Soviet period. Significantly, these positive conditions had not been created in the other two Baltic states.
Subject: ESTONIA--ECONOMIC POLICY
Subject: POST-COMMUNISM
Item ID: JA016616
Media: Article
Title: Latvia’s Integration into the Euro-Atlantic Structures: Why, When and How.
Author: Vike-Freiberga, Vaira
Subject: NATO--LATVIA
Item ID: JA016292
Media: Article

Title: A Defence Model for the Baltic States.
Author: Wallin, Lars
Additional Author: Andersson, Bengt
Notes: It is often argued that the Baltic states should not be accepted in NATO because they are not defensible and NATO forces would not be able to intervene in time if they were attacked. This article presents a possible Baltic defense concept which appears to be well adapted to Baltic terrain and Baltic material and manpower resources, and which should at the very least impose significant delay (weeks) and heavy losses on a massive attack. Friendly intervention could be in the form of air strikes against aggressor columns blocked on the roads.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--MILITARY POLICY
Item ID: JA016777
Media: Article

Title: Latvia in NATO: From Vision to Action.
In: NATO’S NATIONS AND PARTNERS FOR PEACE, Special Issue, 2001, Whole Issue.
Subject: NATO--LATVIA
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: LATVIA--MILITARY POLICY
Subject: LATVIA--ARMED FORCES
Item ID: JA017363
Media: Article

Title: De Europese Unie, de baltische staten en Rusland: een complexe driehoeksrelatie.
Author: Elsuwege, Peter Van
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: EU--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA018265
Media: Article

Title: International Conflict Prevention: The Case of the Baltic Region.
Author: Nicoletti, Barbara
Notes: The author reviews the conflict prevention efforts undertaken in the Baltic region in the last decade. She underlines that major external actors have been able to use a variety of instruments in quite an effective way, which could provide a model for conflict prevention activities in other areas. However, after describing the main strategic determinants of the Baltic States' situation, she points out that one key element appears to be missing: the stable and active involvement of Russia in regional cooperation efforts.
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA016933
Media: Article
Title: A Multi-Dimensional Approach to Regional Cooperation: The United States and the Northern European Initiative.

Author: Browning, Christopher S.


Notes: This article explores the origins and the development of the United States' Northern Europe Initiative (NEI). A theoretical framework is developed arguing that elements of traditional geopolitics, liberal internationalism and post-modern thinking can be identified within the NEI. These diverse approaches should not be seen as competing, but rather reflect significant versatility in US strategy in northern Europe. The close linkage between the NEI and US NATO policy is highlighted. While such a linkage is understandable, it is argued that this in fact threatens to undermine the positive gains of the NEI. The article also analyses the relationship between the NEI and the EU's Northern Dimension Initiative and concludes by considering the impact the new Republican Administration is likely to have on US policy.

Subject: NORTHERN EUROPE INITIATIVE
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA

Item ID: JA017614
Media: Article

Title: Le risque-pays en Lituanie.

Author: Tonon, Eric


Notes: La Lituanie, qui fait partie des dix pays d'Europe centrale et orientale candidats à l'Union européenne et espère y faire son entrée en 2004, n'a pas menagé ses efforts pour construire un Etat de droit et une économie de marché; aussi espère-t-elle y faire son entrée des 2004. Mais encore faudrait-il que ce pays parvienne à eradiquer les graves failles structurelles qui aujourd'hui freinent son développement. Le déficit chronique de la balance des transactions courantes, qui se traduit par un alourdissement de la dette extérieure, en est l'un des symptômes : il revele à la fois l'insuffisance de l'épargne domestique face aux besoins de financement de l'économie et la perte de compétitivité des exportations lituaniennes sur les marchés extérieurs, notamment par rapport aux résultats des pays voisins. Le retard de développement du secteur bancaire constitue un autre handicap, mais celui-ci devrait normalement être surmonté à moyen terme avec l'arrivée massive d'investisseurs étrangers. Enfin, la Lituanie n'a pas poussé assez loin la diversification de ses échanges commerciaux pour se mettre à l'abri des chocs extérieurs. Preuve en a été l'impact sur son économie de la crise financière russe de 1998 dont celle-ci commence à se relever en 2000, grace notamment à la mise en oeuvre d'un programme d'austérité soutenu par le FMI et d'autres bailleurs de fonds internationaux. Cette caution, s'ajoutant à la perspective d'élargissement de l'Union européenne, devrait logiquement convaincre les investisseurs étrangers d'aider la Lituanie à sortir de cette passe difficile.

Subject: LITHUANIA--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Item ID: JA016482
Media: Article

2000

Title: Estonie : le chemin de la démocratie.

Author: Bertrand, Geraldine


Notes: Independante depuis 10 ans, l'Estonie a su se doter d'institutions qui fonctionnent democratement, a opté pour un regime parlementaire moncameral, tout en accordant de larges prerogatives au President de la Republique. En meme temps, elle faisait le choix de la therapie de choc. Mais le systeme fonctionne plus sur la reputation des hommes que sur les partis : ces derniers, tres nombreux, ont en effet des programmes qui ne se differencient guere. Si cela assure la continuite de la politique menee, quelle que soit l'appartenance politique des gouvernants et malgre l'instabilite ministerielle, la population a le sentiment de ne pas etre entendue par ceux qu'elle elit, qu'il s'agisse de la montee des tensions sociales et des inegalites, du clivage entre urbains et ruraux, entre nationaux et Estoniens, exclus plus ou moins de la vie politique. Le discours pro-european et euro-atlantique reste par ailleurs celui des elites, les Estoniens se montrant en general peu interesses par l'integration a l'UE.

Subject: ESTONIA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Item ID: JA015195
Media: Article

**Author:** Aalto, Pami

**In:** COOPERATION AND CONFLICT, vol. 35, no. 1, March 2000, p. 65-88.

**Notes:** In this article the author explores the role of identity politics in the construction of post-Soviet geopolitics in Estonia. He argues that, in the early 1990s, 'restorationist geopolitics' was the dominant conception. It was about invoking a dichotomous differentiation of Estonian identity from Estonia's Russophone population, and a spatial differentiation from Russia in rather exclusionist terms strongly coloured by security concerns as well as justified by the principle of restoration. The author argues that this geopolitical conception has more recently given way to a more diverse range of conceptions, and that this transition is best understood in the context of shifts in identity politics. In particular, he argues that a gradual shift from a conflictual to an ambivalent modality of everyday life has enabled a marked emergence of competing modes of identity politics that relies on less dichotomous differentiations of Estonian identity from Russophones, and allows entertaining discourses that are less heavily coloured by Estonia's spatial differentiation from Russia and by the related security concerns. In advancing this argument, the author argues that examining the interplay between everyday life modalities and discourses offers new insights that have so far been mainly overlooked by International Relations constructionism.

**Subject:** MINORITIES--ESTONIA

**Subject:** GEOPOLITICS--ESTONIA

**Item ID:** JA015174

**Media:** Article

Title: US Support for Baltic Membership in NATO: What Ends, What Risks?

**Author:** Meyer, Kent R.


**Notes:** This article examines US strategy regarding NATO enlargement, assesses its strengths and weaknesses, and recommends changes to protect vital US interests in Europe while providing the Baltic Republics with a security alternative to NATO membership.

**Subject:** NATO--ENLARGEMENT--USA

**Subject:** NATO--BALTIC STATES

**Subject:** BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA

**Subject:** USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES

**Item ID:** JA015982

**Media:** Article

Title: Ethnic Relations, Elites and Democracy in the Baltic States.

**Author:** Steen, Anton

**In:** JOURNAL OF COMMUNIST STUDIES AND TRANSITION POLITICS, vol. 16, no. 4, December 2000, p. 68-87.

**Notes:** Among democratic transitions in post-communist states the three Baltic states have attracted special interest because of their Russophone populations and how this group has been integrated into the political system. Ethnic structure not only determines institutional outcomes, but it also has important consequences for cohesion among the indigenous elite and how leaders and masses perceive possibilities for conflicts between ethnic groups. Fear of others and negative orientations are in turn becoming important element for preserving exclusory forms of democracy. Curiously, elite integration and sceptical attitudes are not most prominent in Latvia, which has the largest proportion of Russophones, but in Estonia where their share is considerably lower than in Latvia. Certain structural, historical and cultural peculiarities must be adduced in order to explain the special Estonian case of ethnic accommodation.

**Subject:** BALTIC STATES--ETHNIC RELATIONS

**Item ID:** JA016273

**Media:** Article
Towards a Stable Peace in the Baltic Sea Region?


Notes: In this article, some of the possibilities and obstacles involved in attaining stable peace in the Baltic Sea region are analysed. By stable peace is understood a relationship in which military conflict resolution has become unthinkable regardless of how serious a prospective conflict may become. It is argued that stable peace does not presently exist in the region as a whole, but that instead the situation resembles what is elaborated in this article as an integrative peace built on trust, one in which elements of security competition remain in place. The article establishes an analytical framework of different peace types around the concepts of distrust, trust and confidence. This framework is subsequently employed in an analysis of developments in the Baltic Sea region after the Cold War. The analysis shows that the extensive web of cooperative schemes in place in the region shows the promise of a move towards stable peace. In addition, democratic developments in the region generally point in the same direction. One word of caution concerns the democratic developments in Russia - while generally promising, this fundamental parameter remains to be settled permanently.

Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS

Media: Article

Diplomatic Initiatives: An Overview of the Northern Europe Initiative.


Notes: The Northern Europe Initiative (NEI) is a US government effort to bring together private, government, and non-governmental sector interest in the countries bordering on the Baltic Sea, including Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway, and Sweden; and German, Polish and Russian areas that border the Baltic Sea or Baltic republics. US-inspired cross-border initiatives are already underway in the following fields: trade and investments, institution building, energy management, infrastructure enhancement, nuclear waste control, law enforcement, civil society development, and women's issues. The dialogue they have already sparked is crucial to improving regional security and stability. The American contribution to the NEI brings unique 'value added' to regional organizations and efforts.

Subject: NORTHERN EUROPE INITIATIVE
Subject: USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA

Media: Article

Securite europeenne et securite des Etats baltes: les vertus de l'ambiguite strategique.

In: POLITIQUE ETRANGERE, 65e annee, no. 1, printemps 2000, p. 33-46.

Notes: L'auteur pose ici la question de l'integration des Etats baltes dans l'architecture europeenne de securite, perspective a l'egard de laquelle Moscou a montre une franche hostilite. A l'heure ou les relations entre les pays occidentaux et la Russie tendent a se degrader apres la crise du Kosovo et face au conflit en Tchetchenie, la question des pays baltes constitue, en effet, un risque de crise potentielle. Tout en reconnaissant la legitimite des aspirations baltes, l'auteur considere que l'OTAN n'est pas la solution la plus appropriee. Plutot que d'envisager une adhesion des pays baltes a l'Alliance atlantique, il pense qu'il serait preferable de maintenir ces Etats dans une situation d' 'ambiguite strategique'.

Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY

Media: Article
Notes: Avec la fin de la guerre froide et le retour à la souveraineté nationale, le concept de sécurité s'est élargi. Cette dernière ne peut plus être assurée par des moyens strictement militaires, mais doit intégrer d'autres paramètres, face à des dangers communs comme la pollution et la criminalité ou pour mettre en place des coopérations économiques transfrontalières. C'est cette sécurité cooperative que tente de faire prévaloir la Lituanie qui fait des rapports de bon voisinage la priorité de sa politique étrangère, afin d'assurer la stabilité de la région sur les flancs Est, Ouest et Sud. Elle a la Biélorussie une approche pragmatique pour la sortie de son isolement ; il en est de même avec l'enclave russe de Kaliningrad, avec laquelle de nombreux chantiers ont été ouverts et pour laquelle elle milite dans le cadre de la Dimension nordique de l'UE. Des arrangements bilatéraux existent, comme avec la Pologne et les États-Unis, qu'elle considère nécessaires pour sa sécurité. Mais à l'égard de son Ouest, cette dernière ne peut, selon Vilnius, être assurée qu'en participant aux instances multilatérales européennes et euro-atlantiques ou aux instruments régionaux ou sub-régionaux.

Subject: LITHUANIA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: LITHUANIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA015194
Media: Article

Notes: Depuis l'indépendance des États baltes, l'énergie est devenue un enjeu majeur dans la région du pourtour oriental de la mer Baltique, facteur d'influence habilement utilisé par les protagonistes. Les cartes sont aujourd'hui clairement reparties entre les pays concernés : l'Estonie, la Lettonie, la Lituanie et la Russie sont liées par les questions énergétiques, qu’il s'agisse de pétrole, de gaz ou d'électricité. Les problèmes sont toutefois différents selon la situation de chacun : il s'agit pour les États baltes d'assurer leur approvisionnement régulier, indispensable au fonctionnement d'économies en croissance, et de gagner le marché du transit, source importante de devises et, de ce fait, objet d'une concurrence acharnée. Pour la Russie, en revanche, il s'agit de trancher la question de la voie la plus sure et la plus économique de sortie de ses hydrocarbures vers les marchés de l'Ouest.

Subject: ENERGY POLICY--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA015193
Media: Article
The external borders of the European Union (EU) are becoming increasingly difficult to delineate as it exports policies to states beyond its own membership. While the EU possesses a clearly defined membership, its borders are ‘fuzzy’. The purpose of this paper is to consider the impact of these ‘fuzzy’ borders on the EU’s neighbours - and its resulting ‘fuzzy’ politics. Two case studies are considered : the Baltic States and the Mediterranean. In each, the authors seek to assess the impact of EU relations with these two regions. Four tentative conclusions are drawn. First, the EU is indeed surrounded by regions that can be regarded as intermediate spaces between the inside and outside of the Union, and these regions have indeed become the targets of significant ‘policy-export’. Over time, the EU has developed substantial interests and significant influence in what can be called the ‘near abroad’. Second, the EU does not possess a coherent policy of dealing with this ‘near abroad’. An uneasy mix of initiatives often contradicts the stated goal of region-to-region relations. Third, EU relations with the two regions actually appear to serve rather opposing functions - simultaneously facilitating enlargement and non-enlargement. Finally, the regional impact of EU policies varies considerably as a consequence of the different geopolitical and institutional context in the two regions.

Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
Subject: EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
Subject: EU--BOUNDARIES
Item ID: JA016184
Media: Article
Notes: Depuis que la Russie a admis l'independance des 3 etats baltes, leurs relations ont souvent ete houleuses et les contentieux difficiles a regler : fixation des frontieres, montant des reparations, retrait des 100 000 militaires russes, pretention de Moscou a s'ingerer dans les affaires concernant les fortes minorites russophones, et dont elle conteste le statut au nom des droits de l'homme, problemes du transit vers l'enclave de Kaliningrad... Depuis 1995, de nouvelles tensions ont vu le jour avec la volonte balte d'entrer dans l'OTAN, ce que les Russes considerent comme une menace pour leur securite. Dans ce jeu diplomatique, il n'existe pas d'unite de la 'maison balte', la Lituanie a en effet de bien meilleurs rapports que ses 2 voisines avec la Russie; cette derniere, de son cote, divise pour regner. Une amelioration des relations pourrait venir des acteurs locaux des regions transfrontalieres.

Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES

1999

Notes: This article analyzes some of the experiences of the OSCE in Estonia, Georgia, and Tajikistan. Conflicts in these three countries followed the demise of the Soviet Union and had basic aspects in common: actual and potential border claims; the presence of a large number of national minorities whose ethnicity is shared with neighbouring kin-ethnic states; as well as conflicting claims of national self-determination and territorial integrity. By comparing and contrasting these cases, this article discusses the implications of the OSCE's approach and its limits in the context of the former Soviet Union, and offers some policy recommendations for the future OSCE's activities in this region. The central arguments are as follows: the OSCE has played a significant role in building a sustainable peace in the former Soviet Union where few European institutions have attempted to intervene; and that while being heavily influenced by Russian policies, the OSCE's activities in the CIS were not simple reflections of Russian interests.

Subject: ESTONIA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: GEORGIA (REPUBLIC)--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: TAJIKISTAN--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--OSCE

Title: La VIIIe session ministerielle du Conseil des Etats de la mer Baltique : bilan d'un an de presidence lituanienne.
Author: Bayou, Celine
In: COURRIER DES PAYS DE L'EST, no. 441, juillet 1999, p. 73-76.
Notes: Cree en mars 1992 pour promouvoir la democratie et la cooperation inter-regionale, le Conseil des Etats de la mer Baltique, qui reunit onze pays, vient de tenir sa Ville session a Palanga, les 14 et 15 juin 1999. Pour la premiere fois, des observateurs exterieurs etaient presents : France, Etats-Unis, Royaume-Uni et Ukraine. Ce fut l'occasion de dresser le bilan de la presidence lituanienne avant que le flambeau ne soit passe a la Norvege. Attentive aux interactions de plus en plus grandes entre le CEB et l'Union europeenne (notamment dans le cadre de la strategie de cooperation avec la Russie et de la Dimension nordique), elle s'est aussi preoccupée, au cours de l'annee passee, de problemes sensibles pour les populations, comme l'environnement, la securite civile, la lutte contre le crime organise ainsi qu'aux relations avec l'enclave de Kaliningrad.
Subject: COUNCIL OF THE BALTIC SEA STATES
Item ID: JA014394
Media: Article
A la frontière russo-estonienne.

**Notes:** Une des limites orientales de l'UE sera dans un futur proche celle de l'Estonie avec la Russie. Pour éviter la création de nouveaux cloisonnements, tout en assurant le contrôle de la frontière, il est indispensable de mettre en oeuvre des coopérations et des politiques régionales d'ouverture. Or à ce jour, le problème du trace de la frontière n'est toujours pas résolu, le statut de la minorité russe, concentrée au nord-est de l'Estonie, est équivoque, visas et droits de douane entravent la circulation des personnes et des biens, entre des régions russes et estoniennes par ailleurs peu développées et reliées par un faible réseau de communications. Le gouvernement de Tallinn n'a pas de stratégie régionale et il est par ailleurs plus enclin à se tourner vers l'Ouest que vers l'Est. Certains cercles russes, notamment de la région de Pskov, se soucient seulement du statut de leurs compatriotes au-delà de la Narva et en font un enjeu politique. Mais des deux cotés, des municipalités, des chambres de commerce ou des associations d'entrepreneurs commencent à prendre des initiatives communes et à établir des échanges, en exigeant aussi que des solutions pratiques soient apportées aux problèmes quotidiens des habitants de ces nouvelles régions frontalières.

**Subject:** RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--BOUNDARIES--ESTONIA

**Item ID:** JA014030

**Media:** Article

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Russia's Baltic Policy After the Meltdown.

**Notes:** In the early and mid-1990s, Russian-Baltic relations were based on mutual exploitation of disputes, while Russia's Baltic policy was aimed at halting the encroachment of NATO towards the region. From early 1997, there emerged the rudiments of a new Russian strategy of counter-engagement - a combination of hard and soft security initiatives seeking to balance Western advances in the region. Following the August 1998 system shock, a paradigm shift in Russia's Baltic policy has begun to develop. The growing role of regional political elites and subfederal economic structures may lead to a widening of policy concerns and greater cooperation with Baltic neighbours. If the centre can maintain its ability to manage the process of decentralization within an ever-weakening Federation, Russia's Baltic policy will continue to evolve in a more diverse, multi-layered and complex manner. If, however, the federal centre and the regions continue to weaken, both Russia and its Baltic policy will lose coherence.

**Subject:** BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)

**Subject:** RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES

**Item ID:** JA014307

**Media:** Article

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Evolving Lithuanian Security Options in the Context of NATO, WEU and EU Responses.

**Notes:** Lithuania's security orientation has evolved significantly since 1991. It has moved from prioritising Baltic and, then, Nordic, cooperation to focusing on partnership with Poland, and seeking NATO and European Union membership. Initially re-buffed by both, Lithuania has gradually sought to strengthen its de facto ties with NATO and WEU, and to build up its economic ties with the EU and its member states, in the belief that this provided a form of 'soft' security, and prepared the way for eventual membership of NATO and the EU.

**Subject:** LITHUANIA--NATIONAL SECURITY

**Subject:** NATO--ENLARGEMENT

**Subject:** NATO--LITHUANIA

**Subject:** WESTERN EUROPEAN UNION--ENLARGEMENT

**Subject:** WESTERN EUROPEAN UNION--LITHUANIA

**Item ID:** JA014485

**Media:** Article
Author: Zaagman, Rob
Subject: OSCE--ESTONIA
Subject: MINORITIES--ESTONIA
Subject: CONFLICT MANAGEMENT--OSCE
Item ID: JA014564
Media: Article

Title: Internationally Recognised Armed Forces.
Author: Roosimagi, Urman
In: NATO'S NATIONS AND PARTNERS FOR PEACE, Special Issue, 1999, p. 44-47.
Notes: Estonia is a small country with extensive historical experience that has taught us the country must be defended. Estonia began building its Defence Forces in 1991 and has made significant progress since. In less than ten years of existence, Estonia's military structures have evolved from an embryonic stage of development to the status of internationally recognised armed forces.
Subject: ESTONIA--ARMED FORCES
Item ID: JA014910
Media: Article

Title: Nordic Swans and Baltic Cygnets.
Author: Archer, Clive
Notes: Since 1991, Nordic assistance to the Baltic states, especially in the security field, has been considerable. The approaches of the four main Nordic states to this task are outlined and the reasons for such a high Nordic involvement examined. Structure-related conditioners have tended to provide opportunity for action, while the actor-related elements have mostly determined whether and which openings were taken up. These conditioners also explain the differences in the Nordic programmes, with interpretations of the countries' salient security environment being an important variable.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--SCANDINAVIA
Subject: SCANDINAVIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--MILITARY RELATIONS--SCANDINAVIA
Subject: SCANDINAVIA--MILITARY RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA013913
Media: Article

Title: Security and Defence Cooperation: a Step towards a Baltic Framework?
Author: Clemmesen, Michael H.
In: NATO'S NATIONS AND PARTNERS FOR PEACE, Special Issue, 1999, p. 29-34.
Notes: The three Baltic states have developed a uniquely close and comprehensive co-operation in the Security and Defence field. This has taken place within a very short span of years, and it has been accomplished in spite of heavy handicaps in nearly all fields. The combined result is that in a couple of years time the armed forces of the Baltic states will have a higher level of NATO interoperability than any other force in the Central and Eastern Europe. It will actually be higher than the typical interoperability level of the forces of 'old' NATO members. The quick development of security and defence cooperation between Estonia, Lithuania, and Latvia can be described from different perspectives. This one is built on impressions first as an outside observer, then as the in-region representative of a supporting state, and finally as a full participant.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--MILITARY POLICY
Item ID: JA014909
Media: Article
Title: Etats baltes : le dilemme de l'ancrage économique.
Author: Bayou, Celine
Notes: Tres soucieux de leur securite et de leur identite comme de la rupture avec un passe commun de domination sovietique, les trois Etats baltes cherchent a s'integrer dans des ensembles regionaux au nord et a l'ouest, leur but ultime etant l'entree dans l'OTAN et l'UE, qu'ilsconsiderent comme seuls garants de leur independance, notamment vis-a-vis de leur voisin russe, avec lequel ils comptent entretenir des relations de bon voisinage, mais sans aller au-delà. L'Estonie, la Lettonie et la Lituanie ont signé un accord de libre-echange, mais ne forment pas vraiment un ensemble economique et sont plus concurrentes que complementaires, sur un marche par ailleurs tres restreint. Avec la Russie, leurs relations sont en cours de normalisation (frontieres, passage vers Kaliningrad) et les echanges restent importants, avec pour enjeu principal l'approvisionnement en energie et le transit du petrole russe par les ports baltes. Avec les pays nordiques (Danemark, Islande, Finlande, Norvege et Suede), les rapports sont tres diversifies selon les pays et obeissent a des logiques differentes, on ne peut donc parler a cet egard d'ancrage regional. Plus riches sont les initiatives des dix Etats de la region de la mer Baltique : trois Baltes, quatre Nordiques, Allemagne, Pologne et Russie, ou vivent sur le littoral 55 millions d'habitants : Conseil des Etats de la Baltique, groupe d'interet des 'sept iles', Association des chambres de commerce, Union des villes ; un des principaux problemes est celui de la pollution de la mer, ou ont ete enfouies armes chimiques et nucleaires. Mais c'est en Union europeenne que les gouvernements baltes esperent le plus, malgre les sentiments mitiges des populations. Les echanges se sont notablement accrus, les trois pays benefitent du Programme PHARE depuis 1992, enfin les negociations pour l'adhesion de l'Estonie a l'UE ont debute en mars 1998. Par ailleurs, la recente proposition finlandaise de 'Dimension nordique', acceptee par la Commission europeenne pour accelerer la cooperation dans la region Baltique interesse au plus haut point Riga, Vilnius et Tallinn.

Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA014029
Media: Article

Title: The OSCE's Role in Conflict Prevention : The Case of Estonia.
Author: Lahelma, Timo

Subject: OSCE--ESTONIA
Subject: ESTONIA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Item ID: JA014311
Media: Article

Title: The Latvian Armed Forces Today.
Author: Graube, Raimonds
In: NATO'S NATIONS AND PARTNERS FOR PEACE, Special Issue, 1999, p. 63-68.

Notes: January 1991, the time of the barricades, can be considered as the beginning of Latvia's current (post WW II) Defence Forces. At that time, some 50 thousand people, converged on the Parliament building in Riga and stood, unarmeed, in streets blocked by tractors, construction machinery and civilian trucks, against tanks and armored personnel carriers. The Latvians were lucky, for the bloodiest attacks by the Red Army on the unarmed civilians occurred in Vilnius, the capital of Latvia's Baltic neighbour Lithuania. The determination of the Baltic peoples in these critical days accelerated the collapse of the Soviet Union. The unsuccessful Coup d'Etat in August of the same year finally secured the freedom of the Baltic countries, but it quickly became clear that had the Coup not politly fallen apart in Moscow, unarmeed resistance would not have been sufficient this time. For example, documents found in Russia have indicated that logistical arrangements had been made for 3 million arrest of 'un-reliable persons', Soviet Union wide, in the immediate aftermath of the Coup.

Subject: LATVIA--ARMED FORCES
Item ID: JA014912
Media: Article
Title: The Politics of Inclusion: The Case of the Baltic States.
Author: Wennersten, Peter
Notes: The author examines here the Baltic states' return to Europe through the prism of collective identity formation. He argues that the European Union during the 1990s has been articulating a 'politics of inclusion' vis-à-vis the Baltic states, a politics that is conductive to a strengthened independence for the latter. Inclusion in this sense is taken to mean an extension of a European political identity to incorporate the Baltic states. Emphasizing the social and discursive construction of identities - and consequently social reality - he introduces two conceptual categories, inside-inside articulations and inside-outside articulations, that may be used as points of reference when inquiring into the (re)construction of identities in world politics. By means of a discourse analysis of the foreign policy of the European Union towards the Baltic states, he provides a guide to the inscription of inside and outside as regards the European Self in contemporary European politics. He suggests that foreign policy is instrumental in writing state identities not only in relation to the state articulating the policy, but also in relation to a collective of states. He thus attempts to theorize the formation of collective political identity at a supra-state level.
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA014577
Media: Article

Title: Partnership for Peace: Maritime Erfahrungen in der Ostsee.
Author: Stockfisch, Dieter
Notes: The Baltic Sea area enjoys a remarkable renaissance of its cultural and economic heritage in form of international cooperation and thus picks up on the best times of European history (Hanse). There exists a dynamism in the economic, cultural, and military fields as well as in the protection of the environment which is exemplary in Europe. Therefore, the Baltic Sea area is, with reason, regarded as a model for a merged Europe with legitimate chances for stability and security. And Russia is also part of that.
Subject: NATO--EXERCISES
Subject: NATO--PARTNERSHIP FOR PEACE
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA013805
Media: Article

Title: Latvia's Membership: Good for Latvia, Good for NATO.
Author: Berzins, Indulis
In: NATO'S NATIONS AND PARTNERS FOR PEACE, Special Issue, 1999, p. 56-57.
Notes: Fifty years ago, in signing the North Atlantic Treaty, twelve nations committed themselves to safeguard their freedom, common heritage and civilisation, founded on the principles of democracy, individual liberties and the rule of law. That commitment shaped the Western Europe we see today - a prosperous family of stable market economies. Strategic changes in the European security environment in the last decade meant the chances was re-opened also to the countries of Eastern and Central Europe to become prosperous, secure, and democratic following the paradigms developed in the West.
Subject: NATO--LATVIA
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA014911
Media: Article

Title: The Baltics: Between Russia and the West.
Author: Kurth, James
Notes: The Baltic nations of Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia remain under the shadow of Russia ten years after the first stirrings of independence.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA014689
Media: Article
Title: Russia and NATO Expansion Eastward: Re-lining the Baltic States.
Author: Black, J. L.
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA014284
Media: Article

Title: Getting Ready for NATO: The Baltic States.
In: NATO'S NATIONS AND PARTNERS FOR PEACE, Special Issue, 1999, Whole Issue.
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA014914
Media: Article

Title: Lithuania on its way to NATO.
Author: Stankevicius, Ceslovas
In: NATO'S NATIONS AND PARTNERS FOR PEACE, Special Issue, 1999, p. 79-81.
Notes: Despite 50 years of suppression the Lithuanian nation has managed to preserve its Western identity. Since the withdrawal of Soviet troops from its soil in 1993, Lithuania has rejected the so-called East-West bridge or any buffer state model for its future. Lithuania resolutely chose irreversible reunification with the Euro-Atlantic community of democratic nations. This integration means Lithuania's return to its rightful place in the community of Western countries, which adhere to the shared values of freedom and democracy. It also reflects Lithuania's desire to belong to a community, which is determined and able to ensure security, stability and prosperity. In late 1993, all political parties represented in the Lithuanian Parliament arrived at a consensus on Lithuania's NATO membership. In 1994 Lithuania officially applied for the membership in the Alliance. Since 1996, NATO membership objectives have been introduced in Lithuania's laws as the only security arrangement capable of guaranteeing its security.
Subject: NATO--LITHUANIA
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA014913
Media: Article

1998

Title: Zwischen Bangen und Hoffen: zur Sicherheit der Baltischen Staaten.
Author: Genschel, Dietrich
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA013418
Media: Article

Title: Russia and the Baltics in the Age of NATO Enlargement.
Author: Blank, Stephen J.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA013215
Media: Article
Title: The Baltic States: Their Security and Defense.
Author: Trapans, Jan Arveds
Notes: The article analyses Baltic defence posture and risk situation. The geostrategic situation of the Baltic states suggests Russia is the main threat. However, assessing the situation realistically, Russia could probably project only limited military operations in the Baltic region in an opportune international situation. The Baltic states would counter a threat by a defensive posture similar to that of Finland. This demands close Baltic defence collaboration and a "Baltic interoperability". The author also argues Baltic defence establishments should not focus their attention solely upon an external military threat, because new security risks in the former Warsaw Pact area can constitute more immediate crisis situations.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--MILITARY POLICY
Item ID: JA013712
Media: Article

Title: Bear Hug for the Baltic.
Author: Baev, Pavel K.
Notes: The stream of cooperative and disarmament initiatives launched by President Boris Yeltsin in Stockholm towards the end of last year was more than one of this habitual public relations exercises. It was an attempted departure from Russia's previous political course in the Baltic region. For at least five years Moscow has been so defensive and inflexible that most analysts had given up hope of positive development.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA012644
Media: Article

Title: A Once-Sold Land Wishes to be Secure.
Author: Landsbergis, Vytautas
Notes: After years of being part of the Soviet sphere of influence, the Lithuanians are now looking to the West and NATO for security. Now able to determine its own security arrangements, Lithuania is knocking on NATO's door which is opening slowly, and with reluctance. Vytautas Landsbergis here makes the case for Lithuania's inclusion into the Western security framework. He cites the hardships which his people have had to endure, particularly during and following the Second World War. The Lithuanian people recently marked the 50th anniversary of the great deportation of Lithuanians carried out by the Soviets. In this they are both remembering a tragedy and celebrating their freedom of choice. He stresses that Russia should not see their seeking membership of NATO as a threat and urges Russia to continue building good relations between Lithuania and Russia as during the early 1990s when treaties were signed enabling Lithuania to make the security choices it is now exercising.
Subject: LITHUANIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--LITHUANIA
Item ID: JA013229
Media: Article

Title: Ostsee-Kooperation: eine Erfolgsgeschichte.
Author: Walter, Gerd
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA012783
Media: Article
Title: Nordic Involvement and the Baltic States Security: Needs, Response and Success.
Author: Archer, Clive
Notes: Since regaining their independence in 1991, the three Baltic states of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania have sought to bolster their security by applying for NATO membership. This article examines their security context and the security challenges they face. It shows the attempts by the Nordic states to address these problems by offering assistance to the three countries, by supporting them in international institutions and by introducing them to new concepts of security. Thus the Nordic states have tried to ease confrontation in the Baltic, and have created a Nordic project of some importance.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA013710
Media: Article

Title: Nicht gegen Russland: Sicherheit und Zusammenarbeit im Ostsee-Raum.
Author: Ischinger, Wolfgang
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA012782
Media: Article

Title: Are the Baltics Defensible?: On the Utility of and Prospects for a Capability for Self-Defence.
Author: Dalsjo, Robert
Notes: The Baltic Sea region may seem insignificant, but it encapsulates elements with major ramifications, both positive and negative, for Europe as a whole and for the relationship between Russia and the West. The author here argues that on the one hand, there are optimistic scenarios which include an 'Ambergate' or 'New Hansa', teeming with trade and growth, while serving as a model of peaceful interaction. On the other hand, however, Russian opposition to Baltic aspirations for membership in NATO, and rumbling over Estonian and Latvian policies, accompanied by threats, indicate that the region still contains the seeds of serious conflict.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--MILITARY POLICY
Item ID: JA013230
Media: Article

Title: The Baltic Sea Region: a Grey Zone in the New Europe?
Author: Herolf, Gunilla
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA014930
Media: Article
Title: The Security of Estonia.
Author: Meri, Lennart
Notes: The author here outlines three key issues for his country: the role of NATO and Estonia's hopes of NATO membership; European security; and the relationship with Russia. He stresses that the inclusion of the Baltic States in the Alliance would not in any way weaken it, nor should it threaten Russia. Indeed, he sees the EU and WEU as providing an important security role and believes that this dimension should be expanded so that Europe has the capability to manage its own security concerns. Highlighting the imperative of bringing Russia into European security architecture, the author underlines his hopes for the continuing improvement of Estonian-Russian relations. He concludes by looking at the recent US-Baltic Charter which, regardless of the outcome of future alliance enlargements, sets out the importance of the Baltic security issue.
Subject: ESTONIA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: NATO--ESTONIA
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA012803
Media: Article

Title: Stabilite et securite en zone Baltique : le role de la Suede.
Author: Mousson-Lestang, Jean-Pierre
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--SWEDEN
Subject: SWEDEN--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA012708
Media: Article

Title: Russlands Politik gegenuber den baltischen Staaten : eine russische Ansicht.
Author: Leshoukov, Igor
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA013429
Media: Article

1997

Title: Latvia Between Madrid and Luxembourg and Beyond.
Author: Birkavs, Valdis
Subject: EU--LATVIA
Item ID: JA012418
Media: Article
Title: The Lithuanian Army: A Tool for Rejoining Europe.
Author: Zaccor, A. M.
Notes: This article examines the mission, organization and activities of the Lithuanian Army. First it examines the strategic environment in which Lithuania finds itself. Then it examines the overall structure of this country's army and the key activities it has undertaken. It shows how dramatically the Lithuanian leadership has stressed the role of the armed forces as a tool of integration, and especially how it has de-emphasized a traditional defensive role for its armed forces. Hopefully this article provides the western reader with a greater understanding of how this country's small armed forces may contribute to western European and north Atlantic security.
Subject: LITHUANIA--ARMED FORCES
Item ID: JA012093
Media: Article

Title: Sicherheit fur die baltischen Republiken: Sicherheitspolitische Aspekte gegenuber Estland, Lettland, Litauen.
Author: Harjulehto, Mikko
Notes: The 'advocate of the Balts' - the Federal Republic of Germany - is an important protagonist in the political processes of the Baltic Sea area. In their quest for security, the Baltic republics seek the support of the West. However, there is presently no easy military solution in sight which could fulfil the Baltic need for security. Here, stability based on security policy in the Baltic Sea area is a central though short-term goal. Stability based on security policy is the fundamental prerequisite for a long-term objective: the integration of the Baltic republics into the Western cooperation structures.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA011539
Media: Article

Title: The Kaliningrad Scenario: Expanding NATO to the Baltics.
Author: Coleman, Fred
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA012307
Media: Article

Title: Pays baltes: le droit a l'Europe.
Author: Kachia, Janri
Notes: The debate surrounding the enlargement of the European Union and NATO creates a paradox for the Baltic states. More than Russian opposition, it is the hesitation and procrastination of the Europeans and the Americans that is behind their exclusion. By once again ignoring the request to join Europe made by these nations, and subjecting their inclusion to ambiguous, bureaucratic criteria - Europe is rejecting countries that helped defeat totalitarianism and have earned their place in Europe. Moreover, the West is sending Russia a message of fear and defiance that, far from bringing Moscow into the European fold, works against Europe's stated aims.
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--EUROPE
Subject: EUROPE--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA011867
Media: Article
Title: Co-operation in the Baltic Sea Region: Experience and Aspirations.
Author: Birkavs, Valdis
Subject: COUNCIL OF THE BALTIC SEA STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA012057
Media: Article

Title: The Baltic States in Europe: Problems and Prospects.
Author: Lucas, Hans-Dieter
Notes: Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia have a special position in the community of states which have emerged from the ruins of the Soviet empire: together with countries such as Poland, the Czech Republic, Hungary and Slovenia they have belonged from time immemorial to Central Europe, but, unlike these countries, they were directly annexed by the USSR and, consequently, now suffer from its burdensome political, social and institutional legacy. This fact is compounded by an extremely vulnerable situation in the field of external security. The aggregation of factors explain why the Baltic States have a strong desire to belong to not only the European Union (EU) but also to NATO. Western countries, however, believe that they have to show special consideration for Russia with respect to any integration into the Atlantic alliance by ruling out NATO membership for certain former constituent regions of the Soviet Union.
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: EU--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA011928
Media: Article

Title: Estland op zoek naar veiligheid.
Author: Vertongen, N.
Subject: ESTONIA--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--ESTONIA
Subject: ESTONIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA012276
Media: Article

Title: A Helping of Alphabet Soup.
Author: Herd, Graeme P.
Notes: The Madrid summit this month will forge a new strategic relationship between NATO and former Warsaw Pact countries in Central and Eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union. It is almost certain that the Baltic states will not be part of this first round of NATO enlargement. It is frequently argued that these states are difficult to defend credibly, and with large Russian minorities and outstanding border demarcation disputes with Moscow, far too sensitive an area to be easily integrated into the NATO military command. So what alternatives are on offer?
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA011999
Media: Article
Title: Pays baltes : le droit à l'Europe.
Author: Kachia, Janri
Notes: The debate surrounding the enlargement of the European Union and NATO creates a paradox for the Baltic states. More than Russian opposition, it is the hesitation and procrastination of the Europeans and the Americans that is behind their exclusion. By once again ignoring the request to join Europe made by these nations, and subjecting their inclusion to ambiguous, bureaucratic criteria - Europe is rejecting countries that helped defeat totalitarianism and have earned their place in Europe. Moreover, the West is sending Russia a message of fear and defiance that, far from bringing Moscow into the European fold, works against Europe's stated aims.
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--EUROPE
Subject: EUROPE--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA020572
Media: Article

Title: Russische Minderheiten in den baltischen Staaten : das Engagement der OSZE.
Author: Maeder-Metcalf, Beate
Notes: Ein mögliches Konfliktpotential vor allem in Lettland und Estland sind die Minderheiten russischer Herkunft. Die OSZE hat in Riga und Tallinn Langzeitmissionen eingerichtet, die eine stabilisierende regionalpolitische Funktion haben und Kontrollmöglichkeiten schaffen. Inzwischen sind Fortschritte bei der Integration von Minderheiten in beiden Ländern zu beobachten.
Subject: MINORITIES--BALTIC STATES
Subject: OSCE
Item ID: JA012320
Media: Article

1996

Title: Identity and Democracy in the Baltics.
Author: Gray, Victor
Notes: The purpose of this essay is to consider the probable impact of issues related to ethnic and cultural identity on democratization in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania. Particular attention is given to the demographic make-up of the Baltic states, which are home to a high percentage of Slavs (mostly Russians but also Belarusians, Poles and Ukrainians) and to those factors which affect how these Slavs and the majority Balts: (1) identify themselves; and (2) identify with the new states in which they find themselves. The key question is the degree to which civic democracy can prosper in a newly emerging multi-ethnic state. The answer is important not only for the Baltic states but also for the other new multinational states that have emerged from the former Soviet Union and Central and Eastern Europe in the past few years.
Subject: DEMOCRACY--BALTIC STATES
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Item ID: JA010911
Media: Article

Title: Sicherheit in den baltischen Staaten.
Author: Hogrebe, Volker
In: EUROPÄISCHE SICHERHEIT, 45. Jg., Nr. 4, April 1996, S. 43-44.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA010849
Media: Article
Title: NATO Enlargement and the Baltic States.
Author: Asmus, Ronald D.
Additional Author: Nurick, Robert C.
Notes: If all goes as planned, NATO will soon announce the first Eastern European candidate countries for new membership. It is highly unlikely that any of the three Baltic states will be on that list. Under these circumstances, the West needs a credible strategy for supporting Baltic security, stability and independence. Such a strategy should be based on six pillars: encouraging continued economic and political reform in the Baltic states themselves; enhancing Baltic defence cooperation; an expanded Nordic role; early accession of at least one Baltic state into the European Union; an ‘open door’ strategy on NATO membership; and new initiatives to manage relations with Russia.
Subject: NATO—BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO—ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA010917
Media: Article

Title: Die strategische Lage der baltischen Staaten.
Author: Skujins, Maris
Subject: BALTIC STATES—NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA011308
Media: Article

Title: Estonian Defence Policy, NATO and the European Union.
Author: Oovel, Andrus
Notes: The Estonian Defence Minister explains that a leading principle in the foreign and economic policies of his country has been a continuous and well founded affiliation with European structures, especially the EU. NATO is seen as the most efficient international means of providing for security and defending the principles of democracy. NATO’s enlargement should be considered as a natural evolution which will lead to the creation of a stable network of states along the Western border of Russia. Concerned about its own security, Estonia finds it extremely important to participate, as do other Western states, in specific missions aimed at producing security.
Subject: NATO—ESTONIA
Subject: ESTONIA—NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA010794
Media: Article

Title: Baltic Iceberg Dead Ahead : NATO Beware.
Author: Lieven, Anatol
Notes: As NATO moves towards a decision to admit new members, due next year, the question of the security of the Baltic states is becoming not just important, but absolutely central to Western strategies and the West’s relations with Russia. All of this should have been discussed three years ago, before it was decided to expand. Now it is said to be too late to stop the clock; and disturbingly, the main Western governments still seem to have no clear idea how to address the issue. Instead, the Balts are being treated to a game of pass-the-parcel between different Western institutions, all of them afraid that membership may be too hot to handle.
Subject: NATO—BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO—ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA010992
Media: Article
Notes: The Baltic States cannot hope to create large, modern armed forces. As these countries are relatively small and have limited capabilities, their defence requires mobilization of all possible resources. A system of 'total defence' would appear to be the most suitable approach, but extensive public debate must be held on the question and decisions taken in the respective parliaments. The Baltic States must orient their defence towards integration into a larger collective system of defence. This may be achieved by broadening inter-Baltic military contacts and by not precluding the formation of a unified Baltic military force.

Subject: Baltic States--Armed Forces
Subject: Baltic States--Military Policy
Item ID: JA010873
Media: Article

Title: Pays Baltes : un grand besoin de securite.
Author: Castel, Viviane du
Subject: Baltic States--National Security
Subject: Baltic States--Foreign Relations
Item ID: JA011374
Media: Article

1995

Title: Prospects For Cooperation in the Baltic Sea Region.
Author: Lucas, Hans-Dieter
Subject: Baltic States--Economic Policy
Subject: Baltic States--National Security
Item ID: JA010093
Media: Article

Title: Estonia after the March 1995 Riigikogu Election : Still an Anti-Party System.
Author: Arter, David
Notes: Survey data and the provisional results of the 1995 general election suggest that Estonia continues to display several features of the model of an anti-party system and that, in seeking to institutionalize themselves, parties face three main challenges: depersonalization and the generation of an identity distinct from the founding notable(s); organization and the development of voluntary membership structures; and stabilization and the creation of a stable and cohesive base of social support.
Subject: Political Parties--Estonia
Item ID: JA010552
Media: Article
Title: The Armed Forces of the Baltic States: Current Status and Problems of Development.
Author: Skrastins, I.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ARMED FORCES
Item ID: JA010104
Media: Article

Title: As Go the Baltics, So Goes Europe.
Author: Liulevicius, Vejas Gabriel
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA010249
Media: Article

Title: Problems in the Baltic Armed Forces.
Author: Zaccor, Albert M.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ARMED FORCES
Item ID: JA010105
Media: Article

Title: European Security in Transition: 'NATO Going East', the 'German Factor' and Security in Northern Europe and the Baltic Sea Region.
Author: Krohn, Axel
Notes: The purpose of this article is to offer some structured assessments of the politics of the 'old' security actor, NATO, and the importance of transatlantic ties, as well as the politics of the 'new' central power, Germany. This article offers several options on possible future security developments for Europe and discusses present politics pursued by NATO and Germany with regard to their potential impact on Northern Europe and the Baltic Sea region.
Subject: EUROPE--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: EUROPE--NATIONAL SECURITY--BALTIC STATES
Subject: NATO--ENLARGEMENT
Item ID: JA010933
Media: Article

Author: Kirch, Marika
Additional Author: Kirch, Aksel
Notes: This article analyses ethnic relations between Estonians and Russians, and shifts in ethnic and national identity factors relevant to the process of post-socialist transition in this newly independent state.
Subject: ESTONIA--ETHNIC RELATIONS
Item ID: JA010613
Media: Article

Title: La transition economique dans les Etats baltes, une marche a trois temps vers l'Occident.
Author: Leonzi, Christophe
In: COURRIER DES PAYS DE L'EST, no. 403, octobre 1995, p. 3-16.
Notes: Apres une analyse de l'héritage soviétique, l'auteur fait un bilan de la situation économique propre à chaque pays et des résultats des trois modèles de transition : troisième voie nordique, nationalisme économique, libéralisme hanseatique, reflétant les difficultes de repenser les liens entre économie et politique.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--ECONOMIC POLICY
Item ID: JA010635
Media: Article
1994

Title: Lithuania's New Army.
Author: Zaccor, Albert M.
Subject: LITHUANIA--ARMED FORCES
Item ID: JA009389
Media: Article

Title: The Baltic Litmus Test.
Author: Bildt, Carl
In: FOREIGN AFFAIRS, vol. 73, no. 5, September - October 1994, p. 72-85.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA009743
Media: Article

Title: The Baltic Countries and the Northwest of Russia: A European Challenge.
Author: Nyberg, Rene
Subject: EU--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA009910
Media: Article

Title: Baltische Republiken zwischen alten und neuen Beziehungen.
Author: Miszczak, Krzysztof
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA009479
Media: Article

1993

Title: Minderheitenpolitik im Baltikum.
Author: Staden, Berndt von
Subject: MINORITIES--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA008789
Media: Article

Title: Pays baltes : cap sur l'Europe.
Author: Kachi, Janri
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--EUROPE
Subject: EUROPE--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Item ID: JA008957
Media: Article
Title: Securite et droits de l'homme dans la Baltique.
Author: Yakemtchouk, Romain
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
Subject: RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA008212
Media: Article

Title: Baltic Security : Domestic Factors.
Author: Knudsen, Olav F.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA009028
Media: Article

Title: The Foreign Policies of the Baltic States : Interwar Years and Restoration.
Author: Knudsen, Olav F.
Notes: The article surveys and analyzes the foreign policies and relevant domestic political conditions of the Baltic states since 1918, emphasizing the period after 11 March 1990.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--FOREIGN RELATIONS
Item ID: JA008205
Media: Article

Title: The Baltic Sea in the Post-Cold War World.
Author: Jensen, Kurt B.
In: NAVAL WAR COLLEGE REVIEW, vol. 46, no. 4, Sequence 344, Autumn 1993, p. 29-41.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--STRATEGIC ASPECTS
Item ID: JA008669
Media: Article

1992

Title: Les Etats Baltes : entre nord, centre et est.
Author: Romer, Jean-Christophe
In: STRATEGIQUE, no. 55, 3e trimestre 1992, p. 97-114.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--MILITARY POLICY
Item ID: JA008074
Media: Article

Title: Nordic Nostalgia : Northern Europe after the Cold War.
Author: Waever, Ole
Subject: BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA005709
Media: Article
Title: Dealing with the Minorities : A Baltic Perspective.
Author: Uibopuu, Henn-Juri
Subject: MINORITIES--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA005944
Media: Article

Title: Security Policy in the Post-Soviet Baltic States.
Author: Petersen, Phillip
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Subject: BALTIC STATES--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
Item ID: JA007649
Media: Article

Title: Russians as a Minority in Contemporary Baltic States.
Author: Kirch, Aksel
Subject: MINORITIES--BALTIC STATES
Item ID: JA005981
Media: Article

Title: The Independent Baltic States : Maritime Security Implications.
Author: Canfield, Jeffrey L.
Notes: This paper addresses trends arising from the political independence of the three Baltic states that may have implications for maritime security dimensions of the Baltic region. It identifies both newly emergent issues and those with roots in history. Specifically highlighted are bellwether topics: regional security, salient commercial developments, issues of maritime borders and the unfolding drive to integrate these states within regional structures. These issues were selected to illustrate the diverse and pervasive effects of the Baltic independence process.
Subject: BALTIC STATES--NATIONAL SECURITY
Item ID: JA007856
Media: Article

1991

Title: Roads to Baltic Independence.
Author: Geron, Leonard
Subject: BALTIC STATES--HISTORY--AUTONOMY AND INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS
Item ID: JA004478
Media: Article
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